

AMERICAN RED CROSS MISSION FIRED UPON

LONDON, May 7.—In an eventful flight from Jassy, the Rumanian capital, the American Red Cross mission to Rumania, which now has arrived in London, escaped from Odessa 36 hours before the Germans entered it, only to be fired upon by a German battery in the Ukraine, 200 miles north of Odessa. The German shells did no damage to the Red Cross train, falling about a half mile from it during a five-minute bombardment.

Most of the passengers on the train were officers and privates of the French military mission to Rumania. The members of the Red Cross mission left on the third of six trains which carried the allied missions from Jassy. The first train left at noon on March 9 and the other trains followed at intervals of two or three hours.

Food for a Month

Each train was provided with food for a month. There was no dining car and the food was cooked in two military food kitchens abandoned by Russian troops and carried on a freight car on the end of the train. Three other freight cars loaded with rails, ties and railway iron also were carried, so that the roadbed could be repaired quickly in case of accident or if the Germans had torn up the line.

American doctors and officers had a third class sleeping car. They also had a second class sleeper. Both cars were of ancient Russian vintage and without water supply or heating facilities.

Privates were compelled to get along with ordinary freight cars of nondescript types.

The engine dated back to 1876 and only burned wood, which was picked up by the engine. The engineer was an elderly Russian of Bolshevik opinion and had to be fed with rubles and cornmeal as frequently as the engine required wood. He carried his family along with him in a box car next to the engine and whenever meals or other domestic affairs required his attention, he stopped the train and went "home" to his box car.

Engine on Strike

Just outside Odessa he became disaffected with the flow of rubles and cornmeal and went on strike. The French officers tried to reason with him, but he was obstinate and departed with the engine and the box car, leaving the remainder of the train standing on the main line. He had chosen rather a critical time, for reports were current that the Germans were likely to reach the railway at any moment. After some delay the French succeeded in finding another engine and engine, and the train proceeded.

As a matter of fact German battalions entered Odessa only 36 hours after the Americans passed through the city, and it is probable that some of their ad-

SPUDS ON LAWN WHERE FLOWERS USED TO BE

It isn't going to be the fashion to have elaborately decorated lawns and hedges this summer if the appended letter from the U. S. Public Service reserve received by Otto Hockmeyer today is to be taken as a criterion.

Every available bit of ground is to be used to produce food this year and it is not at all unlikely that instead of sitting on the front porch on a warm evening and looking at the svelte expanse of green lawn, the family will now gaze upon the less ornate but more substantial patches of cabbage, peas, etc. The letter received today follows:

May 7, 1918.

To the Enrolment Agents of Massachusetts:

As I have written several times the most important thing in winning the war in our horizon at this time, is

DO YOUR BIT!

Buy Books For Our Boys!

BIG SALE OF BOOKS

Six for \$1

ALL THIS WEEK

—At The—

MARY E. MARLEY

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NEW GERMAN DRUG TO PREVENT HUNGER

AMSTERDAM, May 7.—"To hear hunger without at the same time suffering from headache or other indisposition is very difficult for most people," reads the opening sentence of a significant advertisement inserted in Sunday's Reichliche Rundschau of Berlin by a chemical firm, praising a newly invented drug which, "though not forming a substitute for the minimum daily sustenance, is an excellent preparation for still premature hunger and enables one to hold out until the next mealtime."

Chalifoux's CORNERS

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

(From a statement by a member of the Food Administration.)

"Twice in critical periods of the war so far, food has been the dominant factor. Do you realize that? Russia's collapse came about through hunger. Italy's disaster in October was born of hunger. Do you realize that? Empty stomachs weakened the armies that were not fighting. The German army, to be sure, suffered, cunningly spread by the Germans, broke down the spirit of whole divisions. An army to be stout-hearted in the game of football, team-must have plenty of beef, wheat, and pork. Twice the line of defense between us and Germany's onslaught, has been broken. IT MUST NOT WEAKEN AGAIN FOR LACK OF FOOD."

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Airplane Production Program Under Fire From All Sides

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Attorney General Gregory started today to outline plans for the aircraft investigation ordered by President Wilson. He called into conference G. C. Carroll, his assistant and Solicitor General Davis and the three went over the situation. The attorney general made it clear that under the president's instructions he would go to the bottom of charges against those connected with the production program, and would welcome assistance from any persons who believed they had information on the subject.

Meanwhile the house military committee subjected war department officials to a close examination at a conference in which the administration's request for a \$1,000,000,000 aircraft appropriation was taken up. Secretary Baker, J. D. Ryan, in charge of production; Major General March, acting chief of staff; Major General Squier,

TODAY'S CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The casualty list today contained 41 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, four: died of wounds, two; died of disease, five; died of other causes, one; wounded severely, 15; wounded slightly, 13; missing in action, one.

Lieut. Edmund J. La Porte, Plainfield, N. J., was the only officer named. He died of disease.

The list follows:

Killed in Action

Corp. Herman Bjornhang, Tofe, Minn.; Privates Oscar C. Griffith, Gadsden, Ala.; Marcus Jones, Minneapolis, Minn.; Julius F. Muller, Missouri Valley, Ia.

Died of Disease

Lieut. Edmund J. La Porte, Plainfield, N. J.; Corp. James P. Whalen, Jr., Hartford, Conn.; Privates Claude Henderson, Hanna, Okla.; Andy Martin Lang, Racine, Wis.; John Peet, Hollygrove, La.

Died of Wounds

Privates Willis Boothe, Hanson, Okla.; Giovanni Cavallari, Torrington, Conn.

Died of Other Causes

Private Malcolm Coliani, Naborton, La.

Wounded Severely

Sergt. Clarence A. Baugher, Elkton, Va.; Corp. Orlando L. Graham, Avon, Mass.; Cook James P. Cutter, Brook-

REVOLT IN AUSTRIA NEAR

BERNE, Switzerland, May 7.—Labor and socialist organizations in Austria threaten revolt against the government action in suspending parliament. Swiss newspapers print a telegram from Vienna quoting the Social Demokratische Korrespondenz to the effect that a committee of the socialist party and a committee of the German Socialist Deputies' club have decided to issue a manifesto to the working class in regard to the government action in which the following declaration will be made:

"If a biolulism is re-established out of regard for Pan-Germanism which is prolonging the war, the working classes will be forced to fight for their rights."

ACTIVE ARTILLERY FIRE

Germany's hordes are still held in check. Neither in Flanders nor in Picardy nor along the important Arras sector has the enemy renewed his attacks in force, and he has not reacted against the gain made north of the Somme by the Australians in which more than 200 prisoners were captured.

Intense Artillery Fire

On both battle fronts, however, the artillery fire has been most intense and the Germans' attack cannot much longer be delayed if they hope to take advantage of whatever damage has been done to the allied positions by heavy bombardments since the repulse north of Mont Kemmel more than a week ago. The greatest German artillery activity has been on the northern half of the Flanders front and south of the Somme to below the Avere in Picardy.

Gas Attacks on Americans

American troops in their positions south of the Somme have been subjected to intense artillery fire, the enemy using more than 15,000 shells, mostly gas, in a short period. There have been no signs of a German infantry attack, and the Americans confidently await the first signs of re-awakened activity.

Canadian Line Extended

A large part of the southern end of the important Arras sector has been taken over by the front recently taken over by the Canadians and captured a few prisoners and three machine guns, with slight casualties to our troops. A raid attempted by the enemy near Boyelles was repulsed. There is nothing further to report."

French War Report

PARIS, May 7.—Active artillery fighting occurred last night on both sides of the Avere, on the front south-east of Amiens, the war office announces.

The statement follows:

"The artillery on both sides was active north and south of the Avere. A German raid against a small French post near Hengard was repulsed. In the same region we carried out a local operation and brought back prisoners."

"There is nothing to report elsewhere on the front."

FAVORABLE REPORT ON OVERMAN BILL

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The Overman bill granting broad powers to the president to reorganize and co-ordinate government departments, was ordered favorably reported to the house today by the judiciary committee, by a vote of 15 to 1.

An amendment by Representative Walsh, republican, of Massachusetts, to exempt the interstate commerce commission and the federal reserve board, was defeated, 12 to 6. Another proposal to change the language of some sections was defeated without a record vote.

Chairman Webb announced that efforts would be made to bring the bill to an early vote.

BRITISH WAR REPORT

LONDON, May 7.—The British made

FAIL TO ELECT LICENSE BOARD MEMBER

Although sixteen ballots were taken at this morning's meeting of the municipal council for the election of a license commissioner to succeed Thomas P. Boulger, whose term will expire on the first Monday in June, there was no choice made. The result of the voting was the same as at the last meeting, that is Joseph H. McGrath received two votes and Thomas P. Boulger, John J. Mullane and Edward Fisher, one vote each.

In the course of the meeting there was a battle of words between Commissioners Brown and Morse over a proposed loan of \$5000 for the building of sidewalks. An ordinance calling for the roofing of buildings with fireproof materials was adopted, the ordinance to go into effect in 1923. Other routine business was transacted.

The Lowell Electric Light Corp. was given a hearing on its petition for permission to erect three poles on Suffolk street. There were no remonstrances and the petition was referred to the city engineer.

Leland E. Andrews filed a claim for personal injuries as a result of an accident at the Morey school. The matter was referred. Mary Carney filed a similar claim and again the matter was referred. Fred Elbridge was appointed a weigher of hay, etc. for the Massachusetts Cotton mills.

Max L. Katze petitioned for edgelines in Highland ave. Royal P. White et al petitioned that the entrance to Favor street be graded. The petitions were referred. J. K. Spiegel asked for a license as an itinerant vender. The license was granted on condition that the applicant pay \$10.

A communication was received from the public service commission in relation to a hearing to be held in Boston and it was referred to the city solicitor.

U.S. SHIP SUNK BRITISH VICTORY

NEW YORK, May 7.—The American steamship Tylor, formerly an Old Dominion freighter, has been torpedoed and sunk, off the French coast on May 3, according to information received in marine circles here today. Eleven members of the crew were killed or drowned. The Tylor, 3225 tons gross, was built in 1913. Six of the 11 who perished were members of the merchant crew and five navy gunners. The members of the merchant crew killed were: Eugene A. Pasloski, third assistant engineer, Washoe Creek, Va.; Clarence E. Knowlton, oiler, Norfolk, Va.; F. Kasmato, messman, no address; Jose Rodriguez, fireman; Gregorio Carro, coal passer; Fernando Lasse, fireman, the last three from Coruna, Spain.

The Tylor was last reported as leaving Portland, Me., March 6, for Genoa. She carried a cargo of grain shipped through the Italian ministry of shipping. The vessel was one of the American ships commandeered by the United States shipping board last October, and since then had been engaged in the Italian trade.

IN POLICE COURT

Donat Geoffroy was found guilty in police court this morning, of playing a game on the Lord's day and a fine of \$25 was imposed.

Ulysses Mazue and Loddvick Notul were charged with assault and battery. The former's case was placed on file upon the payment of costs of the court and Notul was discharged.

Hibbard De Bell was found guilty of neglecting to provide for his minor children and was given a suspended sentence of three months in the house of correction. Charles H. Abbott, charged with a similar offense, was given a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction.

Edward Laroux and Peter Scott were charged with drunkenness. The former was fined \$10 and the latter given a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction. Five simple drunks were released.

TRAFFIC OFFICER DONOVAN STOPS RUNAWAY HORSE AT MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT

Traffic Officer Frank Donovan stopped a runaway horse near the Middlesex street depot at about 11:15 o'clock this forenoon and men who were on the scene pronounced it one of the most daring and thrilling acts, apart from the movies, that they ever witnessed.

The horse was coming at a mad clip through Thordike street, from Fletcher street and he was headed for the depot where a number of people were standing. Traffic Officer Donovan had but a few seconds to turn the situation over in his mind, but before the crowd realized what was happening the officer had grabbed the runaway by the bridle rein and managed to keep his feet, though the speed of the horse for the second was not abated. The officer, however, finally succeeded in stopping the beast, but not before he had been dragged to the farther end of the depot, and had he lost his hold it would have been all off with him.

OLD-TIME NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE CROWD LOOKED FOR THURSDAY

It is expected that there will be an old-time New England league crowd at Spalding park Thursday afternoon when Lowell high's last ball team crosses bats with Nashua high in the last home game of the season until May 22.

Lowell is fast attracting attention throughout the state by the fast game she is putting up. Four victories in a row with teams of the calibre of Dorchester high opposing is Lowell's record to date and she hopes to make it five straight on Thursday.

Nashua has put up a good game so far this season and its latest triumph was that over Pinkerton academy of Derry, N. H., last Saturday when the up-river team romped home with a 13-to-0 victory.

An effort is being made to stir up the students at the local school to get out to the game and owing to the fact that the downtown stores are closed Thursday afternoon, it is expected that there will be a large outpouring of the old timers who were wont to take up their favorite bleacher seats in the good old days of Harrows, et al.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.

DANCING at Pawtucket Boat House

Ladies, 15c—Miner-Doyle Orch. Every Tuesday Night—Gents, 25c

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Manufacturers of HARRIS-COLLIS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand. General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

REASON FOR EVERY AVIATION ACCIDENT

DALLAS, Texas, May 7.—There is a reason for every aviation accident. Sometimes it is an obvious one, but too often only the dead flyer ever knew just what sent his machine crashing to the ground.

Up to the middle of April there had been 86 fatalities in the six Texas aviation camps and in many of the accidents the cause of them no one knew just what unexpected condition, just what weakness in man or material had developed high in the air. Fort Worth with its three aviation fields and its preponderance of flyers training under the British officers in the Royal Flying corps had 49 deaths up to April 17; Houston was next with 16.

Crashes may be due to misapplication of rules, unfamiliarity with peculiar aerial conditions, faulty material in the airplane, sudden fright seizing the aviator or mere recklessness.

In flying there must be brakes to apply. The pilot must be alert and ready for any emergency. A plane just leaving the field has the advantage over a plane about to land in an impending disaster. The landing plane is going much faster than the one just "revved up." The pilot just starting up must be careful not to misjudge his start and thus be overtaken by a plane, that is powerless to avoid the crash.

Machines passing in the same direction should have an interval of at least 200 yards to insure safety against collisions. When they are passing over and under they must pass at a distance of at least 50 yards and those approaching a head-on pass must have at least 150 yards between them.

One of the most common reasons for accidents, as given by instructors, is disobedience of orders. At a certain height, and going at a certain speed, on may loops or dives or whatever maneuver is to be adopted, may be made with safety. If the aviator disregards the laws of mathematics in which he has been drilled and undertakes one more loop, the consequences may prove fatal.

Landing in a cross wind is highly dangerous. It frequently causes the plane to turn completely over and pins the pilot underneath the heavy engine. There have been numerous deaths, fight commanders say from pilots losing their nerve. The driver finds he has lost control of his engine, makes a frantic effort to right the plane, fails the first time, lapses into unconsciousness and the plane falls to earth at such terrific speed that the aviator is dead before he reaches the ground.

During their periods of instruction, cadets about to fly are given a strict course to follow in aerial maneuvers. In which some airplanes have fallen indicated that the cadets, once up in the air, disregarded their instructions and followed their own sweet will. According to the rules of the air if each plane has kept its course, under normal conditions collision with another plane is not possible. At Camp C. S. Chase of Ellington Field, Houston, recently described some of the hazards and duties of an aviator. Immediately following the first exercises in which the students develop their sense of balance and stability, they are drilled in aerial dynamics. Lieutenant Chase declared that "air pockets" are not "pockets" at all, but are ascending and descending currents caused by hot and cold waves in the air. A plane ascends in warm currents and falls in cold currents. Forests and wet grass and trees make cool air; level stretches where the sun shines contain warm air.

An aviator must understand meteorology, photography, wireless telegraphy and be a master of machine-gun fire, Lieutenant Chase added. When he becomes a flying cadet and wears a white hat band, he gets his ride aloft. After a few days of "pocket" that is, goes up alone, the most important part of his training. Next he flies in formation and then on cross country trips where he is compelled to land guided only by maps and instruments. Then comes his higher development with machine-gun fire and other special training which increases his usefulness as one of the "eyes of the army."

Officers commanding the Texas camps, while deploring the fatalities that have accompanied the training of Uncle Sam's flyers, say that, in comparison with the number of men who have been trained and become expert, the total is surprisingly small.

POLICEMAN SHOT DOWN BY NEGRO

PELHAM, N. Y., May 7.—A few hours after a burglar attempted to enter the home of Herman Rokohl, a wealthy cigar manufacturer, a negro today shot and killed John McGuire, 50 years old, a member of the Pelham police force. The negro escaped. McGuire had been questioning him, suspicious of his actions.

Later it was learned that the burglar, with whom Rokohl had grappled, was a white man.

Try Magnesia For Stomach Trouble

It Neutralizes Stomach Acidity, Prevents Food Fermentation, Sour, Gassy Stomach and Acid Indigestion

Doubtless if you are a sufferer from indigestion, you have already tried poppin, bismuth, soda, charcoal, drugs and various digestive aids and you know these things will not cure your trouble—in some cases do not even give relief.

But before giving up hope and deciding you are a chronic dyspeptic, just try the effect of a little bismerated magnesia—not the ordinary commercial carbonate, citrate, oxide or milk, but the pure bismerated magnesia which you can obtain from practically any druggist in either powdered or tablet form.

Take a teaspoonful of the powder or two compressed tablets with a little water after your next meal, and see what a difference this makes. It will instantly neutralize the dangerous, harmful acid in the stomach which now causes your food to ferment and sour, making gas, wind, flatulence, heartburn and the bloated or heavy, lumpy feeling that seems to follow most everything you eat.

You will find that provided you take it after meals, the dyspeptic just after a meal, you can eat almost anything and enjoy it without any danger of pain or discomfort to follow. The use of the bismerated magnesia cannot injure the stomach in any way so long as there are any symptoms of acid indigestion. Potentially it is a danger to Jaynes and all other leading druggists.

SAVE DAD'S LIFE GET IT FOR HIM

Says it is Suicide to Cut Corns and Tells How They Lift Right Out

You simply say to the drug store man, "Give me a quarter of an ounce of trezone." This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn from one's feet.

A few drops applied directly upon a tender, aching corn should relieve the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn, root and all, can be lifted out with the fingers without pain.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that while trezone is sticky it dries in a moment, and seems to simply shrivel up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whitening the corn, but cut this out and make him try it.

BICYCLE AS THE FIRST AID TO THRIFT

With Pershing's troops fighting for world democracy in the trenches of France and Flanders, and thrift the arms of a determined nation in the bicycle, the automobile, now is commonly recognized as an essential and indispensable factor in American life, saving both dollars and time for the thousands who ride, and providing the most economical means of transport known.

Largely used by American workmen for the daily trips between the home and factory, the bicycle represents a saving of approximately \$50,000,000 annually to the legions of skilled mechanics, who not only are guarding the industrial frontiers at home, but producing the machines, munitions and supplies that must be sent across the Atlantic to our fighting men, and the ships in which they are transported.

The bicycle that pedal to and from their work, instead of depending on electric and steam lines to transport them, also are relieving the common carriers, already overburdened, of an enormous task. The men who ride on bicycles to the shop and factory, moreover, are almost sure of punching the time clock on the second, no matter how stormy the morning, for they are independent of trolley cars, interurbans and railroads, that often are forced to cease operations or abandon regular schedules because of storms.

Unlike the automobile, which has proven itself to be a national necessity in war times as well as in days of peace, the initial cost and expense of upkeep of the bicycle is anything but prohibitive to the man earning \$15 to \$25 a week. There is no gas to tank to be filled daily at a cost of 24 cents a gallon, no intricate mechanism that requires the expensive services of a garage mechanic when something goes wrong, and the tires are ridiculously cheap and unusually long-lived compared to the casings and inner tubes of the motor-car.

Bicycling, in fact, is cheaper than walking with shoes selling at their present high prices and made of inferior qualities of leather, the saving in favor of the bicycle being estimated at one-half cent a mile. It is hard to figure a proposition more economical.

If it is true that he "who saves, serves," then the 2,900,000 cyclists of the United States unquestionably and without reserve merit the name of patriots.

SENATE VOTES AGAINST WOMAN SUFFRAGE

WASHINGTON, May 7.—By a margin of one vote, a motion proposing that the senate proceed next Friday to consider the house woman suffrage resolution to the constitution was defeated in the house yesterday. The vote was 40 to 21, just less than the necessary two-thirds.

Although the vote was on beginning debate only, most of those voting were believed to have recorded themselves as they would vote on the suffrage resolution, which the house adopted last January. If the lineup of yesterday is maintained the resolution would be defeated.

Yesterday's vote came on a motion of Chairman Jones of the senate suffrage committee to proceed with the house resolution Friday. Previously he had announced that he would endeavor to take up and dispose of the resolution the latter part of the week.

The vote of New England senators follows:

For adoption—Democrats: Gerry of Rhode Island, Hollis of New Hampshire, Republicans: Colt of Rhode Island, Gallagher of New Hampshire, Page of Vermont.

Against adoption—Republicans: Dillingham of Vermont, Lodge of Massachusetts, McLean of Connecticut, and Weeks of Massachusetts.

Twenty democrats were for adoption and 18 opposed; 20 republicans also voted in favor and five against the measure.

Although the motion to make the resolution a special order of senate business next Friday was lost, its consideration at that time virtually is certain. When Senator Jones renews his motion Friday to proceed with the house resolution only a majority vote will be required to begin debate, the two-thirds rule, which was enforced yesterday, applying only to motions made in advance of the day proposed for the debate.

PARIS TO SEND WINE TO ARTILLERYMEN WHO ARE ATTACKING BIG HUN GUN

PARIS, May 7.—The municipal council has decided to send several cases of good wine to the French artillerymen who are counter attacking the German long range gun.

AWARDED WAR CROSS

Four More American Soldiers Are Decorated

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 7. (By the Associated Press).—One American officer and three privates were awarded the Cross of War at a hospital near Verdun last evening for gallantry displayed in the recent raid by German shock troops on American positions.

Lieut. Kelly and Private Brown were cited in an army order, receiving a palm with the medal. The other privates are cited in the corps orders. Lieut. Kelly and Privates Brown and Hopkins each lost a leg. Lieut. Kelly's citation reads: "Wounded in both legs and made prisoner by five of the enemy, he bravely defended himself and escaped with the aid of a few men who had run to his assistance. Wounded again, he had to spend the entire night at a trench and before it was evacuated."

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STAMPED GOODS At Half Price

Consisting of Stamped Pieces of Every Description

Stamped Children's Bags—Regular price 15 cents each. Half-price sale, 8c Each Stamped Embroidery Bags—Regular price 19c each. Half-price sale, 10c Each Stamped Clothespin Bags—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Flag Placques—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale, 12½c Each Stamped Card Table Covers—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Dresser Scarfs and Pincushions—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Doilies—Regular price 25c, 29c, 39c, 49c, 75c each. Half-price sale, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 37½c Stamped Pillow Tops—Regular price 35c, 49c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 25c Each Stamped Library Scarfs—Regular price 29c, 75c, 98c each. Half-price sale, 15c, 37½c, 49c Each Stamped Dresser Scarfs—Regular price 39c, 98c each. Half-price sale, 20c, 49c Each Stamped Lace Trimmed Centres—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Corset Bags—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Collar and Cuffs—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Turkish Towels—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Centres—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 37½c Each Stamped Luncheon Sets—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Children's Dresses—Regular price 49c, 59c, 69c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 30c, 35c Each Stamped Laundry Bags—Regular price 59c each. Half-price sale, 30c Each Stamped Aprons—Regular price 59c each. Half-price sale, 49c Each Stamped Pillow Slips—Regular price 59c pair. Half-price sale, 49c Pair Stamped Silk Bags—Regular price 50c, \$1.49, \$2.69, \$3.49 each. Half-price sale, 25c, 75c, \$1.35, \$1.75 Each Stamped Velvet Bags—Regular price 95c, \$1.25, \$2.49, \$2.98 each. Half-price sale, 49c, 63c, \$1.25, \$1.49 Each Stamped Bath Rugs—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale, 63c Each Stamped Back Dryers—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 37½c Each Stamped Bibs—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Handkerchiefs—All linen. Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Glove Case—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Tea Aprons—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 25c, 39c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 20c Each	Stamped Children's Bags—Regular price 15 cents each. Half-price sale, 8c Each Stamped Embroidery Bags—Regular price 19c each. Half-price sale, 10c Each Stamped Clothespin Bags—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Flag Placques—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale, 12½c Each Stamped Card Table Covers—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Dresser Scarfs and Pincushions—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Doilies—Regular price 25c, 29c, 39c, 49c, 75c each. Half-price sale, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 37½c Stamped Pillow Tops—Regular price 35c, 49c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 25c Each Stamped Library Scarfs—Regular price 29c, 75c, 98c each. Half-price sale, 15c, 37½c, 49c Each Stamped Dresser Scarfs—Regular price 39c, 98c each. Half-price sale, 20c, 49c Each Stamped Lace Trimmed Centres—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Corset Bags—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Collar and Cuffs—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Turkish Towels—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Centres—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 37½c Each Stamped Luncheon Sets—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each Stamped Children's Dresses—Regular price 49c, 59c, 69c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 30c, 35c Each Stamped Laundry Bags—Regular price 59c each. Half-price sale, 30c Each Stamped Aprons—Regular price 59c each. Half-price sale, 49c Each Stamped Pillow Slips—Regular price 59c pair. Half-price sale, 49c Pair Stamped Silk Bags—Regular price 50c, \$1.49, \$2.69, \$3.49 each. Half-price sale, 25c, 75c, \$1.35, \$1.75 Each Stamped Velvet Bags—Regular price 95c, \$1.25, \$2.49, \$2.98 each. Half-price sale, 49c, 63c, \$1.25, \$1.49 Each Stamped Bath Rugs—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale, 63c Each Stamped Back Dryers—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 37½c Each Stamped Bibs—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Handkerchiefs—All linen. Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Glove Case—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Tea Aprons—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each Stamped Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 25c, 39c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 20c Each
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HAND EMBROIDERED SQUARES, DOILIES, BIBS, APRONS, Etc.

Embroidery Half Price Sale **AT HALF PRICE** Embroidery Half Price Sale

Embroidered Doilies—Regular price 8c, 10c, 49c each. Half-price sale 4c, 5c, 25c Each Embroidered Squares—Regular price 15c, 25c, 29c, 39c. Half-price sale 8c, 12½c, 15c, 20c Each Embroidered Carriage Pillows—Regular price 59c each. Half-price sale 30c Each Embroidered Bibs—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 38c Each Embroidered Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 38c Each Embroidered Wash Cloth Cases—Regular price 95c each. Half-price sale 49c Each Embroidered Carriage Robes—Regular price 1.00 each. Half-price sale 50c Each Embroidered Veil Cases—Regular price 1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Glove Cases—Regular price 1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Recipe Cases—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Whisk Broom Holders—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Linen Towels—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each Embroidered Napkin Rings—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each Embroidered Children's Bags—Regular price \$1.49. Half-price sale 75c Each Embroidered Corset Bags—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each Embroidered Carriage Robes—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each Embroidered Flag Placques—Regular price \$1.58 each. Half-price sale 99c Each Embroidered Children's Hats—Regular price \$2.98, \$3.49 each. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$1.75 Each Embroidered Bibs and Booties—Regular price \$2.98 set. Half-price sale \$1.99 Set Embroidered Centres—Regular price 98c, \$1.49, \$2.49, \$3.98, \$4.99 and \$5.98. Half-price sale, 49c, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.99, \$2.49, \$2.99 Each Embroidered Children's Rompers—Regular price \$3.49 each. Half-price sale \$1.75 Each Embroidered Children's Parasols—Regular price \$3.98 each. Half-price sale \$1.99 Each Embroidered Tea Aprons—Regular price \$3.98 each. Half-price sale \$1.99 Each Embroidered Corset Covers—Regular price \$3.98, \$4.98 each. Half-price sale \$1.99, \$2.49 Each Embroidered Children's Dresses—Regular price \$2.98, \$3.49, \$3.98, \$4.49, \$4.98, \$5.49. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$1.75, \$1.99, \$2.25, \$2.49, \$2.75 Each Embroidered Dresser Scarfs—Regular price \$3.98, \$6.98 each. Half-price sale \$1.99, \$3.49 Each Embroidered Gowns—Regular price \$5.49, \$6.98, \$7.98 each. Half-price sale \$2.75, \$2.99, \$3.99 Each Embroidered Children's Suits—Regular price \$1.98, \$2.49, \$2.98, \$3.49, \$3.98, \$4.49, \$4.98, \$5.49, \$5.98, \$6.49, \$6.98, \$7.49, \$7.98, \$8.49, \$8.98, \$9.49, \$9.98, \$10.49, \$10.98, \$11.49, \$11.98, \$12.49, \$12.98, \$13.49, \$13.98, \$14.49, \$14.98, \$15.49, \$15.98, \$16.49, \$16.98, \$17.49, \$17.98, \$18.49, \$18.98, \$19.49, \$19.98, \$20.49, \$20.98, \$21.49, \$21.98, \$22.49, \$22.98, \$23.49, \$23.98, \$24.49, \$24.98, \$25.49, \$25.98, \$26.49, \$26.98, \$27.49, \$27.98, \$28.49, \$28.98, \$29.49, \$29.98, \$30.49, \$30.98, \$31.49, \$31.98, \$32.49, \$32.98, \$33.49, \$33.98, \$34.49, \$34.98, \$35.49, \$35.98, \$36.49, \$36.98, \$37.49, \$37.98, \$38.49, \$38.98, \$39.49, \$39.98, \$40.49, \$40.98, \$41.49, \$41.98, \$42.49, \$42.98, \$43.49, \$43.98, \$44.49, \$44.98, \$45.49, \$45.98, \$46.49, \$46.98, \$47.49, \$47.98, \$48.49, \$48.98, \$49.49, \$49.98, \$50.49, \$50.98, \$51.49, \$51.98, \$52.49, \$52.98, \$53.49, \$53.98, \$54.49, \$54.98, \$55.49, \$55.98, \$56.49, \$56.98, \$57.49, \$57.98, \$58.49, \$58.98, \$59.49, \$59.98, \$60.49, \$60.98, \$61.49, \$61.98, \$62.49, \$62.98, \$63.49, \$63.98, \$64.49, \$64.98, \$65.49, \$65.98, \$66.49, \$66.98, \$67.49, \$67.98, \$68.49, \$68.98, \$69.49, \$69.98, \$70.49, \$70.98, \$71.49, \$71.98, \$72.49, \$72.98, \$73.49, \$73.98, \$74.49, \$74.98, \$75.49, \$75.98, \$76.49, \$76.98, \$77.49, \$77.98, \$78.49, \$78.98, \$79.49, \$79.98, \$80.49, \$80.98, \$81.49, \$81.98, \$82.49, \$82.98, \$83.49, \$83.98, \$84.49, \$84.98, \$85.49, \$85.98, \$86.49, \$86.98, \$87.49, \$87.98, \$88.49, \$88.98, \$89.49, \$89.98, \$90.49, \$90.98, \$91.49, \$91.98, \$92.49, \$92.98, \$93.49, \$93.98, \$94.49, \$94.98, \$95.49, \$95.98, \$96.49, \$96.98, \$97.49, \$97.98, \$98.49, \$98.98, \$99.49, \$99.98, \$100.49, \$100.98, \$101.49, \$101.98, \$102.49, \$102.98, \$103.49, \$103.98, \$104.49, \$104.98, \$105.49, \$105.98, \$106.49, \$106.98, \$107.49, \$107.98, \$108.49, \$108.98, \$109.49, \$109.98, \$110.49, \$110.98, \$111.49, \$111.98, \$112.49, \$112.98, \$113.49, \$113.98, \$114.49, \$114.98, \$115.49, \$115.98, \$116.49, \$116.98, \$117.49, \$117.98, \$118.49, \$118.98, \$119.49, \$119.98, \$120.49, \$120.98, \$121.49, \$121.98, \$122.49, \$122.98, \$123.49, \$123.98, \$124.49, \$124.98, \$125.49, \$125.98, \$126.49, \$126.98, \$127.49, \$127.98, \$128.49, \$128.98, \$129.49, \$129.98, \$130.49, \$130.98, \$131.49, \$131.98, \$132.49, \$132.98, \$133.49, \$133.98, \$134.49, \$134.98, \$135.49, \$135.98, \$136.49, \$136.98, \$137.49, \$137.98, \$138.49, \$138.98, \$139.49, \$139.98, \$140.49, \$140.98, \$141.49, \$141.98, \$142.49, \$142.98, \$143.49, \$143.98, \$144.49, \$144.98, \$145.49, \$145.98, \$146.49, \$146.98, \$147.49, \$147.98, \$148.49, \$148.98, \$149.49, \$149.98, \$150.49, \$150.98, \$151.49, \$151.98, \$152.49, \$152.98, \$153.49, \$153.98, \$154.49, \$154.98, \$155.49, \$155.98, \$156.49, \$156.98, \$157.49, \$157.98, \$158.49, \$158.98, \$159.49, \$159.98, \$160.49, \$160.98, \$161.49, \$161.98, \$162.49, \$162.98, \$163.49, \$163.98, \$164.49, \$164.98, \$165.49, \$165.98, \$166.49, \$166.98, \$167.49, \$167.98, \$168.49, \$168.98, \$169.49, \$169.98, \$170.49, \$170.98, \$171.49, \$171.98, \$172.49, \$172.98, \$173.49, \$173.98, \$174.49, \$174.98, \$175.49, \$175.98, \$176.49, \$176.98, \$177.49, \$177.98, \$178.49, \$178.98, \$179.49, \$179.98, \$180.49, \$180.98, \$181.49, \$181.98, \$182.49, \$182.98, \$183.49, \$183.98, \$184.49, \$184.98, \$185.49, \$185.98, \$186.49, \$186.98, \$187.49, \$187.98, \$188.49, \$188.98, \$189.49, \$189.98, \$190.49, \$190.98, \$1
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Quality Superb

Smargyros
(Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish
and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World)



Over
the top
and give 'em
HELMAR
TURKISH CIGARETTES

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CENTS

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

BOSTON, May 7.—There will be a distinctly patriotic flavor about the annual convention of the Massachusetts Grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, which will open at Ford hall, this evening. The last session of the grand lodge, held shortly after the entry of the United States into the war, voted unanimously upon the action of Grand Chancellor Clifford E. Jones to appropriate \$1000 for such special relief of the members of the order or their dependents as should be made necessary by the war. The disposition of this fund will be before the representatives when they

meet as will be the raising of the \$1 a member war fund which is now being gathered by the supreme lodge of the order. It is estimated that more than 1000 members of the order in this state are actually in the service or preparation, many of whom received preliminary instruction of distinct value to them through being members of the uniform rank of the order.

During the year a standard ambulance was provided by subscriptions of lodges and individual members and presented to the war department which had it placed at Camp Devens. Grand Chancellor Jones immediately started a fund for another ambulance. The executive council of the grand lodge, which heartily seconded the activities of the grand chancellor in this direction, has ordered the second ambulance. It is understood the second one will be pre-

sented to the State Guard.

There is a large but constantly shifting population of Pythians at Camp Devens as several other states besides Massachusetts are represented there. When a special committee appointed by Grand Chancellor Jones and headed by Past Grand Chancellor Marlan P. Knight looked into the matter they found that there were about 1500 Pythians there.

Harbinger lodge of Ayer and several other nearby lodges have done all in their power to make these brothers comfortable. The committee, headed by Past Grand Chancellor Knight, has urged upon the lodges in the jurisdiction that they send packages of smoking articles, toilet articles and matches to the men at the camp. The committee will recommend to the convention that lodges and individual members continue to send packages of such articles to the

DRACUT MAN APPOINTED DEPUTY SHERIFF

George H. Stevens, treasurer for the town of Dracut, qualified for the position of deputy sheriff for Middlesex county yesterday after being appointed to the position by Sheriff John R. Fairbairn. Mr. Stevens is well known in this city and particularly in his home town, where he has held several important town positions. He was chairman of the board of selectmen at one time and also represented the town as a representative at the legislature.

LOCAL TEAMSTERS VOTE TO TAKE PART IN LABOR DAY PARADE

A largely attended meeting of the members of the Coal Teamsters' union was held last evening with President Frank Horne in the chair. Thirty new members were initiated and considerable business was transacted. It was voted to participate in the Labor day parade and the mass meeting held as a protest to the execution of Mooney last Sunday was endorsed.

MILLMEN'S UNION

A special meeting of the members of the Millmen's union, Local 1188, was held last evening in Carpenters hall. President Lincoln occupied the chair and included in the business transacted was the discussion of two local grievances, after which a decision was reached in each case.

NEXT GERMAN BLOW EXPECTED AT ARRAS

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, May 7.—(By the Associated Press).—The opinion is virtually unanimous that the further great blow which the German staff must inevitably deliver, if it intends to try to execute the promises made to the German nation when the offensive was started, must come soon.

The great activity of the enemy along the Ypres sector is possibly a prelude to the opening of a new German rush there, or is intended to distract attention from a formidable attack elsewhere.

There is, indeed, a widespread view that the next move must come from the German armies concentrated under Gen. von Ruelow fronting Arras. Some of its divisions were borrowed by other German armies for attacks to the north and the south, but these have since been replaced by others and the force gathered there is very powerful. From Arras, in the unlikely event of a German success, it could turn either toward the coast or toward Amiens, but it appears most likely that the more northerly operation would be chosen in an attempt to separate the main French and British forces. The continued bombardment of Amiens is possibly merely a blind to cover the preparation of this scheme. Since the breakdown, however, of the first German rush by the heroic stand of the French and British troops, the allies have had time to strengthen their positions in order to meet any fresh onslaughts. The unity of command which fused all the allies armies into one and the terrific losses suffered

by the enemy without the achievement of any success which counts seem to have caused the Germans to hesitate, but it is impossible for them to content themselves with the present positions, which are of the most unfavorable character for defensive tactics.

Another factor in compelling them to seek a rapid decision is the transparent fear of the ever-increasing strength of the American forces, displayed in the present deluge of German propaganda decrying the American effort. These forces, they foresee, may become a powerful instrument in bringing about their defeat before long, and they are certain to seek success before the trans-Atlantic army becomes formidable.

The Germans are fully aware that it is America's intention to throw her whole energy into the common cause of winning the war, and despite their attempts to belittle American help to the allies they are wide awake to the dangers to themselves.

LABOR PROBLEMS IN CONNECTION WITH MERCHANT MARINE DISCUSSED

BOSTON, May 7.—Labor problems which have arisen in connection with the new merchant marine were discussed today at a conference of labor men and shipping board officials with former Gov. Robert P. Bass of New Hampshire at the offices of the shipping board recruiting service here. Efforts to remedy conditions of which merchant marine crews complained were to be discussed, and officials expected that greater efficiency in manning ships under control of the board would result from the conference. Mr. Bass recently was placed in charge of all labor matters connected with operation of American ships on all coasts and the Great Lakes.

DOCTORS ADVISE SPRING TONICS

Say There Is Nothing Equals
Iron and Phosphates

Experienced Doctors claim that everyone should take a good tonic in the Spring, that during the cold winter months we all eat too much meat, fats, heavy foods and too little fresh vegetables, that the entire system is clogged up, overloaded and overworked, causing thin, impure, watery blood and that tired, nervous feeling, pimples and bad complexion.

Honest doctors all over the land have found and are recommending and prescribing phosphates and iron as their spring tonic for the blood and nerves, they say it removes all impurities, unclogs the channels and sends the rich, red life-giving blood through the veins, renewing health, strength and nerve force as nothing else will. If you are all in, run down, fagged out and your nerves all shot to pieces and the joy gone from life, take Phosphated Iron, the red blood and nerve builder. It will make a new man or woman of you, make you feel like doing things again, renew that youthful feeling, you can almost feel yourself coming back. Try Phosphated Iron today, it has helped thousands and will not disappoint you. To insure physicians and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron it is put up in capsules only, do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules. Fred Howard, Lowell Pharmacy and leading druggists everywhere.

Your Garden

ANOTHER LESSON
After opening the furrow, and distributing the seed, go over the row with the back of the hoe or rake—or, in the case of large seeds, such as peas, beans or corn, with the foot—and press the seed down into the soil. Then cover immediately while the dirt is still fresh and moist, to the depth required for the kind of seed being sown.

Cover small seeds—such as carrots, lettuce, kohlrabi, onions, leek and turnips—about one-fourth inch deep. Celery and parsley cover barely from sight, soaking seed a day or two to hasten germination.

Cover medium-sized seeds, such as beets, parsnips, cucumbers, salsify, spinach and Swiss chard—about half an inch deep.

Cover large seeds—such as beans, corn, squash and pumpkin—one to two inches deep. In light soil, or very dry weather, plant deeper than usual. In heavy soil, or wet weather, shallower.

The practice of sprouting potatoes for planting is strongly recommended by many gardeners. When the tubers are sprouted the crop is increased and failures in the rows are reduced to a minimum. Of course this is practical only in small gardens, backyards and vacant lots.

The depth to plant on heavy soils is three to four inches deep. On light soils plant an inch or two deeper. In planting sprouted potatoes be careful not to injure the sprouts in handling. No potato or piece of potato should contain more than four sprouts.

or eyes. Some gardeners plant but two or three.

Fair yields are obtained from potato peelings planted, but the peeling must be considerable thicker than the ordinary. Don't leave more than one eye on a piece of peeling, and plant two or three pieces of such peeling in each hill.

SANFORDS GINGER

Best Ever for Colds
Chills and Grip

Try this: Squeeze juice of one quarter of a lemon into a hot teacup. Add one teaspoonful of Sanfords Ginger, two of sugar, and fill up cup with boiling hot water. Drink hot and go to bed.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper. Best you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Armour's Veribest Oleomargarine

TRADE MARK
Make Your Savings the Nation's Gain

Oleomargarine is the thrift spread of the nation. Its use releases vital foods for the soldiers. It permits a big saving in your table costs. Now, when the economy and goodness of Oleomargarine is becoming better known, it only remains for you to learn which brand to buy for table and cooking uses.

Armour's *Veribest* Oleomargarine, made under Government Inspection, is prepared from the choicest beef and pork fats, highly refined vegetable oils and pasteurized milk; it is churned in the finest equipped and most sanitary food plant in the world. A tile-lined building, glass-lined tanks, improved appliances, all contribute to the perfection of this top-grade product. Your final guarantee is Armour's Oval Label—the sign of first quality.

ARMOUR & COMPANY

W. A. Kierstead, Mgr.,
Lowell, Tel. 5730

This is
Oleomargarine
Year

1357



Try These Oval
Label Products
Vegetable (Shortening)
Kitchen Package Foods
Instant Coffee
Armour's Grape Juice
Stockinet Star Ham
Star Bacon
Armour's Frankfurt Sausage

Ask Your Dealer
for Armour's *Veribest* Oleomargarine

Clean-Up and Paint-Up Week MAY 5th to 11th

A Proclamation—
FOR THRIFT'S SAKE—Clean up and Paint up and Keep it up. "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Let's get to work, right here at home.

MEN AND WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS

In these days of patriotic service we should "Keep the Home Fires Burning," the fires of community life and spirit and efficiency and all the activities that promote cheerful and pleasant and healthful surroundings in American homes and communities. Cleanliness, Thrift and Civic Pride are the essentials for homes and towns beautiful. Then CLEAN UP AND PAINT UP—and

Plant Your Garden

We have the wherewith articles to help you do it. Call on us to help you out.

The Thompson Hardware Co.
TELEPHONES 156-157

PASS BILL TO LICENSE LODGING HOUSES

BOSTON, May 7.—After an extended debate, the Massachusetts house of representatives yesterday afternoon passed to be engrossed, by a standing vote of 85 to 29, the bill to provide for the regulation, licensing and inspection of private lodging houses and hotels.

The chief opponent of the measure was John L. Donovan of Boston, democratic house leader, who sought to have it amended so that only saloons, soldiers and marines would come under the provisions of the act.

Mr. Fitz-Henry Smith of Boston and Mr. Young of Weston called upon the republicans to stand back of the dem-

ocratic national administration and support a bill "that the United States government desired to have become law."

"We don't want to be like Newport or Philadelphia," said Mr. Young, "and have the government step in and do things we should do ourselves."

The measure is similar to the "true name" bill, which in previous years failed to pass. Its enforcement gives greater power than ever to the police and means a cleaning-up of questionable places in every city and town.

A resolve to provide for a pension for three years for Capt. Wm. C. Jones of Swampscott was passed to be engrossed.

The house passed to be engrossed a bill to provide that city and town clerks shall have authority to issue licenses for the taking of lobsters, and means a cleaning-up of questionable places in every city and town.

The house adopted an amendment to raise from \$500 to \$800 the appropriation for compensation for damages incident to the checking the spread of the white pine blister rust and ordered the bill to a third reading.

The house reconsidered its vote of Friday whereby it concurred with the senate amendment to the bill for taxation of franchises of trust companies which was that it should take effect on its passage. The house thereupon non-concurred.

The house discussed and referred to the next general court the bill to prevent "the negligent obstruction of street railway cars."

The insurance committee reported a bill to permit insurance companies and authorized to transact workmen's compensation insurance to write in issuing joint and several policies providing such insurance, subject to the approval of the insurance commissioner, in which case the policies may be headed by the names of all the companies assuming the joint and several obligations under the contract.

NOTICE

LOWELL CO-OPERATIVE BANK
The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Lowell Co-operative Bank will be held Friday evening, May 17, 1918, in room 33, Central Block, 33 Central Street, Lowell, Mass., for the election of officers for the ensuing year and any other business that may legally come before the meeting.
WILLIAM D. BROWN, Clerk.

TWO DEFEATS FOR I. W. W. LEADERS

CHICAGO, May 7.—The defense in the trial of 112 Industrial Workers of the

World, accused of seditious conspiracy, sustained two defeats yesterday in rulings by Judge Landis on admission of evidence presented by counsel for the government.

Other objections of counsel for the defense pamphlets ordered published by individual members shortly before America entered the war and other printed matter which had not been endorsed by general officers were read into the records.

Again last night the defense unsuccessfully tried to have certain facts in the records testimony concerning publication of several thousand copies of "Sabotage," at Spokane, Wash., before the period covered by the indictment.

Judge Landis held that evidence need not be restricted to the period covered by the indictment.

Just before the adjournment last night the government sprung a surprise by reading into the records a petition signed by nearly 100 of the leaders of the I.W.W. demanding return of all papers seized in the nation-wide raid last fall. Thus, the government, by a short cut, established the identity and connection with the I.W.W. of the members.

THRIFT AND WAR SAVINGS STAMP CONTEST BY LOCAL SCHOOL PUPILS

Pupils in Lowell's grammar and parochial schools will participate in a thrift and war savings stamp contest to start next Monday, May 14, and end June 3. The children will go out among the people in their sections of the city and canvass orders for stamps.

The contest has been originated by James H. Owens, local chairman for the sale of thrift stamps, and it has the endorsement of Richard Brabrook, chairman of the school committee, and Hugh J. Kelly, superintendent of schools. The project is to be financed by the principals of the schools and the following prizes will be awarded:

Individual Prizes
First class—Largest money return from sale of stamps.
First prize, one war saving stamp.
Second prize, eight thrift stamps.
Third prize, four thrift stamps.
Second class—Largest number of individual purchasers:
First prize, one war saving stamp.
Second prize, eight thrift stamps.
Third prize, four thrift stamps.
School Prize
Largest sale of thrift stamps, per pupil, based on number belonging on May school report.
Two war saving certificates.

AMERICANIZATION OF NON-CITIZENS

BOSTON, May 7.—Partition of this city into 15 divisions for the Americanization of non-citizens was begun today as a result of plans laid by a chamber of commerce committee. The chamber is to provide the organization and educational work will be carried out under plans to be formulated by the state committee on public safety. Division managers will be selected soon and each division will be subdivided into sections corresponding generally to school lists.

FOR RED CROSS Day's Pay From Each Worker Will Be Asked

BOSTON, May 7.—One day's pay from each worker in New England will be the minimum asked for the Red Cross in the campaign to open May 20, when this section will attempt to raise its share of the \$100,000,000 to be sought in the United States. Frederick C. Munroe, New England business manager for the drive, announced this individual quota today. Plans for making the appeal for the fund were outlined at a meeting of workers here last night at which nurses and soldiers told of work being done by the Red Cross on the battlefields of Europe.

LAUGH AT GERMANS Hun Officials Fail to Stop Secret Belgian Paper

PARIS, April 20 (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The German administrators in Belgium have suffered another bitter disappointment in their efforts to rid themselves of the secret Belgian newspaper, *Le Libre Belgique*, which has stung, ridiculed and laughed at them ever since they occupied the territory of the brave little kingdom.

With every evidence of pleasure the Germans announced recently that they had arrested three Belgian priests, Dele, Denis and Martin, and three civilians, and that they had behind the bars the editor, publishers, printers and distributors of the secret paper. One of the priests, Denis, was condemned to death, according to information received by the Belgian government. The others received prison sentences aggregating many years.

Next morning a brand new copy of *Le Libre Belgique* was in the hands of its readers.

No Medicine—Chest Without Its Family Laxative

From the baby to the grandparents a good laxative is the necessary medicine in the little ills. It wards off serious sickness and saves doctor's bills. Many a cold has been prevented from running into grippe and pneumonia by its timely use.

Many a racking headache has been quickly dispelled by it. And it is a laxative rather than a drastic cathartic or purgative that should be in every family medicine-chest; for a laxative can be used at all ages.

Thousands of good American families have for more than a quarter century used a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known to druggists as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It is a laxative-herb that acts on the bowels and stomach. Infants take it with perfect safety; and it is equally effective for grownups.

Grandparents are now seeing their children give it to their babies. It is excellent for all the family in constipation no matter how chronic; indigestion; wind colic; biliousness; headaches; dyspepsia and similar ills.

The druggist will refund your money if it fails to do as promised.

Dr. Caldwell's SYRUP PEPSIN
The Perfect Laxative

FREE SAMPLES—Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the largest selling liquid laxative in America. If you have never used it, write for a free trial bottle to Dr. W. L. Caldwell, 468 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. If you have taken it in the family send for a copy of "The Care of the Baby."

RHEUMATISM NOT A DISEASE OF OLD AGE SAYS MAN OF SEVENTY-EIGHT

Var-ne-sis Helps Well-Known Avon Resident to Discard Crutches

Was Flat on His Back For a Year—Now Chops Wood and Feels Like a Boy—Pain-Stiffness Gone



"I am seventy-eight years of age and haven't a pain or an ache," said Hiram Whiting, when seen at his home in Avon, Mass., where he has been a resident for the past fifty years. "I have always held to the belief that rheumatism was a disease of old age, but I have had reason to change that opinion during the past year. My experience in fighting the disease I gladly give for the benefit of other sufferers."

"For one year I was flat on my back, unable to turn or help myself in any way. I was in constant pain day and night, to even come near my bed would bring on a paroxysm. Almost every joint was afflicted: my hands, arms, shoulders, back, hips and knees. No one knows the suffering I endured during that year. My hips and knees were sore and stiff, my hands were useless, swollen with a chalky substance. It was about to give up when I heard of Var-ne-sis. However, the day I started to take Var-ne-sis."

IMPORTANT—Don't take a substitute. Regular Var-ne-sis for rheumatism comes in a GREEN package and always has the picture and signature of Mr. W. A. Varney on the front.



Le Libre Belgique was in its usual place in the letter box of Baron von Falkenhayn, governor general of Belgium, and the publication has appeared irregularly since. The death sentence upon Father Denis was commuted to life imprisonment.

BROOKLYN GERMAN IS HELD FOR SEDITION

NEW YORK, May 7.—Hundreds of copies of a book said to contain German propaganda were seized at a meat market in Brooklyn yesterday, when agents of the department of justice arrested Stephen Binder, proprietor of the store, on a charge of violating the espionage act by distributing alleged seditious literature.

The book is said to term the government one of misrule, guided by English hands, and to assert that the country is controlled by capitalists and autocrats.

Binder, who was held in \$10,000 bail for the federal grand jury, is said to have come to this country from Germany several years ago. Since living in Brooklyn he studied English at night school.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA IN BONNET ROUGE

PARIS, May 7.—Lieut. Marchand, an interpreter in the French army and an expert in German propaganda, was the principal witness at the trial of the directors of the occupied district of Northern France, using the French language.

The purpose of the Gazette, Lieut. Marchand stated, was to influence the French population remaining in the occupied districts. Some articles which the censor had prevented appearing in

the Bonnet Rouge nevertheless appeared in the paper issued by a German agency at Zurich.

Many articles that appeared in the Bonnet Rouge showed a tendency to ridicule the idea that German spies were working in France to discourage soldiers and dishearten the civilian population.

Lieut. Marchand pointed out 15 different press campaigns in which the Gazette, the Bonnet Rouge and the Germanophile newspaper at Zurich all used the same arguments, cited the same facts and even showed the same style in composition and the same errors in citations.

MAIL BY AIRPLANE Bill Setting Price Passes Senate—To Start May 15

WASHINGTON, May 7.—A bill authorizing the postoffice department to charge not in excess of 24 cents an ounce or fraction thereof for the transportation of mail by airplane was adopted yesterday by the senate. The measure now goes to the house.

The postoffice department announced yesterday that the airplane mail service between Washington, Philadelphia and New York would be started May 15 as planned. Military airplanes for the service are being assembled at Mineola, N. Y. As experiments will be made in dropping mail sacks while the airplanes are in motion, mail for the present will be confined to letters, but for the initial trip May 15 sealed parcels will be accepted.

During the early stages of the service no attempt will be made to dispatch airplanes on days when rain and fog will obstruct the vision of the aviator. On such days the mail will be dispatched by courier on trains and given special delivery service.

MATRIMONIAL

Frank S. Burden of Dracut and Miss Caroline Marx of Rumford, Me., were married Saturday by Rev. A. R. Ditts at his home, 53 Warwick street.

Douville—Heroux
Frank Douville and Miss Eugenie Heroux were married yesterday at St. Joseph's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O. M. I. The witnesses were Philippe Douville of Canada, N. H., father of the groom, and Cleophas Heroux, father of the bride. After an extended honeymoon trip the couple will make their home at 20 James street.

Chapman—Russell
G. Herbert Chapman of this city and Miss Ellen Florence Russell of Danvers were married Sunday at the Highland Congregational church by the pastor, Rev. A. S. Beale. The couple will make their home at 7 Putnam avenue.

FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS
HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 7.—Election of officers was the important task today before the delegates at the 14th biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. The voting hours were from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. The balloting was secret and the result will be announced tomorrow.

The ticket was headed by Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles, who is candidate for re-election as president. Miss Georgina Bacon of Worcester, Mass., is a candidate for vice president.

FOR FIRST COMMUNION

Souvenir Beads and Prayer Books

Splendid variety of religious gifts for godparents to present their godchildren on the happy occasion of their first communion.

Ricard's 123 CENTRAL ST.

FURTHER ECONOMY IN USE OF MEATS

ORONO, Me., May 7.—The United States food administration is extremely desirous of securing economy in the consumption of all kinds of meats without re-establishing the meatless days for the present, according to a telegram from Herbert Hoover, received today by State Food Administrator Leon S. Merrill.

"The allies have found it necessary to reduce the consumption of all kinds of meats and poultry to an average of 1 1/4 pounds per week per person, in order that no further draft shall be made upon shipping that is now required for the transport of our soldiers," according to the telegram. "Our consumption of meats is about 3 1/4 pounds per week, per person and if we are to make both ends balance during the short marketing season, we must have further economy."

Moody Cash Market
796 Moody Street

Corned Beef Day

TOMORROW

Best Pieces in the Store. Pound..... **28c**

Cash and Carry

M'ADOO BACK AFTER LIBERTY LOAN TOUR

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Secretary McAdoo found a multitude of questions awaiting his action at the treasury and railroad administration, when he returned to Washington today, after an absence of nearly five weeks spent on a speaking tour for the Liberty loan. One of the most important matters was decision of wage increases to be granted railway employees under recommendations of the railroad wage commission.

The difference of opinion between the fuel administration and officials of the railroad administration, over methods of supplying railroads with coal also will be settled soon by Mr. McAdoo. He is expected to work out a system of distributing coal cars more evenly among all coal mines, regardless of whether they hold contracts for supplying fuel to railroads. As a result, higher prices probably will have to be paid by the railroads.

RUSSIANS ARREST JAPANESE CONSUL

LONDON, May 7.—A Reuter despatch from Tokyo says that the Russian authorities at Irkutsk have arrested the Japanese vice consul and also the president of the Japanese association on the charge of being military spies.

FAIRBURN'S HOUR SALES

Wed. a. m. Store Closed 12

8 To 9

Eat More POTATOES, pk. **21c**

9 To 10

Fresh Sealed HADDOCK, lb. **6c**

10 To 11

STEAK, Round, Cut Through, lb. **31c**

11 To 12

Live Boiled LOBSTERS, each **25c**

ANNUAL MAY FESTIVAL BY THE LADIES' AID SOCIETY OF ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH

To further the laudable work of the organization, the Ladies' Aid society of St. Patrick's parish will hold its annual May festival in the associate hall tomorrow evening and it promises to be a most successful affair from every point of view. The advance sale of tickets shows that the charitable purposes for which the proceeds of the affair are intended appeal to all while the program arranged for the evening is one of the finest ever staged at an affair of the society. The Ladies' Aid society of St. Patrick's parish has done commendable work in aiding the poor of that section and otherwise alleviating distress and because of their meritorious work in the past, the program of the affair ought to fill well the coffers of the society so that for every case called to the attention of the ladies, can be attended to. Dancing will be another attraction at the affair, Miner-Doyle orchestra furnishing the music.

FOUR GIRLS LOST IN MAINE WOODS

AUGUSTA, Me., May 7.—Four girls from the State Industrial school in Hallowell—Wilhelmina Mosley and Irene Cunningham of Lewiston, Bertha Wil-

BOVININE for Strength

FOR children, especially in the nutritional disorders of childhood, BOVININE is exceptionally valuable. It combines the administration of iron with a non-irritating and concentrated form of nourishment.

BOVININE contains the substances in normal blood serum which combat bacterial infection, having the vital elements of beef blood unaltered by the destructive action of heat.

For anemic children and adults and for the building up and invigorating of invalids convalescing after severe illness, BOVININE has been prescribed by physicians for over 30 years.

It is the ideal food tonic for a "run down" condition

12 oz. bottle \$1.15
6 oz. bottle .70

At your druggists

THE BOVININE CO.
75 West Houston Street
New York

Lowell, Tuesday, May 7th, 1918

A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

WE ARE SELLING

Household Utilities

For Spring re-furnishing at under-prices that are not only most noticeable but are most economical. Better come to this sale in the House Furnishing Section.

MERRIMACK ST. BASEMENT

No place in New England offers such worthy values year in and year out as you find in our

Underprice Basement

Now these for instance present prices that are away below regular:

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Sizes 2 to 14 years, made in a large variety of new Spring styles, fine gingham, stripes, checks and large plaids, also plain chambray; \$1.00 value. At **79c Each, 2 for \$1.50**

HOUSE DRESSES—Ladies' Dresses, regular, stout and extra sizes, fine percale, gingham and chambrays. At **\$1.50 Each**

SILK SHIRT WAISTS—To close, about 200 Ladies' Silk Shirt Waists, white and colors, all new Spring styles; odd lots from our \$2.00 counters. At **\$1.00 Each**

MERRIMACK ST. BASEMENT

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

MEN'S and BOYS' UNION SUITS at 69c a Suit—Men's Union Suits, fine jersey, white and ecru; mesh and dimity union suits, full assortment of sizes. At **69c a Suit**

AT 45c A SUIT—Boys' Union Suits, fine jersey, white and ecru; also fine mesh, short sleeves and knee length; 69c value. At **45c a Suit**

PALMER ST. SUBWAY

DRY GOODS SECTION

PERCALES—Just received, eight cases of best quality of percale, in remnants, light and dark colors, also shirting stripes, 36 inches wide, 29c value on the piece. At **19c Yard**

CURTAIN SCRIM—3000 yards of Curtain Scrim, remnants, very fine quality, fancy woven and printed borders, in white, cream and ecru; 25c value. At **15c Yard**

BEACH CLOTH AND POPLIN—Mill remnants of fine quality of Beach Cloth and Poplin, 36 inches wide, in large assortments of new stripes; 39c value. At **25c Yard**

BATES GINGHAM—Best quality of Bates Gingham in all the new patterns of stripes, small checks, plaids and plain colors, in large remnants from 10 to 20 yards. At **22c Yard**

FEATHER TICKING—Mill remnants of the best quality of feather ticking, in blue stripes; 50c value. At **35c Yard**

NAINSOOK—200 pieces of very fine quality of nainsook, 36 inches wide; 29c value. At **22c Yard**

HILL COTTON—Best quality of Hill Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, full pieces; 39c value. At **22c Yard**

TURKISH TOWELS—Heavy Bleached Turkish Towels, double thread and large size, 23x19; 50c value. At **39c Each**

LINEN CRASH—Brown and Bleached All Linen Crash, heavy quality, in full pieces; 39c value. At **25c Yard**

BASEMENT PALMER ST.

FAIL TO ELECT

Continued

your department.

Mr. Brown then stated that a loan for streets had already been made and that included sidewalks.

Mr. Morse again referred to the oil and Mr. Brown said if Mr. Morse had been on the level he could have purchased oil for 12 cents.

Mr. Morse—You're not on the level.

Mr. Brown—How did you ever get your job as superintendent of streets?

Mr. Morse—On account of my knowledge of street work.

At this point the mayor rapped to order and sent for Engineer Kearney. The annual report of the city clerk on births, deaths and marriages was received and taken on file. Similar action was taken with the report of the wire inspector.

Roof Ordinance

An ordinance for the roofing of buildings with fireproof material, to go into effect in 1928, was presented by the board of trade.

Mr. Warnock moved the passage of the order. The mayor called to attention the fact that the ordinance will go into effect in 1928. He said people who put on new roofs on their buildings this year expect the coverings will last more than 10 years. Secretary Bolger of the board of trade said, according to contractors, a shingle roof will not last more than eight years. Mr. Morse said the shingle roofs on his buildings do not last more than 10 years. Mr. Bolger said the ordinance was not presented to cause any hardships on property owners, but to have the insurance rates lowered if possible. The ordinance was adopted.

An order instructing the commissioner of finance to transfer the interest payments from May to July was adopted.

Sidewalk Loan Again

City Engineer Kearney, in relation to the proposed \$5000 sidewalk loan, said the repair of sidewalks comes under maintenance.

While Mr. Brown was questioning Mr. Kearney, Mr. Morse made a remark and Mr. Brown requested Mr. Morse not to show his ignorance by butting in, and Mr. Morse replied that Mr. Brown was the ignorant man if ignorant men there was in the council.

Mr. Kearney then said the order was for new sidewalks and the money is to be refunded later by the abutters. Mr. Morse referred to several sidewalks he will have to relay and he was told by Mr. Kearney that the money for such work will be taken out of the paving loan.

Mr. Morse then reviewed the work done in Appleton street and he also referred to the Tawtucket bridge. Mr. Warnock interrupted by requesting to proceed with the business. The order was laid on the table.

Money For Macadam

An order for the borrowing of \$25,000 for macadam paving to be done under specifications approved by the state highway commission was introduced by Mr. Morse.

Mr. Brown said he did not believe the specifications are followed. He said last year \$70,000 was spent and the year previous \$60,000 was expended, and the streets went to pieces a short time later.

Mr. Morse—When you were commissioner of streets you built streets and I had to do them over again after a short time.

Mr. Warnock said the business men of back Central street are complaining over the delay of the work at Hosford square and Mr. Morse said the cold weather has delayed him, but he will do the work at once. The order for a \$25,000 loan was laid on the table.

The mayor was authorized to enter into an agreement with the N.Y. & H.R. railroad for the lease of the tracks in the rear of the Chelmsford street hospital.

The contracts of John Brady and the city for sand and that of Patrick Cogger and the city also for sand were approved.

An order for the installing of a gas-light between Second and Third streets was adopted. An order for the installing of electric lights in Highland, Chauncey, Third and Boylston streets and Belrose avenue and Garden road was adopted.

Street Sprinklers

The following order in relation to the street water sprinkling was adopted after the mayor had reported on his conference with Receiver Donham of the Bay State Street Railway Co.:

Whereas, the receiver of the Bay State Street Railway company has refused to continue the contract with the American Car Sprinkler company for the use of wires, power and track for its sprinkling cars in the city of Lowell at the rate of three dollars per day for each car operated, and has offered to furnish said power, wires and track for use of said cars at 22 cents per mile per car in substitution for the charge of three dollars per day, it is, therefore, ordered that the city of Lowell modify its contract with the American Car Sprinkler company, dated 1915, by striking out in said contract, wherever it appears therein, the charge of three dollars per day for power, wires and track for each car operated, and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

There shall be paid to the American Car Sprinkler company for the use of wires, power and track per car mile operated, 22 cents, with a minimum charge of three dollars per day for each and every day or fraction thereof that the car is in service on the streets for sprinkling, with the further understanding that in no event shall the amount to be paid be less than three dollars per car per day multiplied by two-thirds of the total number of days from the beginning of the sprinkling season of 1918 until its close.

It is nevertheless understood that the

Superfluous Hair DeMiracle

DeMiracle, the original sanitary liquid, operates on an entirely different principle from any other product. It is the only hair remover by attaching it under the skin. Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. A bottle contains enough to remove hair from the face, neck and arms, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

FREE book with testimonials of high test authorities explains what causes hair on face, neck and arms, why it increases and how DeMiracle removes it. Send to plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 120th St., New York.

said minimum charge of three dollars per day per car is to be applied only on such day or days when the mileage of a car operated is less than thirteen and seven-eleventh miles.

For Paving Blocks

A requisition for the purchase of 175,000 paving blocks was presented by Mr. Morse. Mr. Brown said he believed it would be cheaper to employ cutters to recut old blocks and such action would help the government by not using cars. Mr. Morse said it is costing \$5 a day for each cutter and the re-cutting of so many blocks would mean a great expense. The requisition was approved.

Mr. Warnock was authorized to repair the roof of the Central fire station at a cost not to exceed \$150.

License Commissioner

Mr. Warnock moved and Mr. Brown seconded that a ballot be taken for the election of a license commissioner.

The result of the vote was as follows:

Mr. Brown—Joseph H. McGrath.
Mr. Donnelly—Thomas P. Boulger.
Mr. Morse—John J. Mullaney.
Mayor Thompson—Edward Fisher.
McWarnock—Joseph H. McGrath.
Fifteen other ballots were taken with the same result.

Other Business

The sewer assessment on Orchard street as approved at the last meeting was amended so that it now reads as \$69.75.

A second petition was received from the U.S.C. in relation to the closing of the southerly portion of Market street to pedestrians and a hearing was set for next Tuesday at 10 a. m.

Thomas H. Platt petitioned for permission to move a barn from 47 Canada street to lots 31-32 Maine street, and next Tuesday was set as the date of the hearing. At 11:45 o'clock adjournment was taken until next Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CUNNINGHAM—The funeral of Oscar Cunningham will take place Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

COTTER—The funeral of Mrs. Mary E. Flood Cotter will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from her home, No. 19 Oliver street. A solemn high funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DOHERTY—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Doherty will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her niece, Mrs. Catherine Fleming, 624 Broadway, at 8 o'clock. High mass of requiem at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MOORE—The funeral of William T. Moore will take place on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary E. Harrington, 43 Walnut street, at 9:40 o'clock. At St. Peter's church at 10:30 o'clock a funeral mass of requiem will be celebrated. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

WELCH—The funeral of Miss Bridget Welch will take place Wednesday morning from her late home, 43 Walnut street, at 9:40 o'clock. At St. Peter's church at 10:30 o'clock a funeral mass of requiem will be celebrated. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

MONTH'S MIND MASS

A month's mind mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church tomorrow (Wednesday) morning at 8 o'clock for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Catherine Casey.

DEATHS

BEDARD—Albert, infant son of Alfred and Amelia Bedard, aged 9 months and 5 days, died last night at the home of his parents, 28 Howard street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

COTTER—Mrs. Mary E. Flood Cotter, wife of C. Charles Cotter, died yesterday afternoon at St. John's hospital. Besides her husband she leaves three sons, C. Edward Cotter, Fred A. and Royal H. Cotter; one daughter, Mrs. Frank Callahan; two grandchildren; two sisters, Mrs. Margaret Choate and Mrs. Elita Cluff. The body was taken to her home, 19 Oliver street, by Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

EGGIMIO—Sartori, infant son of Cesar and Mary Eggimio, aged 5 months, died last night at the home of his parents in Short avenue, North Chelmsford.

GAGNON—Mrs. Louis Gagnon, nee Marie Morin, aged 65 years and 10 months, died last night at her home, 181 Mt. Hope street. She leaves her husband; four sons, Joseph, John, Edouard and John; three daughters, Mesdames Emeline Boullianne, Amanda McNeilville and Eugenie Martin, all of Canada; two brothers and eight sisters.

MOORE—William T. Moore, aged 34 years, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary E. Harrington, 43 Walnut street. He leaves one sister, Mrs. Harrington; two brothers, John H. and Charles D. Moore.

PROCTOR—The many friends of Miss Fannie M. Proctor of Lowell will regret to learn of her death, which occurred at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Inez Marsh Jones, West Somerville, Mass., April 26. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, where Rev. Appleton Grannis conducted the services in the chapel. Besides her niece, deceased leaves a nephew, Proctor J. Marsh of Lowell.

TAYLOR—Alice C. Taylor, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Taylor, died last evening at the home of her parents, 34 Bourne street, aged five months. She leaves her parents; two sisters, Evelyn and Charles; and two brothers, Garnier, Benjamin, Boyden, Charles and Ervin Taylor, all of this city.

VENDETTE—Sigefroid Vendette, a

Stock of This Entire Floor on Sale FRIDAY AT CHERRY'S

ENTIRE GARMENT STOCK OPERATED BY GIMBEL BROS. & CO. SOLD TO CHERRY & CO.

THIS WAS The Home of the Gimbel Stock

AU BON MARCHE

COME WEDNESDAY AND GET THESE WONDERFUL BARGAINS

Wonderful Lot of Suits

To be sold at \$25.00, sold formerly up to \$39.75; and they are Gimbel's latest arrivals

\$25.00

(Main Floor)

COATS

Beauties—Gimbel's just received them. Made to sell as high as \$42.50.

\$22.75

(Main Floor)

Beautiful Dresses

Afternoon models—some of the smartest models of the season; Gimbel's regular \$35.00 Dresses. At.....

\$18.75

(Second Floor)

During This Sale We Will Offer From Our Own Regular Stock—Many Sample and Novelty Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Etc., at Greatly Reduced Prices

200 Wash Skirts from Gimbel's stock marked to sell from \$1.98 to \$2.98.

90c

(In Basement)

Gimbel's Best Suits, sold up to \$39.75. All at one price,

\$22.50

(Main Floor)

150 Newest Silk Taffeta Dresses, splendid assortment, dandy models. Gimbel's

\$9.35

(Entire Choice in Basement)

Gimbel's Best Coats, sold by them up to \$29.50. All at

\$17.50

(Main Floor)

Waists—The entire Gimbel waist stock, that sold as high as \$2.00 each, to be offered on the Second Floor, Waist

\$1.00

Dept. At.....

Children's Coats—The entire Gimbel Children's Coat stock, that sold as high as \$8.00, to be offered on the Third Floor,

\$4.00

Children's Dept. At.....

Separate Skirts—The entire Gimbel Separate Skirt stock, that sold as high as \$5, in the Basement at

\$2.50

120 Taffeta Plain and Changeable Silk Petticoats; \$5.00 and \$6.00 value.

\$3.75

At.....

Children's Gingham School Dresses—Gimbel's Stock Price up to 98c. Choice

55c

(Children's Dept., Basement)

50 Silk Dresses in Crepe de Chine and Summer Novelties—all fresh in Gimbel's Stock—just landed at Au Bon Marche last week, sold up to \$25.00.

\$14.44

(Second Floor)

70 Serge Dresses—good assortment of navys—good line of sizes. Gimbel's price \$14.75. Entire choice

\$8.95

(Second Floor)

White Waists from the Gimbel Stock—about 37 dozen—never been out of the box—their prices from \$1.75 to \$2.75—offer-

90c

(Second Floor)

200 Women's Cloth Suits—the Gimbel's Prices up to \$20.00—take a glance at

\$10

(In Basement)

300 Cloth Coats—and let us say that they are the greatest values in the city of Lowell. Gimbel's Prices up to \$20, to be offered at—

\$7, \$10, \$12

(In Basement)

Fibre Silk Coat Sweaters—New, fresh lot in Gimbel's stock marked to sell at \$7.00. Choice at.....

\$3.65

(Basement)

500 Satcen and Heatherbloom Petticoats, black and colors. Gimbel's price \$1.98. Choice

\$1.00

(Basement)

100 Silk Poplin Dresses, in splendid spring shades. Gimbel's price \$10.00. Choice at.....

\$6.65

(Basement)

97 Novelty Fancy Silk Dress Skirts—very newest at present time—Gimbel's Price up to \$8.00. Choice at

\$3.85

(Main Floor)

High grade Afternoon Dresses, in chiffon taffeta with Georgette sleeves. Gimbel's Prices up to \$20. Choice

\$12.00

(Second Floor)

50 Dandy Cloth Suits, full range of sizes. Gimbel's Prices up to \$25.00. Choice at.....

\$15.00

(Main Floor)

50 Rain Coats, all of Gimbel's stock, were marked to sell at \$9.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00. Choice at.....

\$5.50

(Basement)

CHERRY & WEBB 12-18 John Street

Just One Application and the Hairs Vanish

(Toilet Talks)

Any woman can keep her skin free from unsightly hair or fuzz if she will follow these simple instructions: When hairy growths appear, apply a simple paste, made by mixing some water with powdered talcote. Apply this to hairy surface and after two or three minutes rub off, was the skin and the hairs are gone. This is a harmless treatment, but be sure you get the real talcote.

Our B.B. DESTROYER Actually Kills Bed Bugs Talbot's Chemical Store 40 MIDDLE ST.

FUNERALS

PECTEAU—The funeral of Alexis L. Pecteau was held yesterday afternoon from his home, Robin Hill road, South Chelmsford. Rev. Charles Ellis, pastor of the Chelmsford Centre Baptist church, officiated. Mrs. F. L. Roberts and Miss H. E. Symonds rendered appropriate selections. The Knights of Pythias lodge, No. 25, was represented by A. D. Allen, C. C. A. S. Goldman, E. C. John, M. P. and A. Summers, M. A. They also acted as bearers. Burial was in Pine Ridge cemetery, Rev. Mr. Ellis officiating at the grave. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Archambault & Sons.

WELCH—Miss Bridget Welch died yesterday at St. John's hospital after a lingering illness. She is survived by two brothers, John J. and Joseph S. and one sister, Miss Bella Welch, all of this city. She was a well known and highly respected resident of St. Peter's parish. The body was removed to her home, 43 Walnut street by Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

TONIC - UPBUILDER Stubborn Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds Try **Eckman's Alternative** For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results. \$2 Size now \$1.50 Price Includes War Tax. All Drugists, Eckman Laboratories Philadelphia.

Eczema Wash

A touch of D. D. D. to any Eczema sore or itching eruption and you'll be able to rest and sleep once more. Think—just a touch! Is it worth trying? Get a trial bottle! It costs 50c, 60c and \$1.00. Your money back if the first bottle does not relieve you.

D. D. D. DOWS, the Druggist

Katie Garrity took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertaker John F. Rogers, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The funeral cortege then proceeded to St. Peter's church where a solemn high mass of requiem was sung at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Peter Linehan, assisted by Rev. Fr. Daniel J. Kelleher, Ph.D., as deacon and Rev. Fr. Francis Shea as sub-deacon. The bearers were David A. Mahoney, John P. Martin, George Fralick and Thomas Gill. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Peter Linehan. Undertaker John F. Rogers in charge.

McCARTHY—The funeral of Mrs. Annie F. McCarthy took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late home, 337 Perry street, and wended its way to the immaculate Conception church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. Owen McQuaid, O.M.I. There were several beautiful floral offerings and numerous spiritual bouquets. The bearers were Messrs. John Morrison, Thomas Morrison, James Morrison, John Zippa, John Neylon and Daniel King. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, the committal prayers being read at the grave by Rev. Fr. McQuaid, O.M.I. The funeral was largely attended and

under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Brothers.

STACINOS—The funeral of Nicholas Stacinos took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 316 Suffolk street. Services were held at the Holy Trinity Greek church. Burial took place in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertakers C. H. Stollery's Sons.

WELCH—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Welch took place this morning at 8 o'clock from her late home, 53 Concord street, and was largely attended by

sorrowing relatives and friends. The funeral cortege proceeded to the immaculate Conception church where, at 9:45 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O.M.I. There was a wealth of beautiful floral tributes and many spiritual offerings. The bearers were Patrick Bridge, James Welch, James Gill, Edward James and John F. Foye. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the final prayers were read by Rev. Fr. McQuaid, O.M.I. Undertakers McDonough Sons in charge.

Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine bears signature

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

OVERSUBSCRIPTION OF THE LOAN

The vast oversubscription of the Third Liberty Loan demonstrates the fact that the country is waking up to the war. That 17,000,000 persons in the United States bought Liberty loans shows that the people who toil in the factories and workshops as well as those who direct large corporations and banking institutions are deeply interested in winning the war.

It is certainly encouraging to the men at the front to know that the people are ready to back them up so generously with the funds necessary to carry the war to a successful conclusion.

The leading essentials in a great war are men, money, ammunition, and moral support. All these we have in abundance and as soon as is practical all will be applied at the place best calculated to stop the progress of the Hun and to help Hindenberg in killing that million men, a brutal eventuality which he has vainly conjectured would win the war.

F. H. Goff, Cleveland banker, who has been nominated by President Wilson for the capital issues commission, says this:

"Our big job is to conserve the money of the country for the war-making power of the country. Our guiding rule will be to discourage any venture that is not essential to protection of public health or to prosecution of the war."

When every man and woman amongst us gets Mr. Goff's conception of war necessity soaked into him and her, plenty and thorough, we'll be in this war as we should be.

Money, nothing else, makes the soldiers, ships, guns, munitions, and food go across. The estimate for America's expenditure on her armies alone, in 1918, is 15 billions of dollars, not a dollar of which can we borrow from other peoples. We have already been called upon to subscribe for eight billions, the bulk of which has already been spent, or will be, this year. The present odds most decidedly favor a long-drawn-out war. Anyhow, we'll be downright foolish not to work with this in view.

Let every man and woman consider the effort that has been necessary to raise the eight billions and then consider that we've got to come forward with more billions, perhaps twice as much next year!

The guiding rule of every individual, as well as of Mr. Goff's commission, has got to be discouragement of every non-essential, to say nothing of the ever-growing necessity for our saving and producing more of the essentials.

Begin following this guiding rule, now and thus sustain the men who bear the heavy responsibility of conducting the war to a final success.

DROP NEEDLESS PROPAGANDA

Propaganda work in promotion of the war is very important but it must be wisely directed and not overdone.

It was by propaganda work that Germany overthrew Russia, almost overthrew Italy, weakened America, stirred Mexico, incited Ireland, tried to stir up revolt in India, and to advance the cause of German domination in every other country of the world. Propaganda work is necessary to overcome the efforts of Germany in disseminating lies and thus misleading the people of every civilized land.

It will require varied and active work to combat the lies which Germany circulates wherever possible. It is most amazing to find how complete and perfect is her propaganda system all over the world.

The government must conduct this propaganda to be effective; but we notice a tendency on the part of a great many civilian or semi-military bodies to engage in this work to an extent that is clogging the mails.

Notice the heavy loads the letter carriers have to take out on their routes every morning. In former years their heaviest loads were around the Christmas time; but the greatest glut of past years was not a circumstance to what is carried in the mail nowadays. The parcel post, of course, has increased the number of packages, but the main increase comes from the propaganda output, not from the government so much as from the scores of other bodies engaged in war activities of one kind or another and all using the mails to connect with newspapers, public bodies and even individuals. It would be well in our opinion if some of the independent bodies would curtail their output as non-essential. Not more than one-fourth of what reaches newspaper offices is of any earthly use and we are appraised by a gentleman who knows that a very large part of the war work publications addressed to individuals, reaches the waste basket without being read.

As in transportation by rail or water non-essential freight is being omitted, so in this propaganda work, all that is useless, cumbersome and unreadable should be eliminated, so that there will be more opportunity to handle what remains in a proper manner.

DRIVE OUT BOOTLEGGERS

The bootleggers who in spite of all protests persist in attempting to sell liquor to soldiers must be driven out. Six of them were caught here Saturday and Sunday and turned over to the federal authorities for trial and punishment.

It is very strange that men are so degraded as to act in defiance the

since been developed as the most barbarous form of piracy ever attempted anywhere.

The Lusitania was a British ship, but many of the Americans who were passengers lost their lives. Even that act of slaughter did not bring the American people to a state of mind in which they would approve a declaration of war.

The man who set the world afire is dead. Gavrio Prinz killed the heir to the Austrian throne. Archduke Franz Ferdinand and wife, and the event was seized by Germany as a cause of war, that in reality did not concern her. Germany had been looking for a pretext to launch a bloody war and this event gave her the opportunity she wanted. She would like to get out of it now if she got away with the spoils, but she can't. The war will go on until Germany is subdued.

Last year the British loaned the Allies \$2,525,000,000 and the United States loaned them \$4,750,000,000. The British chancellor says England is no poorer because of what she loaned, as she got an equal amount from the United States and is therefore self-supporting.

SEEN AND HEARD

Storm windows are like winter flannels sometimes, as there are folks who are very careful not to take them off too early.

Among the most futile things in world—the conductor's request to the crowd in a street car to move up forward.

Once in a while we run across a person who says he is planning a trip if it doesn't rain, or will have a birthday if he lives, not taking anything for granted.

Occasionally one sees an old-fashioned couple taking a stroll, with the woman tucking her arm inside that of her escort, but the sight is becoming such a rarity that it causes comment.

Nobody Wants Them

Maybe the English language doesn't afford any other method of expressing it, but it does look rather odd to read a sign in a cemetery, "Desirable Lots for Sale," when everybody knows that the best of them are far from desirable.

Somehow They Manage

The children, all grown up and like

most of the present generation inclined to constitute themselves advisers to their old-fashioned parents, scoffed and made fun when they heard about it. But pa and ma, who are simple folks, don't know what camouflage means. They were going to a church concert and the old gentleman was slowly struggling in a tight, stiff white collar. Exertions, attendant upon normal breathing had broken the collar button. So when he stepped into a store to buy another he advised his wife to go along, pick out a seat and wait. This she did, but took no chances, and so explained to the usher why she wanted a rear seat, telling him all about the broken collar button. When pa arrived the usher asked if he was the man who had made repairs to his neckgear, was given an affirmative answer and escorted to his wife's seat. That all this explanation of personal affairs wasn't necessary was the contention of the children, but pa and ma insisted that so long as it was the truth and brought results it was the best thing to do.

Oh, Very Well—

He came in while we were trying to read a book. I think of something to write in this space, and chirped, "Say good!" Why is a slacker like Custer? "Gwan ask me!" "Give up!" "Go on!" says we. And he yodled. "Because it's yellow all through and I haven't any crust to go over the top!" So, we're very much obliged, Jim Cleary, we'll just use that for a stunt today. Why not?

Reckless Auto Drivers

It would be a good idea if the police department showed some signs of activity in ridding the community of reckless automobile drivers who have an utter disregard for the safety of pedestrians, who also "burn" up the road at a rate of speed that endangers other motorists as well as pedestrians. This scorching is not confined to the roads in the suburbs, but also in the thickly populated sections of the city. Several years ago, traps were laid by the department and scores of violators of the law were brought into court and fined. The imposing of a few lines on guilty ones at the present time would do much good. The Pawtucket boulevard, Princeton boulevard, Rogers street and Andover street are fast becoming regular speedways, while Smith street, which is used by nearly all the autoists going to and from Camp Devens, is fast developing into a speedway. Even through the streets in the centre of the city, some machines are operated at a rate of speed much beyond the limit set by law. Another violation which is pre-

valent is that of automobile drivers passing within eight feet of electric cars when the latter are stopped to take on or leave passengers.

The Sky's the Limit

Oh, Jacky on the salty seas and Sammy at the front, it's yours to do the heavy work, you bet you! You have the heavy job to do, you've got to bear the brunt, and we've no other choice except to let you; But if your troubles trouble you, consider now and then (And may it will help you not to mind 'em). There are always one more billion bones and one more million men, and always just as many more behind 'em.

We don't want to waste a billion, or much less to waste a million. But we're with you to the utmost jot and tittle. For to help out human freedom we'll do anything we can. And compared to what you're up against, it's little. So, tell Giovanni, Tommy, Jacques and all the gang we'll be with you. Until they grin like little Jacky Horner.

There are always one more billion bones and one more million men, and they're on the way and just around the corner. Your Uncle Sam's in earnest and his earnest means a heap. And he usually finds away to show it. He's slow to show his wrath, and some folks say he's been asleep. But when he wakes he's wide awake, and you know it! It's hard for us to read from picture and from pen; The things you see so well, they almost blind you. But always one more billion bones and one more million men. Are coming, coming, coming right behind you.

EDMUND VANCE COOKE.

Mayflower's Message

Flowers have always been more or less associated with romance and many an inspired poet or writer has delicately entwined the two in a delightful song or interesting story. But usually, the little romance was but a part of the poet's mind, a thing of beauty, but not of stability. However, war, pregnant with romance and stability, has uncovered a story founded on real fact in which a Lowell soldier plays the leading role.

Sergeant John Fairburn, a former Fletcher street boy, but now serving with a Canadian ambulance detail at the St. James street military hospital, at St. John, N. B., has found even in the horrors of a military hospital in the greatest of wars, the real power of a little bunch of mayflowers. A lady—we didn't get her first name—was riding in a street car in St. John recently, and it happened that the Lowell soldier was also among those present. The soldier was evidently greatly attracted to the bunch of mayflowers which the lady was carrying and the latter, noticing the interest of the boy in olive drab, offered him a small bunch of the flowers. The sergeant was delighted with them and on his way back to the hospital indulged in their fresh fragrance and there came a flood of awakened memories of woods down on Clark road, where spring flowers may be found.

Returning to the hospital and making his usual rounds of the wards, he carried the mayflowers with him and there came a happy look on the faces of the wounded men who, a few weeks or months before, had been in the midst of an earthly hell.

"Hey, sergeant, let's look at the blossoms; they're just like the ones we have on our farm!" cried one poor chap who was suffering from a terrible shrapnel wound in his back. "Sergeant, can I have a small?" And so it went on from bed to bed. The fragrant and delicate flowers awakened a smile, aroused a laugh or brought forth a flood of memories as the Lowell sergeant strode through the wards.

Finally he came to the pneumonia ward where very sick patients are kept. Here the bunch of wildflowers found a place beside the bed of a country boy who was bravely fighting for strength. There came a faint smile and the faint whisper: "Home flowers, sergeant? I picked mayflowers like these when I was at home."

The sergeant's heart was strangely stirred as he bent down to the sick boy and said: "Would you like me to write to your mother?"

"Would I?" came the faint whisper. "It would be just the best thing that ever happened. A little note, signed in Nova Scotia, a weary, old, heart-burdened mother on a farm where mayflowers bloom. And some of the blossoms with it, too, and the ending: 'Not yet.'"

And as the Lowell sergeant wrote home recently to his friends: "Thank God for a little bunch of mayflowers!"

WOMEN'S CLUB HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

The Middlesex Women's club held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon and the usual routine matters were taken up. The following officers for 1918-19 were elected, all of them being re-elected with the exception of the three directors:

President, Mrs. Flora M. Boardman; vice presidents, Mrs. Louise Nesmith, Mrs. Grace C. Perham, Mrs. Amelia Sherman; recording secretary, Miss Mary A. Shattuck; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Gertrude H. Martin; treasurer, Mrs. Annie B. Robertson; chairman of finance, Mrs. Emma F. Thompson; directors, Mrs. Gertrude K. Butler, Miss Helen F. Hill, Mrs. Grace L. Humphrey.

The reports of the following officers and committee chairmen were read and listened to with great interest: Recording secretary, Miss Mary A. Shattuck; the treasurer, Mrs. Robertson; the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Martin; chairman of committee on war work, Mrs. Harry Prescott Graves; also report of committee on Consumers' League bakery investigation, by Mrs. Graves; secretary of Garden club, Miss Helen Noyes; program committee, Miss Maud Lancaster; and the president, Mrs. Boardman.

Delegates to the annual meeting of the State Federation, to be held in Boston early in June were chosen as follows: Mrs. G. Frost Martin, Mrs. C. P. Hobson, Mrs. E. G. Dumas, Mrs. W. B. Jackson, Mrs. F. W. Sherman, Mrs. C. P. Harris. The president, who is herself a delegate, was given power to appoint alternates as needed.

From the report of the treasurer it was found that the club has a working balance of over \$1000, besides cash assets in the bank to the amount of over \$4000.

The secretary reported that there were now 547 names on the waiting list. The club voted the approval of the buying of a third Liberty loan bond of \$500.

Following the business meeting, the retiring directors were given a reception in Middlesex hall. Those re-

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-lives"

"For two years, I suffered tortures from *Severe Dyspepsia*. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth. I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-lives' (or *Fruit Liver Tablets*) I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSIBANK.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

Living were: Mrs. E. R. Carney, Mrs. A. K. Chadwick and Miss Susie L. D. Watson; also two chairmen of department, Mrs. Con D. Burt, education, and Miss Mabel Nickerson, art. Mrs. J. Harry Boardman, the president, read the following report of the year's activities:

The President's Report

One year ago when assuming the office of president, this great nation had shortly before declared war. The question arose in the minds of many, should we continue to have a club program for the year? Certainly it has justified itself in bringing the Lowell public such speakers as Mr. Hay Belth, Isaac Marsson, S. K. Ralston and Miss Helen Frazer.

In combining the educational and civic committees for a committee on war work we were thus able to make this year's work more effective. Our special contribution to our local chapter of the American Red Cross amounted to \$388.73; to the state federation endowment fund for its work along war lines, \$152.75; the general federation victory drive fund, \$286.90.

Our club has bought two Liberty bonds of \$500 each, one of the second issue and one of the third. While this is an investment for ourselves we are being patriotic. The war work committee has contributed 98 good cheer hags to the Army and Navy league relief headquarters in Boston. We have co-operated with the local branch of the Council of National Defense in giving them the use of our hall for one lecture and three demonstrations of food conservation. Our home economics committee arranged one demonstration lecture on war-time cookery by Miss Alice Bradley. Rentals have been given to the extent of \$73, thus helping our income that much less. The question of income should not be considered when it is for our own enlightenment and an aid to the government. I merely quote these figures in passing that one may not say that this club has not done something as its share of war work. The sum total of our gift in moneys this year amounts to \$1037.33.

Our routine work has not been neglected, such as the yearly giving of Christmas boxes to some of the inmates of the City hospital, relief to the blind through the sub-committee of the adult blind, assisting in inspection work with the Consumers League and the sale of Red Cross seals.

To the school gardens the sum of \$27.75 has been contributed and expended in co-operation with the city beautiful committee. The fresh air school room of the Pawtucket school is the gainer to the extent of \$100 in equipment furnished by the education committee. The garden club under the chairmanship of Miss Anna Cutter has flourished for a year and is to continue for another. Who can say that its seeds have not borne fruit when one hears the splendid report of its work? Our membership in the Massachusetts Forestry association and the Consumers League continues for the year. The hospitality committee reports three receptions and one tea for the year. Of visitors' tickets there have been seven complimentary and 139 tickets sold for lectures and concerts. An honor roll has been started, with the name of Mrs. Laura C. Wiggins as our member doing work in France.

The changing from heatless Monday



STRAW HATS

Ready, when you're ready

The smartest styles from the best American manufacturers—and very stunning English and Italian straws.

Soft Collar season is on and the new things in soft collars await you in our furnishing goods department.

Batwing Bow Ties to go with soft collars—plain colors—small figured effects. Oriental patterns in a wonderfully broad variety. It is going to be a great "batwing" season, and what you want is here, 50c.

Putnam & Son Co.
166 Central Street.

"UREKA" IT MAKES DENTISTRY PAINLESS

The Only Place in Lowell. Ask Your Friends.

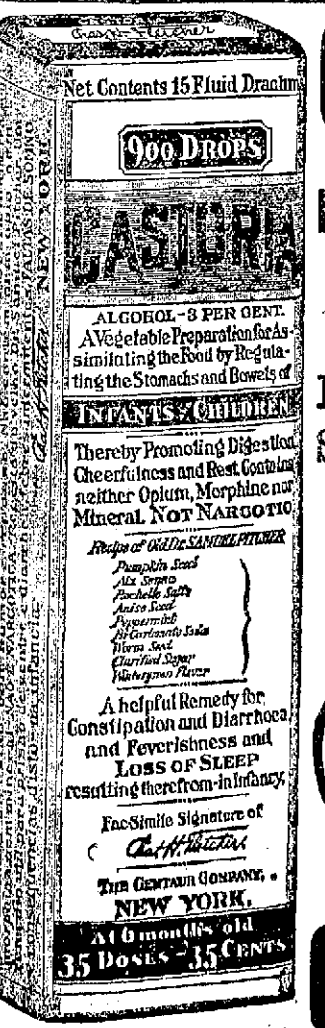
Moderate Charges For High Grade Work.

PAINLESS PARRA

Dr. Johan H. de la Parra, Dentist.
219 Central Street.

To Tuesday meant the rearrangement of the latter half of our program, no doubt an inconvenience to many members as well as our program committee; also the upsetting of our sub-rentals. These all had to be considered as well as curtailed. How many of you stop to think of these questions beyond the club program? The sub-rentals this past year are larger than ever before in the history of the club. The coming year ends us with our largest sub-rental gone, for the Christian Science people have moved into their own building. Too much credit cannot be given to the committee on sub-rentals, to the efficient and businesslike way in which the work of this committee is carried on, all of which makes for the success of the club and its program.

Three directors are retiring today after most efficient work as members of the council. The nominating committee has chosen successors who I am sure will try to fill their places. In closing, I thank you for your courtesy and patience during all the changes that have had to be made during the year.



CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Both Ends (Producer and Consumer) Against The Middle (The Packer)

The consumer wants to pay a low price for meat.
The farmer wants to get a high price for cattle.
The packer stands between these conflicting demands, and finds it impossible to completely satisfy both.

The packer has no control over the prices of live stock or meat, and the most that can be expected of him is that he keep the difference between the two as low as possible. He does this successfully by converting animals into meat and distributing the meat at a minimum of expense, and at a profit too small to be noticeable in the farmer's returns for live stock or in the meat bill of the consumer.

Swift & Company's 1917 transactions in Cattle were as follows:

	Average Per Head
Sold meat to Retailer for	\$68.97
Sold By-products for	24.09
Total Receipts	\$93.06
Paid to Cattle Raiser	84.45
Balance (not paid to Cattle Raiser)	\$ 8.61
Paid for labor and expenses at Packing House, Freight on Meat, and Cost of operating Branch distributing houses	7.32
Remaining in Packers' hands as returns on investment	\$ 1.29

The net profit was \$1.29 per head, or about one-fourth of a cent per pound of beef.

By what other method can the difference between cattle prices and beef prices be made smaller, and how can the conflicting demands of producer and consumer be better satisfied?



1918 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch, 572 Dutton St., Lowell, Mass.

THREAT TO RUIN RUMANIA

Czernin Delivered Brutal Ultimatum to King Ferdinand—Queen Fought Against Peace

LONDON, May 7.—Court Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, secretly visited Jassy in the latter part of February and delivered in person a verbal ultimatum of the most drastic sort from the Central powers to King Ferdinand of Rumania. It has become known with the arrival here of the American Red Cross mission to Rumania.

Count Czernin's visit was known of only in the highest official circles and the fact that it was paid is revealed now for the first time through the correspondent of the Associated Press, who accompanied the mission.

The reason for the visit was that the Germans and Austrians had determined to bring to a speedy conclusion the negotiations with Rumania and had decided that a threat delivered in person by the head of the Austro-Hungarian foreign office would be more effective than reams of documents.

Count Czernin arrived in Jassy about Feb. 25 and went straight to the king. His message was stern, unbending, ruthless. He told the king bluntly that Rumania must conclude peace on Germany's terms and do it immediately. There must be no further delays, and unless Rumania consented to a state of defection from the date of Count Czernin's sensational secret mission.

The Rumanian king saw no way out and a week later the formal peace negotiations were begun. The court and cabinet was in a state of defection from the date of Count Czernin's sensational secret mission.

Queen Marie fought bitterly against any of all peace talk from the beginning and she had the support of the crown prince and a considerable body of the Rumanian public. The king and cabinet, however, saw no possibility of escape. Three days before the negotiations were opened there was a crown council at which the subject of peace was fully discussed.

King Ferdinand spoke of the inevitability of peace and the hopelessness of Rumania's position. Most of the cabinet ministers agreed with him, some reluctantly, others almost enthusiastically. The crown prince listened to them impatiently. Finally he arose and, addressing the king said:

"I realize, sire, that you speak for the government, the army and a considerable body of our citizens, but I speak for the people, for every loyal Rumanian when I say that to accept such a peace would be humiliating and dishonorable and would cast a shadow on the hitherto unsullied page of Rumania's history."

The populace of Jassy showed great animosity against the Rumanian general, Averescu, who headed the premier of Rumania, a short time before Count Czernin made his visit to Jassy and who was generally responsible for the course taken by the peace negotiations.

The people of Jassy could not forget that Gen. Averescu was a former school chum of Field Marshal von Mackensen, an old great admirer and a student of German military methods.

It was generally believed that Count Czernin's visit to the Rumanian king was suggested to the enemy by Gen. Averescu, who a few days before had paid a secret visit to Field Marshal von Mackensen, without the approval of King Ferdinand or the Rumanian cabinet. Averescu immediately afterward became the acknowledged leader of the "peace-at-any-price party."

The initiating of the Rumanian treaty, announced from Berlin yesterday, will be a bitter experience for Queen Marie, who persisted for months in hoping against hope that it would be possible to avert the conclusion of what she regarded as a dishonorable peace. She has never wavered or faltered in her devotion to the cause of the entente allies and in her hostility to the central powers.

The queen received the Associated Press correspondent on the evening before the departure from Jassy. She expressed as she had done many times before, her warm sympathy and admiration for the American people, her thankfulness for what the United States had done for Rumania, particularly the work of the Red Cross, and her hope that fuller and better friendship would come with the end of the war.

As the queen mentioned the end of the war she could not refrain from expressing her firm belief that the only possible end would be victory for the entente and the reconstruction of Rumania. Her majesty had expressed with him a formal statement in her handwriting of her sentiments toward the American people and she had planned to have this delivered to the correspondent before his departure.

At the last moment, however, it was explained, the queen had been so deeply affected by her farewells to all the entente allied military and the Red Cross missions that she had been unable to write the message.

Another despatch from Berlin says that the complete peace agreement with Rumania will be signed either Monday or Tuesday.

ENORMOUS FUND TO FIGHT CONSCRIPTION

LONDON, May 7.—An enormous "national defense fund" is being collected by the church in Ireland, ostensibly to fight conscription, according to the Dublin correspondent of the Daily Mail. He adds that the church apparently does not care to accept responsibility for the manner in which the money is spent, and control of the fund has passed into the hands of the Sinn Fein. The lists of names of men who signed the anti-conscription pledge under the direction of the priests, is said to be in the hands of Sinn Feiners as a basis for a registration system.

"Conditions appear daily to be growing worse as nationalism is being spread further along on the Sinn Fein flood," continues the despatch. "Moderate men of the Irish convention have faded out of public recognition and it is quite obvious that whatever are the government's home rule proposals, they will be rejected contemptuously by the bulk of the country and denounced more passionately than was conscription."

YESTERDAY THE HOTTEST MAY 6 ON RECORD

BOSTON, May 7.—One death by lightning, one drowning and one prostration yesterday marked the end of the hottest May 6 on the records of the weather bureau.

The mercury jumped 35 degrees in eight hours and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon reached 88.

Coming so suddenly, all New England averted, while the soda fountains and parks did rushing business.

Mrs. Hannibal Howie of Freeport, Me., was killed by lightning at the seat by a window in her home. She was 20 years old and married recently. Patrick J. Martin, 31 years old, of 309 Adams street, Dorchester, was the other victim and was drowned while swimming in South Bay, Boston.

The first prostration of the year was that of Earl Davis of 38 Waltham street, a fireman on the New Haven railroad, who was overcome by the heat as he left his engine in the Dover street round house.

The heat wave struck Boston unannounced about 4 o'clock in the morning, when the mercury jumped from 51 to 52 degrees, and so on through the day until it had reached 88. In Portland, Me., the maximum was 85 degrees and all Maine began to realize that summer is on the way.

Bostonians noticed the change going to work and commuters on the later trains began shedding their coats. By noon shirtsleeves were in style throughout Greater Boston. At 3 o'clock more than one desk was decorated with a wilted collar.

Like the stars at dusk, straw hats began to blossom along Washington street and storekeepers who had seen what was coming earlier in the day, began to realize money on their stocks of summer headgear. Although straw hat day does not officially open until May 15, it was so hot that none of the wearers were accused of "rushing the season."

Mail carriers, police and firemen suffered in their winter clothing and vowed that they would not get caught napping today.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newsstand in the North station.

THE NEW FISHWAY

\$10,000 For Construction of Fishways In the Merrimack River

Governor Presents Quills to Former Senator Fisher and Mr. Simon B. Harris

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, May 7.—Included in the \$2,820,000 appropriation bill reported by the ways and means committee yesterday is an item of \$10,000 for the construction of fishways in the Merrimack river, in order to carry into effect the provisions of the resolve recently passed by the general court and signed last week by Gov. McCall.

In signing the resolve, the governor used two quills, one of which he has presented to former Senator Edward Fisher of Westford, in recognition of his efforts in securing the passage of the legislation, while the other is to be given to Simon B. Harris of Lowell, president of the Lowell Fish and Game association.

The resolve in its final form, as approved by the committee on bills in third reading, reads as follows:

Section 1. The board of commissioners on fisheries and game acting under the powers now vested in them by law in relation to fishways are hereby directed, during the current year, to provide, re-establish or construct suitable and sufficient fishways on the Merrimack river at Lawrence and Lowell.

Section 2. The damage and expense incurred hereunder shall, in accordance with the provisions of law and of this act, be borne by the owners of the dams located at said points on said river; but the said commissioners are hereby authorized to expend from an agreement with the owners of said dams whereby such portion, if any, of the said damage or expense as the commissioners may deem equitable, shall be assumed and paid by the commonwealth.

Section 3. Said commissioners are hereby authorized to expend from the treasury of the commonwealth, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, a sum not exceeding \$10,000 in addition to any sum that may be contributed for said purpose by any individual, association or municipality. All receipts and expenditures made hereunder shall be set forth in the succeeding annual report of said commissioners.

Section 4. Nothing contained in this act and no action of the commissioners hereunder shall be construed as a waiver or release on the part of the commonwealth of its right to compel the owners of said dams to construct and maintain said fishways, nor shall anything in this act, nor any action of the commissioners hereunder, be so construed as to impair the legal rights or remedies of any person or corporation.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

HOYT.
STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
MEN MAKING SURVEY OF HALE'S BROOK

As a result of activities on the part of the Ward 4 Improvement association, men representing the state department of health, are busy making



THE JAMES CO

Merrimack Street, Cor. of Falmer

DAINTY FROCKS

15⁰⁰

Value 18.50 to 22.50

A representative assortment of choice Dresses, comprising newest style ideas, expressing individuality and distinctiveness. Superior in quality, designing and workmanship. All the most wanted shades are represented.

a survey of Hale's brook and the land through which it flows. This work is being done in an endeavor to remedy sanitary conditions along the course of the brook, for some time ago the brook was declared to be a nuisance to residents in and about Gorham street.

As soon as the survey, which it is believed will cost about \$1000, is finished, the state department of health will report to the legislature and submit recommendations as to necessary work to be performed.

Representative Thomas Corbett of wards 4 and 5 is deeply interested in the project and is really the man behind.

LUSITANIA DAY

Big Liner Sunk Three Years Ago Today

BOSTON, May 7.—Three years ago today the steamship Lusitania was sunk by a German submarine off the south tip of Ireland, without warning. She went down in 15 minutes after she was struck at 2:15 o'clock in the afternoon. With her were lost 1198 persons, 124 of whom were Americans.

Many women and children were among the victims.

Previous to her departure from New York, the German embassy announced in newspaper advertisements that she was likely to be sunk. The German "Lusitania medal," which bears a reproduction of the sinking ship, was struck before the attack.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Charles Frohman, Lindon Bates, Jr., and Mr. and

Mrs. Elbert Hubbard were among those who were lost.

Observed in England

LONDON, May 7.—Today, the third anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania, will be observed by special prayers in many English churches and by services at the Lusitania cemetery in Queenstown. An American naval detachment will take part in the observance at Queenstown.

BRANDED BY GERMANS WITH IRON CROSS

BOSTON, May 7.—A story of the horrors of a German prison camp in East Africa, was told by John J. Mitchell, 25, a Zulu, at a hearing before the board of special inquiry at the immigration station on Long Wharf yesterday afternoon. For six months the man was confined in a German East African prison camp where he was half starved, branded and otherwise maltreated.

On his left forearm is tattooed a fac-simile of a German iron cross, about two inches square, with the numeral "3," the prisoner's number, alongside. The man suffered excruciating pain while his captors branded him with red hot electric needles.

Mitchell was a coal passer on a former German steamer seized by the

British and sunk off the Cape of Good Hope by a German raider.

Three of the stowaway force were killed by the explosion of a shell. The crew were taken from the boats on board the raider and landed at a German East African port.

The survivors were marched to the prison camp, where every one was branded. German officers and soldiers laughed at the sufferings of the seamen.

For nearly six months they were so closely guarded that there was no chance to escape. A few prisoners who attempted to cross the dead line were shot down by the guards. The white prisoners, according to Mitchell, were treated and terribly abused.

Gen. Smuts, in command of the British forces, attacked the town, and after six days of fighting the Germans were forced to capitulate. When a shell from British guns tore away part of the prison stockade, the prisoners hid in the bush until the following morning, when they sought the protection of the British flag.

They were treated by British doctors and cared for until they were able to leave.

Mitchell shipped on a British steamer bound to Boston with a cargo of wool, and on reaching here deserted and secured employment as a dock laborer with two other Zulus.

In the recent roundup by federal officers of aliens Mitchell was arrested. He admitted he had paid no head tax and was, therefore, in the country illegally. He was turned over to the immigration authorities for deportation.

Mitchell may not be deported, however, as he is a British subject and has convinced the immigration officials that he is not liable to become a public charge. The man, with his two companions, will probably be released today upon the payment of the \$8.00 head tax.

In good English he told the inspectors that his father is a farmer on the banks of Mozambique channel, East Africa. He gave his Boston address as 22 Woodbury street, Roxbury.

TO REDUCE THE PRICE OF MILK

BOSTON, May 7.—Indications are that the retail price of milk will be reduced from 14½ cents a quart to 13 and 13½ cents at a meeting today of the New England regional milk commission.

The commission met informally yesterday at the state house and went over

the milk question. It was decided not to fix a price until today. Philip R. Allen, chairman, stated after the conference that no agreement on a price had been reached and he or other members of the commission could not forecast any changes.

However, milk dealers have submitted figures of the supply and estimated supply, as well as general conditions surrounding productions and it is generally conceded that there will be some reduction for May and June. The prices on milk have already been lowered in Chicago and New York, large supply centers.

The present price of 14½ cents was last January. It was to hold until this last January. It was to hold until this month.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell, advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

Are You Still Young at Heart

Then Why Look Older Than You Feel?

Every woman is as young as she looks, so why let sentiment or prejudice prevent your keeping youthful as long as you wish?

Not long ago many women would not use face powders or cosmetics. Today, practically every woman knows their need and uses them. This is equally true of the hair color restorer. Thousands of women keep their hair dark and youthful with Q-ban Hair Color Restorer. It is not a dye, but a delightful toilet preparation which brings back the color and gloss as gradually and evenly as the natural renewing of the hair itself.

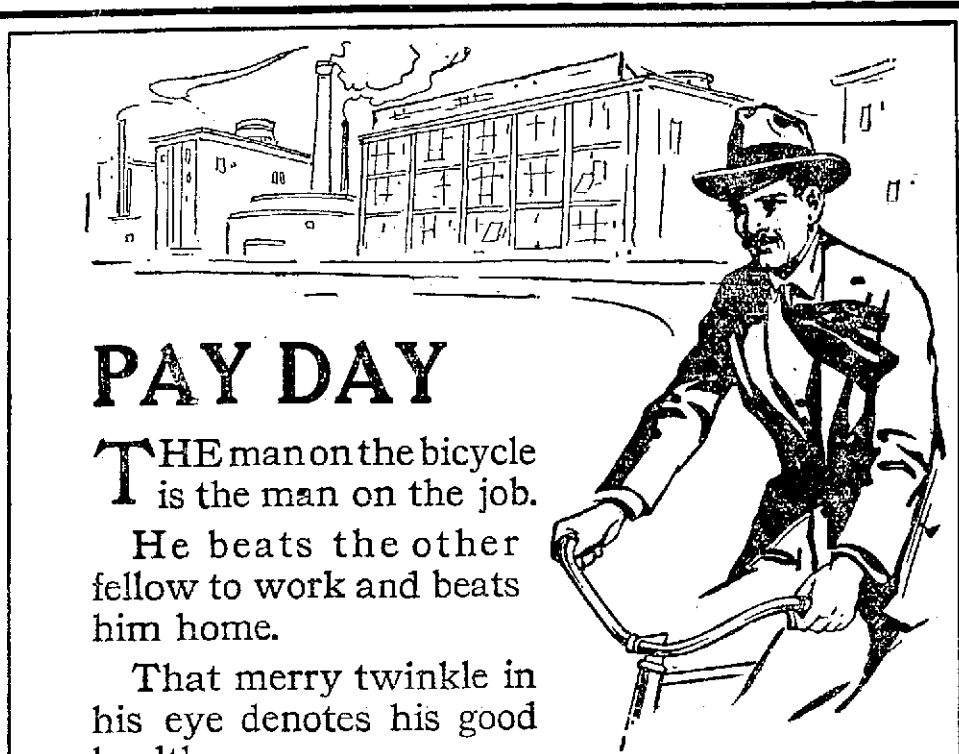
Q-ban will not stain the scalp, wash or rub off; and does not interfere with washing or waving the hair. Keeps it glossy and healthy. Guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded.

Sold by all good druggists everywhere, on Money-Back Guarantee. Price 75c.

TO REDUCE THE PRICE OF MILK

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The commission met informally yesterday at the state house and went over



PAY DAY

THE man on the bicycle is the man on the job.

He beats the other fellow to work and beats him home.

That merry twinkle in his eye denotes his good health.

The jingle in his pocket is carfare saved.

He may have to spend his days in a factory, but not his nights in a street car.

He doesn't have to race to dinner, at noon; he glides.

He doesn't get a scolding from his wife for being late.

He can give to his babies the time which he formerly gave to some railroad.

His appetite is good because he gets open-air exercise.

His work comes easy because he is all vigor.

His mental and physical alertness gives him greater earning capacity.

When Pay Day comes 'round he gets a fatter envelope.

Every American workman should

Ride a Bicycle

For Convenience, Economy and Health

National Bicycle Week, May 4 to 11

FOR CONVENIENCE

Ride a Bike

We Carry the Best

DAYTON
PIERCE

COLUMBIA
EMBLEM

NEW ENGLAND

FLYING MERKEL

Lowell Cycle Shop

98 Gorham Street

Tel. 508

JUROR RENDERS DEATH VERDICT WITH GUN

The red curse of German blood-money used in America has again withered the hands that touched it.

Two noted Hindu revolutionaries are today dead of its blight while 29 others who saw its glitter—fellow defendants in the gigantic Hun-Hindu conspiracy cases just concluded in San Francisco—await sentence.

The story of the tragic climax is the story of Ram Singh.

He was the "thirteenth juror" at the trials.

Tall, bearded, dark as a Punjab night, and with the sable turban of the fighting caste about his head, Ram Singh, the Sikh, sat among the indicted, day after day, saying never a word.

The cases closed. And as the 12 men filed out, the "thirteenth juror" who had sat in judgment upon his fellow conspirators, leaped like a tiger and spat his verdict and sentence from the muzzle of an automatic into the back of Ram Chandra, chief among the Hindu defendants.

A moment later he, too, fell dead to the U. S. marshal's barking gun.

The thing that had curdled Singh's heart and that had fanned a moment before he died with his victim, was the taint German money had brought into the international intrigue hatched in Berlin.

Both Ram Singh and Ram Chandra, editor of the revolutionary Gadar and



NEMESIS
Ram Singh, Hindu Sikh,
"Thirteenth Juror" at conspiracy trial.

moving spirit among Hindus in this country, had accused each other of misappropriating funds dedicated to the cause of Indian overthrow of British rule.

It was these charges and suspicions of graft that had determined issues in the trials, that had colored testimony, that had bred food and counter-foed among the accused.

It was the malevolent imprint of the German "mark." The toll of blood money among the dupes it was designed to influence. The death's head upon the coin of infamy.

Ram Singh believed that Ram Chandra had sold out the cause for a mass of payoffs. Chandra had made counter accusations in kind against the bearded Sikh. And friends rallied about both.

Government officials knew something of the bitter feud. Every day the two striking figures in the drama, together with the others, were searched for weapons.

Singh with his beard upon his breast and the smouldering eyes of the zealot, said nothing. Chandra watched him slantwise, distrustful of that oriental placidness. And after months of testimony of weird cere-



HIS VICTIM
Ram Chandra, prominent Hindu editor and revolutionary who died by Singh's gun.

monial hints in the courtroom and evidence linking up Berlin puppets in the abortive plot to strike England in the back through the United States the drama came to its close.

As the jury retired to find its verdict the placid features of the black juror whom the court had not empaneled, suddenly wrinkled to the deadly grimace of Nemesis.

Someone had smuggled him a gun. He snaked forward through the crowded courtroom, sent a stream of lead into Chandra's back and smiled an instant before the marshal's shot toppled him upon the body of his victim.

Ram Singh had rendered his verdict some six hours before the federal jury filed in with their conviction of 29 German-Hindu conspirators, including the two dead men.

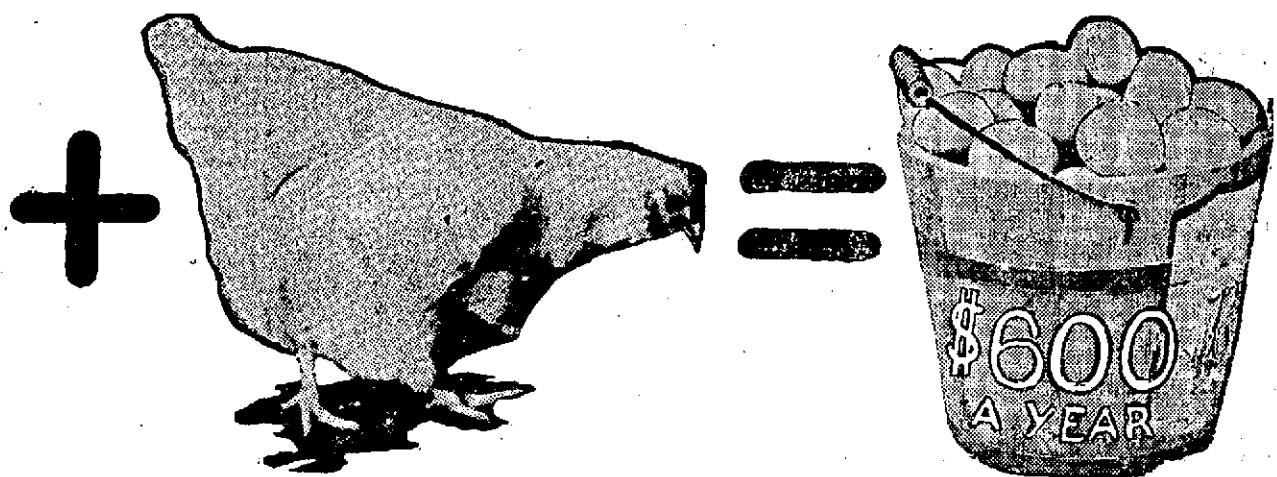
And the Kaiser's agents in the United States are today probably studying the judgment of Ram Singh, the Sikh, just as carefully as that of the impeached jurors in the famous conspiracy case.

Bright, Sears & Co.
WYMAN'S EXCHANGE
Bankers and Brokers
SECOND FLOOR



CHICKEN

PROFIT



HERE'S ONE WAY TO MAKE EVERY FOOT OF AMERICAN SOIL COUNT AGAINST THE KAISER

MRS. C. L. MCGEE SAYS:

"I make \$600 a year net from 60 chickens on a 40 by 50 backyard in Berkeley, California. I do it because I raise chickens scientifically, for meat and eggs.

That is the purely selfish stimulus—the \$600.

"The helpful contribution toward America's food production repre-

sented in this backyard ranch is that I add 12,000 eggs annually to the national supply from 200 square feet of ground.

"That's the patriotic stimulus.

"It takes but a few hours of my daily time. I am not using it as my livelihood but merely as an addition to our family income.

"My husband and I feel that it is almost criminal to allow a foot

of ground space to remain idle when every foot of American ground should be used to help the nation win the war.

"I know more about raising chickens than about writing. But I do want to give other folks helpful, practical details on how they can turn their backyards to interest-paying and patriotic use."

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing, Tobin's, Asso. Bldg.

J. F. Donohoe, 233 Hildreth Bldg.,

real estate and insurance. Telephone.

Twenty-seven members of the police department purchased \$500 worth of Liberty bonds of the third issue.

James P. Brosnan, son of Capt. James Brosnan of the police department, who is a member of the crew of the U.S.S. Mt. Vernon, arrived home last night for a furlough of several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Zephyrin Loranger of this city have returned from a pleasant automobile trip through New Hampshire, in the course of which they covered over 1000 miles.

Napoleon Pepin, who will be ordained to the priesthood at Sherbrooke, Que. June 23, was yesterday the guest of his brother, Nelson J. Pepin Third avenue. The young seminarist left last evening for Manchester, N. H., where he will be the guest of another brother, Henri.

Miss Florence Nesmith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nesmith, North Tewksbury, will soon leave to undertake cauteen work in France. She has been a member of the purchasing agent's department of the local Red Cross for the past two years.

A Buick roadster, owned by Dr. M. L. Alling, was stolen last night between 9 and 9.30 from in front of Rogers Hall school where the physician was making a call. About a

year ago an automobile was stolen from Dr. Alling and was found abandoned the following day on the Pawtucket boulevard.

The local branch of the Red Cross has received sufficient wool to manufacture 200 sweaters to be forwarded to Lowell men at Ayer, and this wool will be distributed in the order of application until it is exhausted. Lowell women who have sweaters completed are asked to turn them in to headquarters as soon as possible.

The annual May procession of the children of St. Mary's parish in Lawrence will be held, weather permitting, Sunday, May 19, Pentecost Sunday. Hundreds of Lowell people witness the May processions in the down-river city every year.

A large Old Glory was raised to the breezes at the Dutton street entrance to the Saco-Lowell shops this noon when a number of the employees gathered at 12.45 to pay homage to the national banner. Mayor Perry D. Thompson and Chief Yeoman Henry C. Tucker of the local navy recruiting station addressed the gathering.

French Leighton, son of Mrs. Mary Dunlap-Leighton, who has been engaged in the transport service of the government as chief commissary steward on one of the converted German liners, spent the week-end with his mother in this city. Mr. Leighton has completed four trips across the Atlantic and to denote the fact he wears a gold bar and cross on his left sleeve. On his most

recent trip across the Lowell boy met three young men of this city who were going "over there" as members of the Quartermasters' Corps.

John J. Williamson and wife of Bellevue street, and Mrs. Williamson's sister, Mrs. Fred Wilson of Westford street, are enjoying Canadian scenery by motor and are in Ontario at the present time. It is Mr. Williamson's first real vacation in years and he is going to make it a good one. He purchased a new touring car not long ago and after familiarizing himself with it, determined on a motor trip that will continue for several weeks and places to be visited will include his old home in Glengary county, Ontario.

ANOTHER WARM DAY

Today proved to be another hot one, but proved to be more bearable than yesterday. At noon, the official thermometer at the Locks and Canals registered 79 degrees, while Page's thermometer showed the mercury five points higher. The showers scheduled for last night failed to materialize in this vicinity, though there were showers within 25 miles of Lowell.

Riding on the suburban routes of the Bay State was heavy yesterday during the evening hours, many people taking short trips into the country in order to escape the heat in the city.

If you want quick returns try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

COBURN'S PAINTS AND FINISHES



After all, it is the paint that serves its purpose well, beautifully and longest that satisfies those who live in its presence from day to day



Coburn's Interior Varnish, qt. 60c
Coburn's Floor Varnish, qt. 68c
No. 1 Furniture Varnish, qt. 68c
Cabinet Rubbing Varnish, qt. 74c
Ex. No. 1 Furniture Varnish, qt. 75c
Coburn's White Damar, qt. 88c
Elastic Floor Finish, qt. 94c
Coburn's Preservative, qt. 97c
One Coat Coach Varnish, qt. 1.09
Coburn's Spar Varnish, qt. 1.25

Black Screen Paint, pt. 24c
Lowell Silver Finish, can 26c
Stove Enamel, pt. 30c
Lowell Gold Finish, can 35c
Bath Tub Enamel, 1/2 pt. 42c
Refrigerator Enamel, 1/2 pt. 42c
Harrison Oil Stains, qt. 60c
Floor and Deck Paint, qt. 80c
Carriage Paint, reg. shades, qt. 90c
Japanese Enamel, qt. 1.00

Monarch Paint Remover, qt.\$1.00
Monolac, in colors, qt.\$1.10
U. S. N. Deck Paint, r. s. gal.\$1.15
Red Roof Paint, gal.\$2.30
Anoxide, for iron, gal.\$2.60
Vagon Paint, gal.\$2.70
Old Colony Paint, r. s. gal.\$2.95
Rice's Mill White, gal.\$2.95
Sanitary Flat, gal.\$3.00
T. & C. Paint, reg. shades, gal. \$3.75

Go to Coburn's for Driers, Brushes, Paint Remover, Colors in Oil, Pure Turpentine, Matheson Lead Co.'s Strictly Pure White Lead, Salem (Dutch Boy) Pure White Lead, as well as every other painting need.

FREE COLOR CARDS Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
63 MARKET STREET

News of Paramount Interest to the Ladies of Lowell and Vicinity

Wednesday and Thursday till noon we will place on sale, to make room for new summer goods, all our late spring



COATS and SUITS



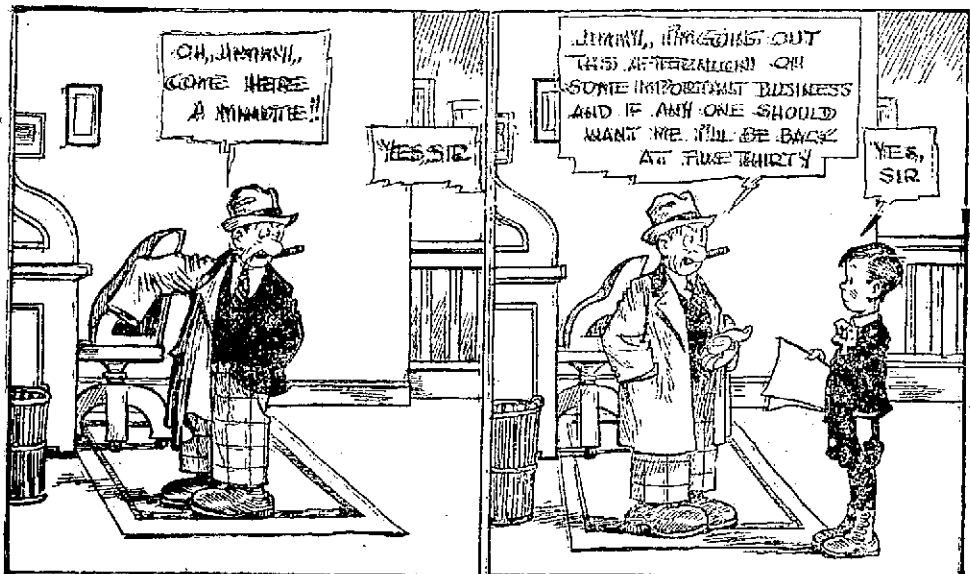
At \$15.00 and \$18.50

The Store That Gives Values

Boston Ladies' Outfitters
94 MERRIMACK ST. 45-49 MIDDLE ST.

The Store That Is Growing

JIMMY HAD THE RIGHT DOPE



fans, window stands, large double
portable baker's ovens made by
named goods, baker's pans, and

U.S. TROOPS CONTINUE TO REACH FRONT IN FORCE

Sensational Charges Made at Investigation of Aircraft Situation in Congress

FAIL TO ELECT LICENSE BOARD MEMBER

PARIS, May 7.—American troops are continuing to arrive on the front in force, Premier Clemenceau told Marcel Hutin, editor of the Echo de Paris, on returning today from a two days' visit to the front area. The premier brought back, he said, a feeling of confidence in the invincibility of the Entente forces.

NICARAGUA DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, May 7.—Nicaraguan congress today declared war on Germany and her allies.

TODAY'S CASUALTY LIST

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The casualty list today contained 41 names, divided as follows:

Killed in action, four: died of wounds, two; died of disease, five; died of other causes, one; wounded severely, 15; wounded slightly, 13; missing in action, one.

Lieut. Edmund J. La Porte of Plainfield, N. J., was the only officer named. He died of disease.

The list follows:

Killed in Action
Corp. Herman Bjornhang, Tofta, Minn.; Privates Oscar C. Griffith, Gadsden, Ala.; Marcus Jones, Minneapolis, Minn.; Julius F. Muller, Missouri Valley, Ia.

Died of Disease
Lieut. Edmund J. La Porte, Plainfield, N. J.; Corp. James P. Whalen, Jr., Hartford, Conn.; Privates Claude Henderson, Hannan, Ark.; Andy Martin Lang, Racine, Wis.; John Peet, Hollygrove, Ia.

Died of Wounds
Privates Willis Booths, Hanson, Okla.; Giovanni Cavallari, Torrington, Conn.

Died of Other Causes
Private Malcolm Collum, Naborton, La.

Wounded Severely
Serg. Clarence A. Baugher, Elkton, Md.; Corp. Orlando L. Graham, Avon, Mass.; Cook James P. Cutter, Brook-

lyn, N. Y.; Horseshoe Joseph Schubert, Ford City, Pa.; Privates Homer B. Jenkins, Stanley, Va.; John D. Kennedy, Portland, Ore.; John E. Maxfield, Sale Lake City, Utah; Henry Monaco, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Jack W. O'Connor, Ross, Cal.; Clarence Odell, Spokane, Wash.; John I. Potter, Orient, N. Y.; Thomas Rodvanski, Chicago; Leslie Sexton, Huntsville, Tenn.; George C. Undutch, Baltimore; Maurice Walters, Detroit.

Wounded Slightly
Corp. George B. Kardasenko, Auburn, Pa.; Musician Edgar L. Buchen, Decatur, Ill.; Cook Harry J. Robinson, Boston; Privates Herbert A. Clark, Sacramento, Cal.; Carlton S. Gynne, Elk Grove, Cal.; Raymond E. Coons, Menard, N. Y.; Britton O. Handley, Greenville, Tenn.; Adolph Hirsch, New York; Carl P. Hoffman, Oregon City, Ore.; Clarence C. Kellogg, Decatur, Ill.; Patrick J. Luby, Elizabeth, N. J.; Alexander D. McKear, Wollaston, Mass.; William J. Pinkston, Christiana, Tenn. Missing in Action
Private Louis K. Ziegler, Deep River, Conn.

LaPorte a Newspaperman
PLAINFIELD, N. J., May 7.—Lieut. Edmund J. La Porte, mentioned in today's Washington casualty list as having died of disease in France, was a newspaperman. He won a commission at an officers' training camp at Chattanooga, Tenn., and sailed in January. He was born in Brooklyn, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred La Porte.

FAVORABLE REPORT ON OVERMAN BILL

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The Overman bill granting broad powers to the president to reorganize and co-ordinate government departments, was ordered favorably reported to the house today by the judiciary committee, by a vote of 15 to 1.

An amendment by Representative Walsh, republican, of Massachusetts, to exempt the interstate commerce commission and the federal reserve board, was defeated, 12 to 6. Another proposal to change the language of some sections was defeated without a record vote.

Chairman Webb announced that efforts would be made to bring the bill to an early vote.

DO YOUR BIT!

Buy Books For Our Boys!

BIG SALE OF BOOKS

Six for \$1

ALL THIS WEEK

—At The—

MARY E. MARLEY

CIRCULATING LIBRARY

20th Century Shoe Store

85 MERRIMACK ST.

Chalfoux's CORNER

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

(From a statement by a member of the Food Administration.)

"Twice in critical periods of the war so far, food has been the dominant factor. Do you realize that? Russia's collapse came about through hunger. Italy's disaster last October was born of hunger. Do you realize that? Empty stomachs weakened the army. Do you realize that? It was not the lack of food that caused the defeat of 11 nourished men that never wavered in the face of attack by the enemy. Rumors that their families were suffering, cunningly spread by the Germans, broke down the spirit of whole divisions. An army to be stout-hearted—the same army that fought the battle of Marston—must have plenty of food, wheat, and pork. Twice the line of defense between us and Germany's onslaught has wavered. IT MUST NOT WEAKEN AGAIN FOR LACK OF FOOD."

CALLS 4060 DRAFTEES TO LEAVE MAY 20

WASHINGTON, May 7.—A regulation on all states except Arizona, Delaware and Vermont for 4060 specially qualified draft registrants to go to camp May 20 was sent out today by Provost Marshal General Crowder.

SERGEANT MAJOR DAVIS HELD ON CHARGES OF PRO-GERMAN ACTIVITIES
CAMP KEARNEY, Calif., May 7.—Sergeant Major Frank H. Davis, alias Dyer, formerly of the intelligence office, Fortieth division, here, has been arrested at Camp Dodge, Ia. Intelligence officers say charges of pro-German activities may be made against him here.

FIRE IN FENWICK STREET
An alarm from box 114 at 2:15 o'clock this afternoon summoned a portion of the fire department to a lively blaze in an unoccupied house in Fenwick street, near St. Patrick's church. The fire started in a closet and made its way through the partitions before being extinguished. The building is owned by the Wholly estate.

Are your business papers safe?

Perhaps you have a few personal papers you wish to protect. We have a few safe deposit boxes to rent.

INTEREST STARTS SATURDAY

WASHINGTON SAVINGS INSTITUTION

30 MIDDLESEX ST.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Investigation of the aircraft situation swiftly began taking shape today both in the department of justice and in congress.

Attorney General Gregory, acting at President Wilson's direction, began planning an inquiry which is expected to disclose whether there has been malfeasance or misuse of the \$640,000,000 appropriation.

No "Whitewashing"
At the same time Chairman Chamberlain of the senate military committee announced to the senate in vigorous terms that the committee proposed to have a thorough inquiry of its own in which, he declared, it would attempt to locate the personal responsibility. He promised the senate there would be no "whitewashing."

The air craft subject came up as soon as the senate convened. Stirred by published charges circulating yesterday in the press, it is order to the department of justice, senators at once began demanding congressional inquiry.

Senator Brandegee, republican, of Connecticut, was among the first to call for one and Chairman Chamberlain responded with his announcement of the committee's intentions.

Where Money Went
The investigation, Senator Chamberlain announced, would be to determine how and where the immense appropriations had been expended. He said the committee proposed to put its finger on the men responsible, and added:

"The committee doesn't propose to engage in any whitewashing process, either."

In making his announcement, Senator Chamberlain declared there had been something radically wrong with the whole program. He had never seen the Borglum report, he said, but showed the conclusions reached in H. Snowden Marshall's report were in accord with those of the committee.

The senate committee, he said, was a part of the government's authorities and he added that he was glad the president approved its course in advance.

Sensational Charges
New charges of a sensational kind in connection with aviation were being brought forth today, Senator Chamberlain continued.

"These charges are coming to me and other members of the committee every day," he said. "This committee is determined to do whatever is necessary to help win the war."

Senator Vandenberg, democrat, of Mississippi, asked how many American planes were abroad and Senator Chamberlain replied that not one American built airplane had been sent, although American materials in large quantity had been shipped for assembling.

"Our people ought to be informed," the senator proceeded, "of the truth of the situation and they never have been."

Referring to testimony of Major General Squiere, chief of the signal corps, before the committee regarding failure to train 1500 American cadets sent to France because no airplanes were available, and plans to return them to this country for training, Senator

Chamberlain said a large number of the cadets had never received any training abroad.

Senator Walsh of Montana, democrat, declaring the statement "extraordinary," asked if it were not a "confession of failure" and what explanation had been given.

"The extreme optimism of the chief signal officer and those officiated with him," Senator Chamberlain replied, "was the explanation."

"They thought in perfect good faith, I think, that they could have the planes there to train them."

Morale Destroyed
Senator Chamberlain said the committee had even more important information which it was not deemed wise to publish, and added that he had received a letter from one of the cadets declaring their morale had been "absolutely destroyed" by failure to receive training.

Authorities, he said, now were arranging to "protect them against optimism of the aircraft board."

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, republican, commended the committee for deciding to pursue its investigation and said information should be had regarding expenditure of \$640,000,000 on the aviation program for such results "as described by the senator."

Senator Walsh asked whether the training of 1500 aviators in France for training was a "wild, heedless and thoughtless act" of General Squiere, or a failure because of wrong assurances given him.

"There is no question regarding General Squiere, I think," replied Senator Chamberlain. "I think he honestly believed that the planes would be there."

"There was no training of the men because the planes were not there," demanded Senator Walsh.

"Whole Business Camouflaged"
"The planes were not forthcoming either from this country or from France," responded Senator Chamberlain. "This whole business has been camouflaged and misrepresented to the American public."

"It was only recently that planes were supplied in adequate quantities for training purposes," he added.

"I don't doubt there has been blunders in the most colossal character," said Senator Reed of Missouri, democrat. "It has been under the supervision of Mr. Coffin that this failure has come and because Mr. Coffin thought he could standardize airplane engines so they would fit any machine on earth."

The liberty motor, he added, was one by adaptable to two or three planes. Resuming his announcement, Senator Chamberlain declared that not only would aviation be investigated by the committee, but it also would continue its war inquiry "with reference to every other branch of the service."

"And the charge that those who want to secure the truth are pro-German and serve the enemy of our country will not deter any individual member of the committee from performance of his duty," he said in conclusion. "My whole desire is to bring the truth to the attention of the people and I have no doubt that those who have served the American people faithfully will be brought to task by the people."

U.S. SHIP SUNK BY BRITISH VICTORY BEAT OFF U-BOAT

Steamship Tyler Torpedoed and Sunk Off the French Coast

Eleven Members of Crew Were Killed or Drowned—The Victims

NEW YORK, May 7.—The American steamship Tyler, formerly an Old Dominion freighter, has been torpedoed and sunk, off the French coast on May 3, according to information received in marine circles here today. Eleven members of the crew were killed or drowned. The Tyler, 3923 tons gross, was built in 1913. Six of the 11 who perished were members of the merchant crew and five navy gunners. The members of the merchant crew killed were: E. W. Mears, third assistant engineer; Washie Creek, Va.; Clarence E. Knowlton, oiler, Norfolk, Va.; E. Kasamato, messman, an aborigine; Jose Rodriguez, fireman; Gregorio Carro, coal passer; Fernando Lasse, fireman, the last three from Coruna, Spain.

The Tyler was last reported as leaving Portland, Me., March 6, for Genoa. She carried a cargo of grain shipped through the Italian ministry of shipping. The vessel was one of the American ships commandeered by the United States shipping board last October, and since then had been engaged in the Italian trade.

RUMANIA SIGNS TEUTON PEACE TREATY

AMSTERDAM, May 7.—The peace treaty between Rumania and the central powers was signed yesterday morning, says an official despatch from Bucharest today.

LICENSE COMMISSION
The regular weekly meeting of the license commission was held this afternoon and considerable routine business was transacted. A grant of minor licenses were also granted.

German Paper Admits British Fleet Scored Great Success at Zeebrugge

Urges Measure to Deal "With an Antagonist of Remarkable Boldness"

LONDON, May 7.—The recent British attack on the German submarine base at Zeebrugge was successful, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung.

"It would be foolish to deny," it says, "that the British fleet scored a great success through a fantastically audacious stroke in penetrating into one of the most important strongholds over which the German flag floats."

"However unpleasant it may be, we must frankly admit that the enemy ships actually entered the port of Zeebrugge. That being so, there is no reason why they should not achieve a similar feat at other times. It therefore behooves our navy command to be alert for we have to deal with an antagonist of remarkable boldness."

German Casualties 300
AMSTERDAM, May 7.—"In connection with the splendidly carried out defense against the British attempt to blockade Zeebrugge and Ostend and land at those ports," says the Berlin Vossische Zeitung in Sunday's edition, "a shower of orders has rained upon various persons. Commanding Admiral Schroeder has been decorated with the swords of the Red Eagle of the first class; Chief Berlet of the second class, with swords, and Capt. Schuette, commander of the batteries on the mole, with the knights cross of the royal order of Hohenzollern, with awards."

The newspaper says the Germans lost only eight killed and 16 wounded in the fighting.

According to the Amsterdam Telegram the German casualties were 300, of which 70 were men who were killed or died of their wounds.

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American Steamer Tidewater Defeated and Probably Sank Submarine

Yankee Gunners Score Clean Hit On German Craft, Says Report

WASHINGTON, May 7.—A fight between the American steamer Tidewater and a German submarine on March 17, in which the submarine was defeated and perhaps sunk, was reported today by the navy department.

The navy department's announcement said:

"The commander of the armed guard on the steamship Tidewater reports to the navy department that on March 17, about 11:30 p. m., a submarine was sighted off the starboard bow heading towards the vessel about 150 yards off. As the ship turned, it missed the submarine by not more than 20 feet. The U-boat was then submerging. The ship's guns were brought to bear and the first shot hit some distance ahead of her wake."

"The pointer fired the second shot and had what the captain, the chief engineer, myself and other members of the crew called a clean hit and was satisfied that it was effective. The third shot was fired by the boatswain's mate, in charge of the after gun crew, having her spotted and firing in the position she last submerged in. We resumed our course and commenced zigzagging, standing by for an attack, but the submarine did not appear again. We made all preparations for an attack at daybreak, but there were no signs of a submarine."

AN AMBULANCE CALL
The ambulance was called to 1055 Gorham street shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon and removed Arthur McLaughlin, aged nine years of 1436 Gorham street, who was suffering from an abrasion of the head, to St. John's hospital. After the boy received treatment he was able to go to his home. It was stated that the boy fell or was thrown from a truck on which he was riding.

Although sixteen ballots were taken at this morning's meeting of the municipal council for the election of a license commissioner to succeed Thomas P. Boulger, whose term will expire on the first Monday in June, there was no choice made. The result of the voting was the same as at the last meeting, that is Joseph H. McGrath received two votes and Thomas P. Boulger, John J. Mullaney and Edward Fisher, one vote each.

In the course of the meeting there was a battle of words between Commissioners Brown and Morse over a proposed loan of \$5000 for the building of sidewalks. An ordinance calling for the roofing of buildings with fireproof materials was adopted, the ordinance to go into effect in 1923. Other routine business was transacted.

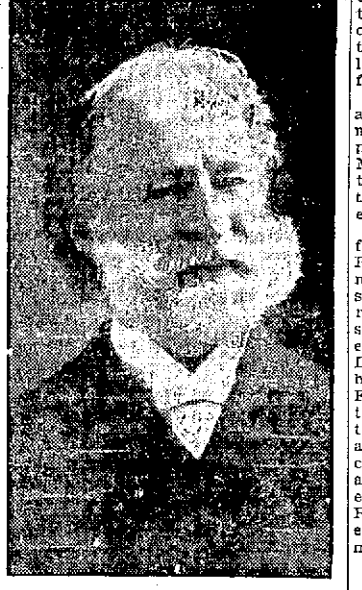
The Lowell Electric Light Corp. was given a hearing on its petition for permission to erect three poles on Suffolk street. There were no remonstrants and the petition was referred. Leland E. Andrews filed a claim for personal injuries as a result of an accident at the Morse school. The matter was referred. Mary Carney filed a similar claim and again the matter was referred. Fred Elridge was appointed a weigher of hay, etc. for the Massachusetts Cotton mill.

Max L. Kates petitioned for edge-stones in Highland ave. Royal P. White et al petitioned that the entrance to Favor street be graded. The petitions were referred. J. K. Spiegel asked for a license as an itinerant vender. The license was granted on condition that the applicant pay \$10. Peter A. Farnas was granted a license to sell fireworks in Market street.

A communication was received from the public service commission in relation to a hearing to be held in Boston and it was referred to the city solicitor.

FORMER LOWELL PASTOR DIES AT MALDEN

MALDEN, May 7.—The Rev. James Mudge, for 29 years secretary of the New England conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his home here today at the age of 74. He was born in West Springfield, and was



REV. JAMES MUDGE

ordained to the ministry in 1868. He spent 10 of his 50 years of active preaching as a missionary to India. His last pastorate was at Lowell, about 10 years ago. In recent years, Dr. Mudge had been a frequent contributor to Methodist publications and a lecturer and writer on missions.

RUSH TO BEACHES TO GET RELIEF

BOSTON, May 7.—Electric fans were put in a report managers prepared to begin business ahead of time after watching hundreds of bathers battling with a tumbling surf at Revere and Nantasket.

Relief, however, was promised in the form of showers and thunder storms tonight.

Taking advantage of the sudden change, beach managers prepared to begin business ahead of time after watching hundreds of bathers battling with a tumbling surf at Revere and Nantasket.

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED

LITCHFIELD, Conn., May 7.—Giordano Campbell, of Torrington and Springfield, Mass., convicted on Friday of the murder of Mrs. Angelo Pecoraro last May, was sentenced today to be hanged during the week of Oct. 20.

CHARGED WITH LARCENY

John J. McQuaid of 770 Central street, employed at the American Hide and Leather Co., was arrested early this afternoon on a complaint charging him with the larceny of 25 cents. Officer Matt McCann made the arrest.

Money for Sidewalks
An order for the borrowing of \$5000 for the laying of sidewalks was introduced by Commissioner Morse. The loan is for two years.

Mr. Brown favored appropriating the money instead of making a loan, and he said he failed to see where the loan was of any use, anyway. He said the council might as well borrow \$50,000 as \$5000 for the burden of the tax payers would not be greater. He advised going slow with the loans.

Mr. Morse said Mr. Brown had charge of the street department one year and he is now ready to tell us all about the department. Everything he had to do with went bad, even the bill for which we had to pay \$400 more.

Mr. Brown tried to break in but Mr. Morse stalled him, saying:

Wait a minute. I did not interrupt you, when I am through, talking you will talk.

Mr. Brown—All right when you are through let me know.

Mr. Morse then told the other members of the council that Mr. Brown thinks he knows more about the department than any other man. "He knows a lot about the water department," continued Mr. Morse, "but he does not want any searchlight on it."

Mr. Brown—Mr. Morse has cost the city thousands of dollars with no result.

Mr. Morse—Mr. Brown will tell you how to do everything.

Mr. Brown—Wait a minute, you are not in Arizona now.

Mr. Morse—Well I can talk about Arizona and about many other things.

Mr. Brown—About your department I suppose. It is a department anyway.

Mr. Morse—That word applies to Mr. Brown—Continued on page five

Committee to Consider Textile Schools
Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, May 7.—Senator Cross, chairman of the committee on education was the only person to appear today before the senate ways and means committee in favor of the plan for a recess committee to consider the future of the textile school at Lowell, New Bedford and Fall River. He expressed determined opposition to the plan for the state to take over the three schools on the ground that it would be a precedent and would lead to demands from other industries for similar schools of their own.

Rep. Andrew E. Doyle answered this argument by declaring that the state must not only expect, but must be prepared to meet just such demands. "If Massachusetts is to retain its industrial supremacy it must provide better industrial education than any other state gives," he said.

Every member of the legislature from Lowell, New Bedford and Fall River was recorded as favoring permanent settlement on the issue at this session and against the plan for a recess committee. For each of the schools a substitute bill was presented today. Rep. Doyle filing the New Bedford bill, Rep. Jewett, the Lowell bill and Rep. William Howland, the Fall River bill. These bills required that each school shall be transferred to the state, that the government shall appoint trustees, that each city shall contribute \$10,000 to its own school and the state will contribute \$30,000 each for the New Bedford and Fall River schools and \$50,000 for the Lowell school. The committee took these measures under advisement.

MARCUS P. KNOWLTON, FORMER JUSTICE, DEAD

SPRINGFIELD, May 7.—Marcus P. Knowlton, former chief justice of the supreme judicial court of Massachusetts, died at his home here today after a long period of failing health. He was appointed chief justice in 1903 by Governor W. W. Crane and retired in 1911. Since his retirement, his chief public activity has been as chairman of the board of trustees appointed by the United States court to administer the majority stock of the Boston & Maine railroad, of which the N.Y., N.H. & H.R.R. was a beneficiary.

Judge Knowlton was born in Wilbraham in 1839 and was graduated from Yale in 1861. He engaged in the practice of law in this city. He had served in both branches of the state legislature and was justice of the superior court from 1881 to 1887. He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Yale in 1895 and from Harvard in 1900.

Viscount Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, presided, and in proposing a toast to the allies and the allied cause, said he had heard recently from President Wilson that Harvard university had sent in proposition men to this war than she sent to the Civil war on the side of the north.

AMERICAN PROFESSORS WELCOMED AT LONDON

LONDON, May 7.—Prof. Andrew C. McLaughlin, head of the department of history in the University of Chicago, and Charles Moore, who have come from the United States to lecture in the universities of Great Britain on the causes leading to America's participation in the war and the ideals for which she is fighting, were welcomed at a dinner given last night at the University of London.

Viscount Bryce, former ambassador to the United States, presided, and in proposing a toast to the allies and the allied cause, said he had heard recently from President Wilson that Harvard university had sent in proposition men to this war than she sent to the Civil war on the side of the north.

DANCING at Pawtucket Boat House

Ladies, 15c—Miner-Doyle Orch. Every Tuesday Night—Conts, 25c

SPUDS ON LAWN WHERE FLOWERS USED TO BE

It isn't going to be the fashion to have elaborately decorated lawns and hedges this summer if the appended letter from the U. S. Public Service received by Otto Hockmeyer today is to be taken as a criterion. "Every available bit of ground is to be used to produce food this year and it is not at all unlikely that instead of sitting on the front porch on a warm evening and looking at the stars, you will gaze upon the less ornate but more substantial patches of cabbage, peas, etc. The letter received today follows:

May 7, 1918.
To the Enrollment Agents of Massachusetts:

As I have written several times the most important thing in winning the war in our horizon at this time, is worth of food produced in Massachusetts. The production of food. Every dollar's worth makes the national food problem easier.

A great deal of time, which could be more serviceably spent in the raising of food, is consumed uselessly by owners of estates and gardens in keeping hedges clipped, raising flowers and the like. We feel that owners of large estates who naturally take great pride in the appearance of their properties, will be willing to follow the example set last year by a number of prominent citizens in this state and when the need is called to their attention, shift all the labor now used for strictly ornamental purposes to food production. Where they have formerly had flowers, let them produce food. Much of the increase of food will be gained by their co-operation, but the example should be set of devoting every energy to win the war, and this will be of even greater value.

As United States public service enrollment agent for your town, you are in a position to call this matter to the attention of the owners of estates in your district and induce them in this direction. Will you do it?

Sincerely yours,
U. S. Public Service Reserve.
WILLIAM A. GASTON,
Director for Massachusetts.

BRITISH CASUALTIES IN PAST WEEK 38,691

LONDON, May 7.—British casualties reported during the week ending today reached a total of 38,691. Of this number, 6,555 officers and men were killed or died of wounds, and 22,136 were wounded or reported missing. The casualties were divided as follows:

Killed or died of wounds: Officers 499, men 6,056.
Wounded or missing: Officers 1859; men 30,277.

LOWELL MEN WILL TAKE FINAL EXAMINATION

All three branches of the recruiting service had representatives in the list of Lowell men who were forwarded to Boston today for final examination. The regular army sent James J. Callahan, 53 Willie street, for the tank service of the national army, and Arthur J. Dionne, 53 Race street, quartermaster corps. The navy forwarded John L. Kelley, Jr., Lawrence, apprentice seaman, and John S. Kane, 90 Union street, seaman, 2d class. The Canadian expeditionary force corralled Arthur Smith of 157 Moore st.

Huol A. Dion of 171 Cushing street enrolled in the merchant marine yesterday and was assigned to a training ship in Boston for instruction.

Leo Molohan of 53 Nesmith st., who enlisted in the navy last week, is a graduate of the New York Normal school. He has recently been teaching in Montreal and speaks French fluently.

OLD-TIME NEW ENGLAND LEAGUE CROWD LOOKED FOR THURSDAY

It is expected that there will be an old-time New England league crowd at Spaulding park Thursday afternoon when Lowell meets Nashua high in the last home game of the season until May 22.

Lowell is fast attracting attention throughout the state by the fast game she is putting up. Four victories in a row with teams of the calibre of Dorchester high opposers is Lowell's record to date and she is expected to make it five straight on Thursday.

Nashua has put up a good game so far this season and its latest triumph was that over Pinkerton academy of Derry, N. H., last Saturday when the up-river men romped home with a 12-6 victory.

An effort is being made to stir up the students at the local school to get out to the game and owing to the fact

Try Magnesia For Stomach Trouble

It Neutralizes Stomach Acidity, Prevents Food Fermentation, Sour, Gassy Stomach and Acid Indigestion.

Doublets if you are a sufferer from indigestion, you have already tried pepsin, bismuth, soda, charcoal, drugs and various dietetic aids, and you know these things will not cure your trouble. In some cases do not even give relief.

Before giving up hope and deciding you are a chronic dyspeptic, just try the effect of a little bisulphated magnesia—not the ordinary commercial article, but the pure bisulphated magnesia which you can obtain from practically any druggist in either powdered or tablet form.

Take a teaspoonful of the powder or two compressed tablets with a little water after your next meal, and see what a difference this makes. It will instantly neutralize the dangerous, harmful acid in the stomach which now causes your food to ferment and sour, making gas, wind, flatulence, heartburn and the bloated or heavy, lumpy feeling that seems to follow most everything you eat.

You will be surprised to find that immediately after a meal, you can eat almost anything and enjoy it without any danger of pain or discomfort. In fact, and moreover, the continued use of the bisulphated magnesia cannot injure the stomach in any way so long as there are any symptoms of indigestion. For further information, write to J. J. McKee, Lowell, Mass., and all other leading druggists.

SAVE DAD'S LIFE GET IT FOR HIM

Says it is Suicide to Cut Corns and Tells How They Lift Right Out

You simply say to the drug store man, "Give me a quarter of an ounce of freezezone." This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn from one's feet. A few drops applied directly upon a tender, aching corn should relieve the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn, root and all, can be lifted out with the fingers without pain.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that while freezezone is sticky it dries in a moment, and seems to simply shrivel up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whitening at his corn, but cut this out and make him try it.

That the downtown stores are closed Thursday afternoon, it is expected that there will be a large outpouring of the old-timers who were wont to take up their favorite bleacher seats in the good-old days of Barrows, et al.

BICYCLE AS THE FIRST AID TO THRIFT

With Pershing's troops fighting for world democracy in the trenches of France and Flanders, and thrift the watchword of a determined nation in arms, the bicycle, like the automobile, now is commonly recognized as an essential and indispensable factor in an American life, saving both dollars and time for the thousands who ride, and providing the most economical means of transport known.

Largely used by American workmen for the daily trips between the home and factory, the bicycle represents a saving of approximately \$50,000,000 annually to the legions of skilled mechanics, who not only are guarding the industrial frontiers at home, but producing the machines, munitions and supplies that must be sent across the Atlantic to our fighting men, and the ships in which they are transported.

The thousands that pedal to and from their work, instead of depending on electric and steam lines to transport them, also are relieving the common carriers, already overburdened, of an enormous task. The men who ride a bicycle to the shop and factory, moreover, are almost sure of punching the time clock on the second, no matter how stormy the morning, for they are independent of trolley cars, interurbans and railroads, that often are forced to cease operations or abandon regular schedules because of storms.

Unlike the automobile, which has proven itself to be a national necessity in war times as well as in days of peace, the initial cost and expense of upkeep of the bicycle is anything but prohibitive to the man earning \$15 to \$25 a week. There is no gasoline tank to be filled daily at a cost of 21 cents a gallon, no intricate mechanism that requires the expensive services of a garage mechanic when something goes wrong, and the tires are ridiculously cheap and unusually long-lived compared to the castings and inner tubes of the motor-car.

Bicycle riding, in fact, is cheaper than walking with shoes selling at their present high prices and made of inferior qualities of leather, the saving in favor of the bicycles being estimated at one-half cent a mile. It is hard to figure a proposition more economical.

If it is true that he "who saves, serves," then the 2,900,000 cyclists of the United States unquestionably and without reserve merit the name of patriots.

SENATE VOTES AGAINST WOMAN SUFFRAGE

WASHINGTON, May 7.—By a margin of one vote, a motion proposing that the senate proceed next Friday to consider the house woman suffrage resolution in the constitution was defeated in the house yesterday. The vote was 40 to 21, just less than the necessary two-thirds.

POLICEMAN SHOT DOWN BY NEGRO

PELHAM, N. Y., May 7.—A few hours after a burglar attempted to enter the home of Herman Rokohl, a wealthy cigar manufacturer, a negro today shot and killed John McGuire, 59 years old, a member of the Pelham police force. The negro escaped. McGuire had been questioning him, suspicious of his actions.

Later it was learned that the burglar, with whom Rokohl had grappled, was a white man.

PARIS TO SEND WINE TO ARTILLERYMEN WHO ARE ATTACKING BIG HUN GUN

PARIS, May 7.—The municipal council has decided to send several cases of good wine to the French artillerymen who are counter attacking the German long range gun.

AWARDED WAR CROSS

Four More American Soldiers Are Decorated

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, May 7. (By the Associated Press).—One American officer and three privates were awarded the Cross of War at a hospital near Verdun last evening for gallantry displayed in the recent raid by German shock troops on American positions. The awards were made by a French general, who was accompanied by an American general. The soldiers decorated are: Lieut. Harry J. Kelly, Ottawa, Ill.; Priv. Dewey D. Smith, Stearns, Miss.; Priv. Geo. A. Higgins, Baltimore, Md.; Priv. Aloysius Brown, Brooklyn.

IN POLICE COURT

Donald Geoffrey was found guilty in police court this morning, of playing a game on the Lord's day and a fine of \$25 was imposed. Ulysses Mazzue and Loddvici-Notini were charged with assault and battery. The former's case was placed on file upon the payment of costs of the

JAPSILK CROCHET COTTON
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ANNUAL SALE OF ART NEEDLEWORK

Art Needlework, Art Embroidery, Embroidery Cotton, Package Outfits, Stamped Goods, Etc., at

SALE STARTS TOMORROW

HALF PRICE

SALE STARTS TOMORROW

PACKAGE OUTFITS

At Half Price



Stamped Ready to Work. Embroidery cotton and full instructions for working included.

PACKAGE OUTFIT.
Cake Tray Doilies—Regular price 25c. Half-price sale 12½c

PACKAGE OUTFIT.
Pin Cushions—Regular price 25c. Half-price sale 12½c

PACKAGE OUTFIT.
Combining Jackets—Regular price 35c. Half-price sale 18c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price 50c. Half-price sale 25c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Library Scarfs—Regular price 50c. Half-price sale 25c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Center Pieces—Regular price 50c. Half-price sale 25c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Pillow Tops—Regular price 50c. Half-price sale 25c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Center Pieces—Regular price 65c. Half-price sale 33c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Scarfs—Regular price 65c. Half-price sale 33c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Corset Covers—Regular price 75c. Half-price sale 37½c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Night Gowns—Regular price \$1.00. Half-price sale 50c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Night Gowns—Regular price \$1.25. Half-price sale 63c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Night Gowns—Regular price \$1.50. Half-price sale 75c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price \$1.50. Half-price sale 75c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Corset Covers—Regular price 65c. Half-price sale 33c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price 75c. Half-price sale 37½c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price 85c. Half-price sale 43c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price \$1.00. Half-price sale 50c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price \$1.00. Half-price sale 50c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Dressing Sackies and Boudoir Caps—Regular price \$1.00. Half-price sale 50c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Dresses—Regular price \$1.25. Half-price sale 63c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Children's Coats—Regular price \$1.25. Half-price sale 63c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Combining Jackets—Regular price 65c. Half-price sale 33c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Doilies—Regular price 75c. Half-price sale 37½c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Envelope Combinations—Regular price \$1.00. Half-price sale 50c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Envelope Combinations—Regular price \$1.25. Half-price sale 63c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Envelope Combinations—Regular price \$1.50. Half-price sale 75c

PACKAGE OUTFIT
Envelope Combinations—Regular price \$1.75. Half-price sale 87½c

STAMPED GOODS

At Half Price

Consisting of Stamped Pieces of Every Description

Stamped Children's Bags—Regular price 15 cents each. Half-price sale, 8c Each

Stamped Embroidery Bags—Regular price 19c each. Half-price sale, 10c Each

Stamped Clothespin Bags—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each

Stamped Flag Plaques—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale, 12½c Each

Stamped Card Table Covers—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each



Stamped Dresser Scarfs and Pincushions—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each

Stamped Doilies—Regular price 25c, 29c, 39c, 49c, 75c each. Half-price sale, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 37½c

Stamped Pillow Tops—Regular price 25c, 49c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 25c Each

Stamped Library Scarfs—Regular price 29c, 75c, 99c each. Half-price sale, 15c, 37½c, 49c Each

Stamped Dresser Scarfs—Regular price 39c, 99c each. Half-price sale, 20c, 49c Each

Stamped Lace Trimmed Centres—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each

Stamped Corset Bags—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each

Stamped Collar and Cuffs—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each

Stamped Turkish Towels—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each

Stamped Centres—Regular price 49c, 75c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 37½c Each

Stamped Luncheon Sets—Regular price 49c each. Half-price sale, 25c Each

Stamped Children's Dresses—Regular price 49c, 59c, 69c each. Half-price sale, 25c, 30c, 35c Each

Stamped Laundry Bags—Regular price 39c each. Half-price sale, 30c Each

Stamped Embroidery Aprons—Regular price 99c each. Half-price sale, 49c Each

Stamped Pillow Slips—Regular price 99c pair. Half-price sale, 49c Pair

Stamped Silk Bags—Regular price 50c, \$1.49, \$2.99, \$3.49 each. Half-price sale, 25c, 75c, \$1.35, \$1.75 Each

Stamped Velvet Bags—Regular price 99c, \$1.25, \$2.49, \$2.99 each. Half-price sale, 49c, 63c, \$1.25, \$1.49 Each

Stamped Bath Rugs—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale, 63c Each

Stamped Back Dryers—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 37½c Each

Stamped Bibs—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each

Stamped Handkerchiefs—All linen. Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale, 12½c Each

Stamped Glove Cases—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each

Stamped Tea Aprons—Regular price 25c each. Half-price sale 12½c Each

Stamped Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 25c, 39c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 20c Each

HAND EMBROIDERED SQUARES, DOILIES, BIBS, APRONS, Etc.

Embroidery Half Price Sale AT HALF PRICE Embroidery Half Price Sale

Embroidered Doilies—Regular price 8c, 10c, 49c each. Half-price sale, 4c, 5c, 25c Each

Embroidered Squares—Regular price 15c, 25c, 29c, 39c. Half-price sale 8c, 12½c, 15c, 20c Each

Embroidered Carriage Pillows—Regular price 50c each. Half-price sale 30c Each

Embroidered Bibs—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 38c Each

Embroidered Handkerchief Cases—Regular price 75c each. Half-price sale 38c Each

Embroidered Wash Cloth Cases—Regular price 99c each. Half-price sale 49c Each

Embroidered Carriage Robes—Regular price \$1.00 each. Half-price sale 50c Each

Embroidered Veil Cases—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Glove Cases—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Handkerchief Cases—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Recipe Cases—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Whisk Broom Holders—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Linen Towels—Regular price \$1.25 each. Half-price sale 63c Each

Embroidered Napkin Rings—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each

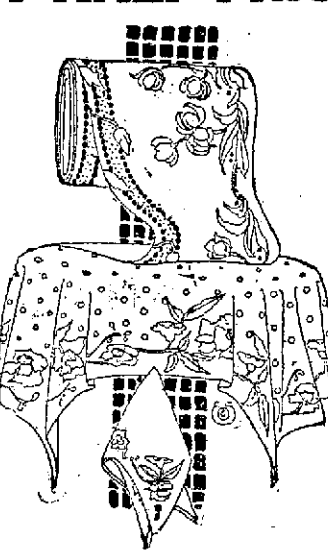
Embroidered Children's Bags—Regular price \$1.49. Half-price sale 75c Each

Embroidered Corset Bags—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each

Embroidered Carriage Robes—Regular price \$1.49 each. Half-price sale 75c Each

Embroidered Flag Plaques—Regular price \$1.99 each. Half-price sale 99c Each

Embroidered Children's Hats—Regular price \$2.99, \$3.49 each. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$1.75 Each



Embroidered Combining Jackets—Regular price \$2.99, \$3.99 each. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$1.99 Each

Embroidered Children's Rompers—Regular price \$3.49 each. Half-price sale 1.75 Each

Embroidered Children's Parasols—Regular price \$3.99 each. Half-price sale 1.99 Each

Embroidered Tea Aprons—Regular price \$3.99 each. Half-price sale 1.99 Each

Embroidered Corset Covers—Regular price \$3.99, \$4.99 each. Half-price sale \$1.99, \$2.49 Each

Embroidered Children's Dresses—Regular price \$2.99, \$3.49, \$3.99, \$4.49, \$4.99, \$5.49. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$1.75, \$1.99, \$2.25, \$2.49, \$2.75 Each

Embroidered Dresser Scarfs—Regular price \$3.99, \$4.99 each. Half-price sale \$1.99, \$2.49 Each

Embroidered Gowns—Regular price \$5.49, \$5.99, \$7.99 each. Half-price sale \$2.75, \$2.99, \$3.99 Each

Embroidered Centres—Regular price 99c, \$1.49, \$2.49, \$3.99, \$1.99 and \$5.99. Half-price sale, 49c, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.99, \$2.49, \$2.99 Each

Embroidered Velvet Bags—Regular price \$1.25, \$1.49, \$1.99 each. Half-price sale 87½c, \$1.99 Each

Embroidered Library Scarfs—Regular price \$1.99, \$2.49, \$3.99 each. Half-price sale 99c, \$1.25, \$1.99 Each

Embroidered Pillow Tops—Regular price \$1.99, \$2.49, \$2.99, \$3.49, \$3.99, \$4.49 and \$5.99 each. Half-price sale, 99c, \$1.25, \$1.49, \$1.75, \$1.99, \$2.49, \$2.99 Each

Embroidered Linen Towels—Regular price \$2.49 each. Half-price sale 1.25 Each

Embroidered Silk Bags—Regular price \$2.99 each. Half-price sale 1.49 Each

Embroidered Luncheon Sets—Regular price \$2.99, \$1.99 each. Half-price sale \$1.49, \$2.99 Each

Embroidered Boudoir Pillows—Regular price \$6.99 each. Half-price sale 3.49 Each

Embroidered Envelope Combinations—Regular price \$3.99 each. Half-price sale \$3.49 Each

Embroidery and Crochet Cotton, Doilies, Scarfs, Centers, Tray Cloths, Hoops, Etc., at Half Price

O. N. T. Embroidery Cotton—Regular price 3c skein. Half-price sale 1½c Skein

D. M. C. Embroidery Cotton—Regular price 2 for 5c. Half-price sale 4 for 5c

Silkateen Embroidery Cotton—Regular price 4c spool. Half-price sale 2c Spool

Elgin Maid Crochet Cotton—Regular price 5c spool. Half-price sale 3c Spool

Novelty Braid—Regular price 5c. Half-price sale 3c, 12½c

Tatted Shuttles—Regular price 10c each. Half-price sale 5c Each

Tenierie Doilies—Regular price 5c, 10c, 15c each. Half-price sale 3c, 5c, 8c Each

Battensan Doilies—Regular price 10c, 12½c, 15c each. Half-price sale 5c, 6¼c, 8c Each

Lace Trimmed Squares—Regular price 25c, 29c, 39c, 49c each. Half-price sale 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c Each

Fillet Scarfs—Regular price 49c, \$3.99 each. Half-price sale 25c, \$1.99 Each

Fillet Doilies—Regular price 39c, 49c, 59c,

Quality Superb

Smargyros
(Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish
and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World)



Over
the top
and give 'em

HELMAR

TURKISH CIGARETTES

13
CENTS

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

BOSTON, May 7.—There will be a distinctly patriotic flavor about the annual convention of the Massachusetts Grand lodge, Knights of Pythias, which will open at Ford hall this evening. The last session of the grand lodge, held shortly after the entry of the United States into the war, voted unanimously upon the action of Grand Chancellor Clifford E. Jones to appropriate \$1000 for such special relief of the members of the order or their dependents as should be made necessary by the war. The disposition of this fund will be before the representatives when they

meet as will be the raising of the \$1 a member war fund which is now being gathered by the supreme lodge of the order.

It is estimated that more than 1000 members of the order in this state are actually in the service or preparation, many of whom received preliminary instruction of distinct value to them through being members of the uniform rank of the order.

During the year a standard ambulance was provided by subscriptions of lodges and individual members and presented to the war department which had it placed at Camp Devens. Grand Chancellor Jones immediately started a fund for another ambulance. The executive council of the grand lodge, which heartily seconded the activities of the grand chancellor in this direction, has ordered the second ambulance. It is understood the second one will be presented to the State Guard.

There is a large but constantly shifting population of Pythians at Camp Devens as several other states besides Massachusetts are represented there. When a special committee appointed by Grand Chancellor Jones and headed by Past Grand Chancellor Harlan T. Knight looked into the matter they found that there were about 1500 Pythians there.

Harbinger lodge of Ayer and several other nearby lodges have done all in their power to make these brothers comfortable. The committee, headed by Past Grand Chancellor Knight, has urged upon the lodges in the jurisdiction that they send packages of smoking articles, toilet articles and matches to the men at the camp. The committee will recommend to the convention that lodges and individual members continue to send packages of such articles to the

men at camp and that if possible arrangements be made for club room facilities at Ayer in combination with other orders.

DRACUT MAN APPOINTED DEPUTY SHERIFF

George H. Stevens, treasurer for the town of Dracut, qualified for the position of deputy sheriff for Middlesex county yesterday after being appointed to the position by Sheriff John R. Fairbairn. Mr. Stevens is well known in this city and particularly in his home town, where he has held several important town positions. He was chairman of the board of selectmen at one time and also represented the town as a representative at the legislature.

LOCAL TEAMSTERS VOTE TO TAKE PART IN LABOR DAY PARADE

A largely attended meeting of the members of the Coal Teamsters' union was held last evening with President Frank Horne in the chair. Thirty new members were initiated and considerable business was transacted. It was voted to participate in the Labor day parade and the mass meeting held as a protest to the execution of Mooney last Sunday was endorsed.

The business session was followed by a social hour.

Millmen's Union
A special meeting of the members of the Millmen's union, Local 1466, was held last evening in Carpenters hall. President Linscott occupied the chair and included in the minutes transacted was the discussion of two local grievances, after which a decision was reached in each case.

NEXT GERMAN BLOW EXPECTED AT ARRAS

ON THE FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, May 7.—(By the Associated Press)—The opinion is virtually unanimous that the further great blow which the German staff must inevitably deliver, if it intends to try to execute the promises made to the German nation when the offensive was started, must come soon.

The great activity of the enemy along the Ypres sector is possibly a prelude to the opening of a new German rush there, or is intended to distract attention from a formidable attack elsewhere.

There is, indeed, a widespread view that the next move must come from the German armies concentrated under Gen. von Buelow fronting Arras. Some of its divisions were borrowed by other German armies for attacks to the north and the south, but these have since been replaced by others and the force gathered there is very powerful.

From Arras, in the unlikely event of a German success, it could turn either toward the coast or toward Amiens, but it appears most likely that the more northerly operation would be chosen in an attempt to separate the main French and British forces. The continued bombardment of Amiens is possibly merely a blind to cover the preparation of this scheme.

Since the breakdown, however, of the first German rush by the heroic stand of the French and British troops, the allies have had time to strengthen their positions in order to meet any fresh onslaughts. The unity of command which fused all the allies armies into one and the terrific losses suffered

by the enemy without the achievement of any success which counts seem to have caused the Germans to hesitate, but it is impossible for them to content themselves with the present positions, which are of the most unfavorable character for defensive tactics.

Another factor in compelling them to seek a rapid decision is the transference of the ever-increasing strength of the American forces, displayed in the present deluge of German propaganda decrying the American effort. These forces, they foresee, may become a powerful instrument in bringing about their defeat before long, and they are certain to seek success before the trans-Atlantic army becomes formidable.

The Germans are fully aware that it is America's intention to throw her whole energy into the common cause of winning the war, and despite their attempts to belittle American help to the allies they are wide awake to the dangers to themselves.

LABOR PROBLEMS IN CONNECTION WITH MERCHANT MARINE DISCUSSED

BOSTON, May 7.—Labor problems which have arisen in connection with the new merchant marine were discussed today at a conference of labor men and shipping board officials with former Gov. Robert P. Bass of New Hampshire at the offices of the shipping board recruiting service here. Efforts to remedy conditions of which merchant marine crews complained were to be discussed, and officials expected that greater efficiency in manning ships under control of the board would result from the conference. Mr. Bass recently was placed in charge of all labor matters connected with operation of American ships on all coasts and the Great Lakes.

DOCTORS ADVISE SPRING TONICS

Say There Is Nothing Equals
Iron and Phosphates

Experienced Doctors claim that everyone should take a good tonic in the Spring, that during the cold winter months we all eat too much meat, fats, heavy foods and too little fresh vegetables, that the entire system is clogged up, overloaded and overworked, causing thin, impure, watery blood and that tired, nervous feeling, pimples and bad complexion.

Honest doctors all over the land have found and are recommending and prescribing phosphates and iron as their spring tonic for the blood and nerves, they say it removes all impurities, uncles the channels and sends the rich, red life-giving blood through the veins, renewing health, strength and nerve force as nothing else will.

If you are all in, run down, fagged out and your nerves all shot to pieces and the joy gone from life, take Phosphated Iron, the red blood and nerve builder. It will make a new man or woman of you, make you feel like doing things again, renews that youthful feeling, you can almost feel yourself coming back. Try Phosphated Iron today, it has helped thousands and will not disappoint you.

To insure physicians and their patients getting the genuine Phosphated Iron it is put up in capsules only, do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, Lowell Pharmacy and leading druggists everywhere.

Your Garden

ANOTHER LESSON

After opening the furrow, and distributing the seed, go over the row with the back of the hoe or rake—or, in the case of large seeds, such as peas, beans or corn, with the foot—and press the seed down into the soil. Then cover immediately while the dirt is still fresh and moist, to the depth required for the kind of seed being sown.

Cover small seeds—such as carrots, lettuce, kohlrabi, onions, leek and turnips—about one-fourth inch deep. Celery and parsley cover barely from sight, soaking seed a day or two to hasten germination.

Cover medium-sized seeds, such as beets, parsnips, cucumbers, salsify, spinach and Swiss chard—about half an inch deep.

Cover large seeds—such as beans, corn, squash and pumpkin—one to two inches deep. In light soil, or very dry weather, plant deeper than usual. In heavy soil, or wet weather, shallower.

The practice of sprouting potatoes for planting is strongly recommended by many gardeners. When the sets are sprouted the crop is increased and failures in the rows are reduced to a minimum. Of course this is practical only in small gardens, backyards and vacant lots.

The depth to plant on heavy soils is three to four inches deep. On light soils plant an inch or two deeper.

In planting sprouted potatoes be careful not to injure the sprouts in handling. No potato or piece of potato should contain more than four sprouts,

or eyes. Some gardeners plant but two or three.

Fair yields are obtained from potato peelings planted, but the peeling must be considerable thicker than the ordinary. Don't leave more than one eye on a piece of peeling, and plant two or three pieces of such peeling in each hill.

SANFORDS GINGER

Best Ever for Colds
Chills and Grip

Try this: Squeeze juice of one quarter of a lemon into a hot teacup. Add one teaspoonful of Sanfords Ginger, two of sugar, and fill up cup with boiling hot water. Drink hot and go to bed.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper. You get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Clean-Up and Paint-Up Week

MAY 5th to 11th

A Proclamation—

FOR THRIFT'S SAKE—Clean up and Paint up and Keep it up. "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Let's get to work, right here at home.

MEN AND WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS

In these days of patriotic service we should "Keep the Home Fires Burning," the fires of community life and spirit and efficiency and all the activities that promote cheerful and pleasant and healthful surroundings in American homes and communities. Cleanliness, Thrift and Civic Pride are the essentials for homes and towns beautiful. Then CLEAN UP AND PAINT UP—and

Plant Your Garden

We have the wherewithal articles to help you do it. Call on us to help you out.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

TELEPHONES 158-157



Armour's

Veribest

TRADE MARK

Oleomargarine

Make Your Savings the Nation's Gain

Oleomargarine is the thrift spread of the nation. Its use releases vital foods for the soldiers. It permits a big saving in your table costs. Now, when the economy and goodness of Oleomargarine is becoming better known, it only remains for you to learn which brand to buy for table and cooking uses.

Armour's *Veribest* Oleomargarine, made under Government Inspection, is prepared from the choicest beef and pork fats, highly refined vegetable oils and pasteurized milk; it is churned in the finest equipped and most sanitary food plant in the world. A tile-lined building, glass-lined tanks, improved appliances, all contribute to the perfection of this top-grade product. Your final guarantee is Armour's Oval Label—the sign of first quality.

ARMOUR'S COMPANY
W. A. Kierstead, Mgr.,
Lowell, Tel. 5714

This is
Oleomargarine
Year

1357

Try These Oval
Label Products
Vegetable (Shortening)
Instant Package Foods
Instant Coffee
Instant Grape Juice
Instant Star Ham
Star Bacon
Instant Frankfurt Sausage

Ask Your Dealer
for Armour's *Veribest* Oleomargarine

PASS BILL TO LICENSE LODGING HOUSES

BOSTON, May 7.—After an extended debate, the Massachusetts house of representatives yesterday afternoon passed by a standing vote of 95 to 29, the bill to provide for the regulation, licensing and inspection of private lodging houses and hotels.

The chief opponent of the measure was John L. Donovan of Boston, democratic house leader, who sought to have it amended so that only saloons, soldiers and marines would come under the provisions of the act.

Mr. Fitz-Henry Smith of Boston and Mr. Young of Weston called upon the republicans to stand back of the demo-

cratic national administration and support a bill "that the United States government desired to have become law."

"We don't want to be like Newport or Philadelphia," said Mr. Young, "and have the government step in and do things we should do ourselves." The measure is similar to the "true name" bill, which in previous years failed to pass. Its enforcement gives greater power than ever to the police and means a cleaning-up of questionable places in every city and town.

A resolve to provide for a pension for three years for Capt. Wm. C. Jones of Swampscott was passed to be engrossed.

The house passed to be engrossed a bill to provide that city and town clerks shall have authority to issue licenses for the taking of lobsters.

The house adopted an amendment to raise from \$5000 to \$8000 the appropriation for compensation for damages incident to the checking the spread of the white pine blister rust and ordered the bill to a third reading.

The insurance committee reported a bill to permit insurance companies authorized to transact workmen's compensation insurance to unite in issuing joint and several policies providing such insurance, subject to the approval of the insurance commissioner, in which case the policies may be headed by the names of all the companies assuming the joint and several obligations under the contract.

The house discussed and referred to the next general court the bill to prevent "the negligent obstruction of street railway cars."

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Two DEFEATS FOR I. W. W. LEADERS

CHICAGO, May 7.—The defense in the trial of 112 Industrial Workers of the

Lowell, Tuesday, May 7th, 1918

A. G. Pollard Co.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

WE ARE SELLING

Household Utilities

For Spring re-furnishing at under-prices that are not only most noticeable but are most economical. Better come to this sale in the House Furnishing Section.

MERRIMACK ST.

BASEMENT

No place in New England offers such worthy values year in and year out as you find in our

Underprice Basement

Now these for instance present prices that are away below regular:

READY-TO-WEAR SECTION

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Sizes 2 to 14 years, made in a large variety of new Spring styles, fine gingham, stripes, checks and large plaids, also plain chambray; \$1.00 value. At 79c Each, 2 for \$1.50

HOUSE DRESSES—Ladies' Dresses, regular, stout and extra sizes, fine percale, gingham and chambrays. At \$1.50 Each

SILK SHIRT WAISTS—To close, about 200 Ladies' Silk Shirt Waists, white and colors, all new Spring styles; odd lots from our \$2.00 counters. At \$1.00 Each

MERRIMACK ST.

BASEMENT

MEN'S FURNISHING SECTION

MEN'S and BOYS' UNION SUITS at 69c a Suit—Men's Union Suits, fine jersey, white and ecru; mesh and dimity union suits, full assortment of sizes. At 69c a Suit

AT 45c A SUIT—Boys' Union Suits, fine jersey, white and ecru; also fine mesh, short sleeves and knee length; 69c value. At 45c a Suit

PALMER ST.

SUBWAY

DRY GOODS SECTION

PERCALES—Just received, eight cases of best quality of percale, in remnants, light and dark colors, also shirting stripes, 36 inches wide, 29c value on the piece. At 19c Yard

CURTAIN SCRIM—3000 yards of Curtain Scrim, remnants, very fine quality, fancy woven and printed borders, in white, cream and ecru; 25c value. At 15c Yard

BEACH CLOTH AND POPLIN—Mill remnants of fine quality of Beach Cloth and Poplin, 36 inches wide, in large assortments of new stripes; 39c value. At 25c Yard

BATES GINGHAM—Best quality of Bates Gingham in all the new patterns of stripes, small checks, plaids and plain colors, in large remnants from 10 to 20 yards. At 22c Yard

FEATHER TICKING—Mill remnants of the best quality of feather ticking, in blue stripes; 50c value. At 35c Yard

NAINSOOK—200 pieces of very fine quality of nainsook, 36 inches wide; 29c value. At 22c Yard

HILL COTTON—Best quality of Hill Bleached Cotton, 36 inches wide, full pieces; 30c value. At 22c Yard

TURKISH TOWELS—Heavy Bleached Turkish Towels, double thread and large size, 23x49; 50c value. At 39c Each

LINEN CRASH—Brown and Bleached All Linen Crash, heavy quality, in full pieces; 33c value. At 25c Yard

BASEMENT

PALMER ST.

World, accused of seditious conspiracy, sustained two defeats yesterday in rulings by Judge Landis on admission of evidence presented by counsel for the government.

Over objections of counsel for the defense pamphlets ordered published by individual members shortly before America entered the war and other printed matter which had not been endorsed by general officers, were read into the records.

Again late in the day the defense unsuccessfully tried to have stricken from the records testimony concerning publication of several thousand copies of "Saboteurs" at Spokane, Wash., before the period covered by the indictment.

Judge Landis held that evidence need not be restricted to the period covered by the indictment.

Just before the adjournment last night the government sprung a surprise by reading into the records a petition signed by nearly 100 of the leaders of the I.W.W. demanding return of all papers seized in the nation-wide raid last fall.

Thus, the government, by a short cut, established the identity and connection with the I.W.W. of the members.

THIRTY AND WAR SAVINGS STAMP CONTEST BY LOCAL SCHOOL PUPILS

Pupils in Lowell's grammar and parochial schools will participate in a thirty and war savings stamp contest to start next Monday, May 14, and end June 2. The children will go out among the people in their sections of the city and canvass orders for stamps.

The contest has been originated by James H. Overy, local chairman for the sale of thirty stamps, and it has the endorsement of Richard Brookbrook Walsh, chairman of the school committee, and Hugh J. Molloy, superintendent of schools. The project is to be financed by the principals of the schools and the following prizes will be awarded:

Individual Prizes
First class—Largest money return from sale of stamps:
First prize, one war saving stamp.
Second prize, eight thrift stamps.
Third prize, four thrift stamps.
Second—Largest number of individual purchasers:
First prize, one war saving stamp.
Second prize, eight thrift stamps.
Third prize, four thrift stamps.

School Prize
Largest sale of thrift stamps, per pupil, based on number belonging on May school report.
Two war saving certificates.

AMERICANIZATION OF NON-CITIZENS

BOSTON, May 7.—Partition of this city into 15 divisions for the Americanization of non-citizens was begun today as a result of plans laid by a chamber of commerce committee. The chamber is to provide organization and educational work will be carried out by plans to be formulated by the state committee on public safety. Division managers will be selected soon and each division will be subdivided into sections corresponding generally to school lists.

FOR RED CROSS

Day's Pay From Each Worker Will Be Asked

BOSTON, May 7.—One day's pay from each worker in New England will be the minimum asked for the Red Cross in the campaign to open May 20, when this section will attempt to raise its share of the \$100,000,000 to be sought in the United States. Frederick C. Aling, New England business manager for the drive, announced this individual quota today. Plans for making the appeal for the fund were outlined at a meeting of workers here last night at which nurses and soldiers told of work being done by the Red Cross on the battlefields of Europe.

LAUGH AT GERMANS

Hun Officials Fail to Stop Secret Belgian Paper

PARIS, April 28 (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The German administrators in Belgium have suffered another bitter disappointment in their efforts to rid themselves of the secret Belgian newspaper, La Libre Belgique, which has stung, ridiculed and laughed at them ever since they occupied the territory of the brave little kingdom.

With every evidence of pleasure the Germans announced recently that they had arrested three Belgian priests, Delee, Denis and Martin, and three civilians, and that they had behind the bars the editor, publishers, printers and distributors of the secret paper. One of the priests, Denis, was condemned to death, according to information received by the Belgian government. The others received prison sentences aggregating many years.

Next morning a brand new copy of La

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Individual Prizes
First class—Largest money return from sale of stamps:
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School Prize
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Two war saving certificates.

RHEUMATISM NOT A DISEASE OF OLD AGE SAYS MAN OF SEVENTY-EIGHT

Var-ne-sis Helps Well-Known Avon Resident to Discard Crutches

Was Flat on His Back For a Year—Now Chops Wood and Feels Like a Boy—Pain-Stiffness Gone



"I am seventy-eight years of age and haven't a pain or an ache," said Hiram Whitling, when seen at his home in Avon, Mass., where he has been a resident for the past fifty years.

"I have always held to the belief that rheumatism was a disease of old age, but I have had reason to change that opinion during the past year. My experience in fighting the disease, I gladly give for the benefit of other sufferers.

"For one year I was flat on my back, unable to turn or help myself in any way. I was in constant pain day and night; to even come near my bed would bring on a paroxysm. Almost every joint was afflicted; my hands, arms, shoulders, back, hips and feet were all suffering. No one knows the suffering I endured during that year.

"My hips and knees were sore and stiff, my hands were useless, swollen with a chalky substance. I was about to give up when I heard of Var-ne-sis. However, the day I started to take Var-ne-sis

IMPORTANT—Don't take a substitute. Regular Var-ne-sis for rheumatism comes in a GREEN package and always has the picture and signature of Mr. W. A. Varney on the front.



Libra Belgique was in its usual place in the letter box of Baron von Falkenhau, governor general of Belgium, and the publication has appeared irregularly since. The death sentence upon water Denis was commuted to life imprisonment.

BROOKLYN GERMAN IS HELD FOR SEDITION

NEW YORK, May 7.—Hundreds of copies of a book said to contain German propaganda were seized at a meat market in Brooklyn yesterday, when agents of the department of justice arrested Stephen Binder, proprietor of the store, on a charge of violating the espionage act by distributing alleged seditious literature.

The book is said to term the government one of misrule, guided by English hands, and to assert that the country is controlled by capitalists and autocrats.

Binder, who was held in \$10,000 bail for the federal grand jury, is said to have come to this country from Germany several years ago. Since living in Brooklyn he studied English at night school.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA IN BONNET ROUGE

PARIS, May 7.—Lieut. Marchand, an interpreter in the French army and an expert in German propaganda, was the principal witness at the trial of the directors of the defunct socialist and Germanophile newspaper, Bonnet Rouge, yesterday.

He showed the similarity between the policy pursued by Bonnet Rouge and that of the Gazette of Ardennes, a paper which the Germans publish in the occupied districts of Northern France, using the French language.

The purpose of the Gazette, Lieut. Marchand stated, was to influence the French population remaining in the occupied districts. Some articles which the censor had prevented appearing in

the Bonnet Rouge nevertheless appeared in the paper issued by a German agent at Zurich.

Many articles that appeared in the Gazette had been reprinted in the Bonnet Rouge showed a tendency to ridicule the idea that German spies were working in France to discourage soldiers and dishearten the civilian population.

Lieut. Marchand pointed out 15 different press campaigns in which the Gazette, the Bonnet Rouge and the Germanophile newspaper at Zurich all used the same arguments, cited the same facts and even showed the same style in composition and the same errors in citations.

MAIL BY AIRPLANE

Bill Setting Price Passes Senate—To Start May 15

WASHINGTON, May 7.—A bill authorizing the postoffice department to charge not in excess of 24 cents an ounce or fraction thereof for the transportation of mail by airplane was adopted yesterday by the senate. The measure now goes to the house.

The postoffice department announced yesterday that the airplane mail service between Washington, Philadelphia and New York would be started May 15 as planned. Military airplanes for the service are being assembled at Lincoln, N. Y. A few experiments will be made in dropping mail sacks while the airplanes are in motion, mail for the present will be confined to letters, but the initial trial May 15 is sealed parcels will be accepted.

During the early stages of the service no attempt will be made to despatch airplanes on days when rain and fog will obstruct the vision of the aviator. On such days the mail will be despatched by courier on trains and given special delivery service.

MATRIMONIAL

Frank S. Burden of Dracont and Miss Caroline Marx of Rumford, Me., were married Saturday by Rev. A. R. Dilts at his home, 55 Warwick street.

Douville—Heroux

Frank Douville and Miss Eugenie Heroux were married yesterday at St. Joseph's rectory, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Augustin Gratton, O.M.I. The witnesses were Philippe Douville of Cannan, N. H., father of the groom, and Cleophas Heroux, father of the bride. After an extended honeymoon trip the couple will make their home at 20 James street.

Chapman—Russell

G. Herbert Chapman of this city and Miss Ellen Florence Russell of Danvers were married Sunday at the Highland Congregational church by the pastor, Rev. A. S. Beale. The couple will make their home at 7 Putnam avenue.

FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 7.—Election of officers was the important task today before the delegates at the 14th biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. The voting hours were from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. The balloting was secret and the result will be announced tomorrow.

The ticket was headed by Mrs. Josiah Evans Fowler of Los Angeles, who is candidate for re-election as president. Miss Georgia Bacon of Worcester, Mass., is a candidate for vice president.

KILLS CONSTABLE, SHOOTS LANDLORD

HALLVILLE, Conn., May 7.—Arthur Salisbury shot and killed Constable William Kinney and seriously wounded Herman Chapman here yesterday afternoon. A posse was sent to the countryside for him last night.

Chapman was taken to a Norwich hospital, where, it is said, his recovery is doubtful.

Chapman, who owns the house where Salisbury lives, had warned him to leave, through Constable Kinney. When Chapman and Salisbury went to the house yesterday Salisbury opened fire on them.

According to a statement by Mrs. Salisbury, Chapman and Kinney called to Salisbury: "Come out of that house or we will murder you." Then she heard her husband shoot.

FOR FIRST COMMUNION

Souvenir Beads and Prayer Books

Splendid variety of religious gifts for godparents to present their godchildren on the happy occasion of their first communion.

Ricard's 123 CENTRAL ST.

FURTHER ECONOMY IN USE OF MEATS

ORONO, Me., May 7.—The United States food administration is extremely desirous of securing economy in the consumption of all kinds of meats without re-establishing the meatless days for the present, according to a telegram from Herbert Hoover, received today by State Food Administrator Leon S. Merrill.

"The allies have found it necessary to reduce the consumption of all kinds of meats and poultry to an average of 1 1/4 pounds per week per person, in order that no further draft shall be made upon shipping that is now required for the transport of our soldiers," according to the telegram. "Our consumption of meats is about 3 1/4 pounds per week, per person and if we are to make both ends balance during the short marketing season, we must have further economy."

Moody Cash Market

796 Moody Street

Corned Beef Day

TOMORROW

Best Pieces in the Store. Pound..... 28c

Cash and Carry

ler of Brunswick and Kathleen Maley of Portland—ran away yesterday afternoon, and started to search for Mayflowers on Howard hill, back of the State House, just as a thunderstorm broke, and during a heavy downpour they lost their way in the woods.

They finally came out on Western avenue near the Gannett estate. The girls, from 14 to 16 years, had no hats nor wraps, and were drenched to the skin. Dr. Doris P. Kraus of this city, the school physician, happened to be passing and recognized the girls. She led them to the municipal court. Supt. Gertrude L. MacDonald of the Industrial school sent an automobile, which carried the girls back.

RUSSIANS ARREST JAPANESE CONSUL

LONDON, May 7.—A Reuter despatch from Tokio says that the Russian authorities at Truska have arrested the Japanese vice consul and also the president of the Japanese association on the charge of being military spies.

FAIRBURN'S HOUR SALES

Wed. a. m. Store Closed 12

8 TO 9	Eat More POTATOES, pk. 21c
9 TO 10	Fresh Scaled HADDOCK, lb. 6c
10 TO 11	STEAK, Round, Cut Through, lb. 31c
11 TO 12	Live Botted LOBSTERS, each 25c

ANNUAL MAY FESTIVAL BY THE LADIES' AID SOCIETY OF ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH

To further the laudable work of the organization, the Ladies' Aid society of St. Patrick's parish will hold its annual May festival in association with the annual May festival in the hall tomorrow evening and promises to be a most successful affair from every point of view. The advance sale of tickets shows that the charitable purposes for which the proceeds of affair are intended appeal to all, while the program arranged for the evening is one of the finest ever staged at an affair of the society. The Ladies' Aid society of St. Patrick's parish has done commendable work in aiding the poor of that section and otherwise alleviating distress and because of their meritorious work in the past tomorrow evening's affair ought to fill well the coffers of the society so that for to be a most successful affair from every case called to the attention of the ladies, can be another attraction at the affair. Miner-Doyle orchestra furnishing the music.

FOUR GIRLS LOST IN MAINE WOODS

AUGUSTA, Me., May 7.—Four girls from the State Industrial school in Halliwell—Willetta Mosley and Irene Cunningham of Lewiston, Bertha M.

BOVININE for Strength

FOR children, especially in the nutritional disorders of childhood, BOVININE is exceptionally valuable. It combines the administration of iron with a non-irritating and concentrated form of nourishment.

BOVININE contains the substances in normal blood serum which combat bacterial infection, having the vital elements of beef blood unaltered by the destructive action of heat.

For anemic children and adults and for the building up and invigorating of invalids convalescing after severe illness, BOVININE has been prescribed by physicians for over 30 years.

It is the ideal food tonic for a "run down" condition

12 oz. bottle \$1.15
6 oz. bottle .70

At your druggists

THE BOVININE CO.
75 West Houston Street
New York



8

FAIL TO ELECT

Continued

your department.

Mr. Brown then stated that a loan for streets had already been made and that included sidewalks.

Mr. Morse again referred to the oil and Mr. Brown said if Mr. Morse had been on the level he could have purchased oil for 12 cents.

Mr. Morse—You're not on the level.

Mr. Brown—How did you ever get your job as superintendent of streets?

Mr. Morse—On account of my knowledge of street work.

At this point the mayor rapped to order and sent for Engineer Kearney.

The annual report of the city clerk on births, deaths and marriages was received and placed on file. Similar action was taken with the report of the wire inspector.

Roof Ordinance

An ordinance for the roofing of buildings with fireproof material, to go into effect in 1928, was presented by the board of trade.

Mr. Warnock moved the passage of the order. The mayor called to attention the fact that the ordinance will go into effect in 1928. He said people who put on new roofs on their buildings this year expect the coverings will last more than 10 years. Secretary Bolger of the board of trade said, according to contractors, a shingle roof will not last more than eight years. Mr. Morse said the shingle roofs on his buildings do not last more than 10 years. Mr. Bolger said the ordinance was not presented to cause any hardships on property owners, but to have the insurance rates lowered if possible. The ordinance was adopted.

Sidewalk Loan Again

City Engineer Kearney, in relation to the proposed \$5000 sidewalk loan, said the repair of sidewalks comes under maintenance.

While Mr. Brown was questioning Mr. Kearney, Mr. Morse made a remark and Mr. Brown requested Mr. Morse not to show his ignorance by butting in. And Mr. Morse replied that Mr. Brown was the ignorant man, if ignorant man there was in the council.

Mr. Kearney then said the order was for new sidewalks and the money is to be refunded later by the abutters. Mr. Morse referred to several sidewalks he will have to relay and he was told by Mr. Kearney that the money for such work will be taken out of the paving loan.

Mr. Morse then reviewed the work done in Appleton street and he also referred to the Pawtucket bridge. Mr. Warnock interrupted by requesting to proceed with the business. The order was laid on the table.

Money For Macadam

An order for the borrowing of \$25,000 for macadam paving to be done under specifications approved by the state highway commission was introduced by Mr. Morse.

Mr. Brown said he did not believe the specifications are followed. He said last year \$70,000 was spent and the year previous \$50,000 was expended, and the streets went to pieces a short time later.

Mr. Morse—When you were commissioner of streets you built streets and I had to do them over again after a short time.

Mr. Warnock said the business men of back Central street are complaining over the delay of the work at Hasford square and Mr. Morse said the cold weather has delayed him, but he will do the work at once. The order for a \$25,000 loan was laid on the table.

The mayor was authorized to enter into an agreement with the N.Y. N.H. & Hartford railroad for the use of tracks in the rear of the Chelmsford street hospital.

The contracts of John Brady and the city for sand and that of Patrick Cogger and the city also for sand were approved.

An order for the installing of a gas-light between 29 and 34 West Third street was adopted. An order for the installing of electric lights in Highland, Chauncy, Third and Boylston streets and Bellerose avenue and Garden road was adopted.

Street Sprinklers

The following order in relation to the street water sprinkling was adopted after the mayor had reported on his conference with Receiver Donham of the Bay State Street Railway Co.:

Whereas, the receiver of the Bay State Street Railway company has refused to continue the contract with the American Car Sprinkler company for the use of wires, power and track for its sprinkling cars in the city of Lowell at the rate of three dollars per day for each car operated, and has offered to furnish said power, wires and track for use of said cars at 22 cents per mile per car in substitution for the charge of three dollars per day, it is, therefore, Voted, that the city of Lowell modify its contract with the American Car Sprinkler company, dated 1915, by striking out in said contract, wherever it appears therein, the charge of three dollars per day for power, wires and track for each car operated, and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

There shall be paid to the American Car Sprinkler company for the use of wires, power and track per car mile operated, 22 cents, with a minimum charge of three dollars per day for each car every day or fraction thereof that the car is in service on the streets for sprinkling, with the further understanding that in no event shall the amount to be paid be less than three dollars per car per day, multiplied by two-thirds of the total number of days from the beginning of the sprinkling season of 1918 until its close.

It is nevertheless understood that the

Just One Application

and the Hairs Vanish

(Toilet Talks)

Any woman can keep her skin free from unsightly hair or fuzz if she will follow these simple instructions: When hairy growths appear, apply a simple paste, made by mixing some water with powdered talc. Apply this to hairy surface and after two or three minutes rub off, was the skin and the hairs are gone. This is a harmless treatment, but be sure you get the real talc.

Our B. B. B. DESTROYER

Actually Kills Bed Bugs

Pt. 20c, Qt. 35c

Talbot's Chemical Store

40 MIDDLE ST.

Superfluous Hair DeMiracle

DeMiracle, the original sanitary liquid, operates on an entirely different principle from any other method. It removes hair of the body by breaking it away from the skin. Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 25, 50 and 100 cent sizes, or send us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

FREE book with testimonials of what causes hair on face, neck and arms, why it increases and how DeMiracle destroys it, mailed to you on request. DeMiracle, Park Ave. and 128th St., New York.

said minimum charge of three dollars per day per car is to be applied only on such day or days when the mileage of a car operated is sprinkling is less than thirteen and seven-eleventh miles.

For Paving Blocks

A requisition for the purchase of 175,000 paving blocks was presented by Mr. Morse. Mr. Brown said he believed it would be cheaper to employ cutters to recut old blocks and such action would help the government by not using cars. Mr. Morse said it is costing \$5 a day for each cutter and the re-cutting of so many blocks would mean a great expense. The requisition was approved.

Mr. Warnock was authorized to repair the roof of the Central fire station at a cost not to exceed \$150.

License Commissioner

Mr. Warnock moved and Mr. Brown seconded that a ballot be taken for the election of a license commissioner.

The result of the vote was as follows:

Mr. Brown—Joseph H. McGrath.
Mr. Donnelly—Thomas P. Boulger.
Mr. Morse—John J. Mullaney.
Mayor Thompson—Edward Fisher.
McWarnock—Joseph H. McGrath.
Fifteen other ballots were taken with the same result.

Other Business

The sewer assessment on Orchard street as approved at the last meeting was amended so that it now reads as \$697.75.

A second petition was received from the U.S.C. Co. in relation to the closing of the southerly portion of Market street to pedestrians and a hearing was set for next Tuesday at 10 a. m.

Thomas H. Platt petitioned for permission to move a barn from 47 Canada street to lots 31-32 Tannet street, and next Tuesday was set as the date of the hearing. At 11:45 o'clock adjournment was taken until next Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

FUNERAL NOTICES

CUNNINGHAM—The funeral of Oscar Cunningham will take place Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock from the chapel of James F. O'Donnell & Sons. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

COTTER—The funeral of Mrs. Mary E. Flood Cotter will take place Friday morning at 8 o'clock from her home, No. 13 Oliver street. A solemn high funeral mass will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery in charge of Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DOHERTY—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Doherty will take place Wednesday morning from the home of her niece, Mrs. Catherine Fleming, 624 Broadway, at 8 o'clock. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Patrick's church at 9 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. Undertaker Peter H. Savage in charge of funeral arrangements.

MOORE—The funeral of William T. Moore will take place on Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock from the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary E. Harrington, 43 Walnut street. High mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9:45 o'clock. Burial will take place in St. Patrick's cemetery, Undertakers M. H. McDonough & Sons in charge.

WELCH—The funeral of Miss Bridget Welch will take place Wednesday morning from her late home, 43 Walnut street, at 9:30 o'clock. At St. Peter's church at 10:30 o'clock a funeral mass of requiem will be celebrated. Burial will be in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertakers O'Donnell & Mack.

MONEY'S MIND MASS

A month's mind mass of requiem will be sung at St. Peter's church tomorrow (Wednesday) at 8 o'clock for the repose of the soul of the late Mrs. Catherine Casey.

DEATHS

BEHARD—Albert, infant son of Alfred and Amelia Behard, aged 9 months and 5 days, died last night at the home of his parents, 23 Howard street. Burial took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock in St. Joseph's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Joseph Albert & Son.

COTTER—Mrs. Mary E. Flood Cotter, wife of C. Charles Cotter, died yesterday afternoon at St. John's hospital. Besides her husband she leaves three sons, C. Edward Cotter, Fred A. and Royal H. Cotter; one daughter, Mrs. Frank Callahan; two grandchildren; two sisters, Mrs. Margaret Choate and Mrs. Etta Cluff. The body was taken to her home, 19 Oliver street, by Undertakers James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

REGGIO—Sartori, infant son of Cesar and Mary Regio, aged 5 months, died last night at the home of his parents in Short avenue, North Chelmsford.

GAGNON—Mrs. Louis Gagnon, nee Marie Morin, aged 63 years and 10 months, died last night at her home, 131 Mt. Hope street. She leaves her husband; four sons, Joseph, John, Edouard and John; three daughters, Mesdames Emelie Bouillanne, Amanda Mainville and Eugenie Martin, all of Canada; two brothers and eight sisters.

MOORE—William T. Moore, aged 34 years, a well known young resident of this city, died yesterday afternoon at the home of his sister, Mrs. Margaret P. Harrington, 43 Appleton street. He leaves one sister, Mrs. Harrington; two brothers, John H. and Charles D. Moore.

PROCTOR—The many friends of Miss Fannie M. Proctor of Lowell will regret to learn of her death, which occurred at the residence of her niece, Mrs. Inez Marsh Jones, West Somerville, Mass., April 26. Burial was in the Edison cemetery where Rev. Dr. Grannis conducted the services in the chapel. Besides her niece, deceased leaves a nephew, Proctor J. Marsh of Lowell.

TAYLOR—Alice C. Taylor, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Taylor, died last evening at the home of her parents, 34 Bourne street, aged five months. She leaves her parents; two sisters, Evelyn and Charlotte; and her brother, Benjamin, Benjamin, Boyden, Charles and Ervin Taylor, all of this city.

VENDETTE—Sigefroid Vendette, a

well known resident of this city, whose wife died two weeks ago, passed away this morning at his home, 152 Ford street, aged 68 years and 10 months. He leaves to mourn his loss four sons, Sigefroid, Joseph and Simeon of this city and Samuel of Joliet, Que.; three daughters, Mesdames Gedeon Crevel and Leonidas Desrosseaux of this city and Mrs. Frederic Heit of Chicago, as well as a brother and a sister in Canada.

WELCH—Miss Bridget Welch died yesterday at St. John's hospital after a lingering illness. She is survived by two brothers, John J. and Joseph S. and one sister, Miss Bella Welch, all of this city. She was a well known and highly respected resident of St. Peter's parish. The body was removed to her home, 43 Walnut street by Undertakers O'Donnell & Mack.

GARRITY—The funeral of Miss

Stock of This Entire Floor on Sale FRIDAY AT CHERRY'S

ENTIRE GARMENT STOCK OPERATED BY GIMBEL BROS. & CO. SOLD TO CHERRY & CO.

This WAS The Home of the Gimbel Stock

AU BON MARCHE

COME WEDNESDAY AND GET THESE WONDERFUL BARGAINS

Wonderful Lot of Suits

To be sold at \$25.00, sold formerly up to \$39.75; and they are Gimbel's latest arrivals

\$25.00

(Main Floor)

COATS

Beauties—Gimbel's just received them. Made to sell as high as \$42.50.

\$22.75

(Main Floor)

Beautiful Dresses

Afternoon models—some of the smartest models of the season; Gimbel's regular \$35.00 Dresses. At

\$18.75

(Second Floor)

During This Sale We Will Offer From Our Own Regular Stock—Many Sample and Novelty Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Etc., at Greatly Reduced Prices

200 Wash Skirts from Gimbel stock marked to sell from \$1.98 to \$2.98.

90c

(In Basement)

Gimbel's Best Suits, sold up to \$39.75. All at one price,

\$22.50

(Main Floor)

150 Newest Silk Taffeta Dresses, splendid assortment, dandy models. Gimbel's

Prices up to \$15.....

\$9.35

(Entire Choice in Basement)

Gimbel's Best Coats, sold by them up to \$29.50. All at

\$17.50

(Main Floor)

Waists—The entire Gimbel waist stock, that sold as high as \$2.00 each, to be offered on the Second Floor, Waist

\$1.00

Dept. At.....

Children's Coats—The entire Gimbel Children's Coat stock, that sold as high as \$8.00, to be offered on the Third Floor,

\$4.00

Children's Dept. At.....

Separate Skirts—The entire Gimbel Separate Skirt stock, that sold as high as \$5, in the Basement at

\$2.50

120 Taffeta Plain and Changeable Silk Petticoats; \$5.00 and \$6.00 value.

\$3.75

At.....

Children's Gingham School Dresses—Gimbel Stock Price up to 98c. Choice

55c

at.....

(Children's Dept., Basement)

50 Silk Dresses in Crepe de Chine and Summer Novelties—all fresh in Gimbel Stock—just landed at Au Bon Marche last week; sold up to \$25.00.

\$14.44

(Second Floor)

70 Serge Dresses—good assortment of navys—good line of sizes. Gimbel's price \$14.75. Entire choice

\$8.95

(Second Floor)

White Waists from the Gimbel Stock—about 37 dozen—never been out of the box—their prices from \$1.75 to \$2.75—offer

90c

(Second Floor)

200 Women's Cloth Suits—the Gimbel Prices up to \$20.00—take a glance at

\$10

these in our show window. At

(In Basement)

300 Cloth Coats—and let us say that they are the greatest values in the city of Lowell. Gimbel's Prices up to \$20, to be offered at—

\$7, \$10, \$12

(In Basement)

Fibre Silk Coat Sweaters—New, fresh lot in Gimbel's stock marked to sell

\$3.65

at \$7.00. Choice at.....

(Basement)

500 Saleen and Heatherbloom Petticoats, black and colors. Gimbel's price

\$1.00

\$1.98. Choice.....

(Basement)

100 Silk Poplin Dresses, in splendid spring shades. Gimbel's price

\$6.65

\$10.00. Choice at.....

(Basement)

97 Novelty Fancy Silk Dress Skirts—very newest at present time—Gimbel's Price up to \$8.00. Choice at

\$3.85

(Main Floor)

High grade Afternoon Dresses, in chiffon taffeta with Georgette sleeves. Gimbel's Prices up to \$20. Choice.....

\$12.00

(Second Floor)

50 Dandy Cloth Suits, full range of sizes. Gimbel's Prices up to \$25.00. Choice at

\$15.00

(Main Floor)

50 Rain Coats, all of Gimbel's stock, were marked to sell at \$9.00, \$12.00 and \$15.00. Choice at

\$5.50

(Basement)

CHERRY & WEBB 12-18 John Street

FUNERALS

FECTEAU—The funeral of Alexis L. Fecteau was held yesterday afternoon from his home, Robin Hill road, South Chelmsford. Rev. Charles Ellis, pastor of the Chelmsford Centre Baptist church, officiated. Mrs. F. L. Roberts and Miss H. E. Symonds rendered appropriate selections. The Knights of Pythias lodge, No. 26, was represented by A. D. Mitten, C. C. A. S. Goldman, B.C.; John Mott, P. C. and A. Simmers, M. of A. They also acted as bearers. Burial was in Pine Ridge cemetery. Rev. Mr. Ellis officiating at the grave. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Archambault & Sons.

GARRITY—The funeral of Miss Katie Garrity took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from the funeral parlors of Undertaker John F. Rogers, and was largely attended by sorrowing relatives and friends. The funeral cortege then proceeded to St. Peter's church where a solemn high mass of requiem was sung at 9 o'clock by Rev. Fr. Peter Linehan, assisted by Rev. Fr. Daniel J. Keilher, Ph.D., as deacon and Rev. Fr. Francis Shea as sub-deacon. The bearers were David A. Mahoney, John P. Martin, George Frallick and Thomas Gill. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Peter Linehan. Undertaker John F. Rogers in charge.

MCCARTHY—The funeral of Mrs. Annie P. McCarthy took place this morning at 8:30 o'clock from her late home, 237 Perry street, and wended its way to the Immaculate Conception church where, at 9 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. Owen McQuaid, O.M.I. There were several beautiful floral offerings and numerous spiritual bouquets. The bearers were Messrs. John Morrison, Thomas Morrison, James Morrison, John Zipp, John Noylan and Daniel King. The burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, the committal prayers being read at the grave by Rev. Fr. McQuaid, O.M.I. The funeral was largely attended and

Eczema Wash

A touch of D. D. D. to any Eczema sore or itching eruption and you'll be able to rest and sleep once more. Think—just a touch! Is it worth trying? Get a trial bottle today. 50c, 60c and \$1.00. Your money back if the first bottle does not relieve you.

D. D. D.

DOWNS, the Druggist

TONIC - UPBUILDER

Stabbing Coughs, Weak Lungs and Colds

Try

Eckman's Alternative

For many years this Calcium preparation has maintained an ever-increasing reputation for accomplishing good, and often remarkable results.

\$2 Size now \$1.50

Price Includes War Tax. All Druggists.

Eckman Laboratory Philadelphia

DOWN, the Druggist

under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Brothers.

STACINOS—The funeral of Nicholas Stacinos took place yesterday afternoon from the home of his parents, 316 Suffolk street. Services were held at the Holy Trinity Greek church. Burial took place in the Edison cemetery under the direction of Undertakers C. H. Mollo's Sons.

WELCH—The funeral of Mrs. Ann Welch took place this morning at 9 o'clock from her late home, 65 Concord street, and was largely attended by

sorrowing relatives and friends. The funeral cortege proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church where, at 9:45 o'clock, a high mass of requiem was sung by Rev. Dennis A. Sullivan, O.M.I. There was a wealth of beautiful floral tributes and many spiritual offerings. The bearers were Patrick Bridge, James Welch, James Gill, Edward James and John Foye. Burial took place in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the final prayers were read by Rev. Fr. McQuaid, O.M.I. Undertakers McDonough & Sons in charge.

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THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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OVERSUBSCRIPTION OF THE LOAN

The vast oversubscription of the Third Liberty Loan demonstrates the fact that the country is waking up to the war. That 17,000,000 persons in the United States bought Liberty loans shows that the people who toil in the factories and workshops as well as those who direct large corporations and banking institutions are deeply interested in winning the war.

It is certainly encouraging to the men at the front to know that the people are ready to back them up so generously with the funds necessary to carry the war to a successful conclusion.

The leading essentials in a great war are men, money, ammunition, and moral support. All these we have in abundance and as soon as is practical all will be applied at the place best calculated to stop the progress of the Hun and to help Hindenburg in killing that million men, a brutal eventuality which he has vainly conjectured would win the war.

P. H. Goff, Cleveland banker, who has been nominated by President Wilson for the capital issues commission, says this:

"Our big job is to conserve the money of the country for the war-making power of the country. Our guiding rule will be to discourage any venture that is not essential to protection of public health or to prosecution of the war."

When every man and woman amongst us gets Mr. Goff's conception of war necessity soaked into him and her, plenty and thorough, we'll be in this war as we should be.

Money, nothing else, makes the soldiers, ships, guns, munitions, and food go across. The estimate for American expenditure on her armies alone, in 1919, is 15 billions of dollars, not a dollar of which can we borrow from other peoples. We have already been called upon to subscribe for eight billions, the bulk of which has already been spent, or will be, this year. The present odds most decidedly favor a long-drawn-out war. Anyhow, we'll be downright foolish not to work with this in view.

Let every man and woman consider the effort that has been necessary to raise the eight billions and then consider that we've got to come forward with more billions, perhaps twice as much next year!

The guiding rule of every individual, as well as of Mr. Goff's commission, has got to be discouragement of every non-essential, to say nothing of the over-growing necessity for our saving and producing more of the essentials. Begin following this guiding rule, now and thus sustain the men who bear the heavy responsibility of conducting the war to a final success.

DROP NEEDLESS PROPAGANDA

Propaganda work in promotion of the war is very important but it must be wisely directed and not overdone.

It was by propaganda work that Germany overthrew Russia, almost overthrew Italy, weakened America, stirred Mexico, incited Ireland, tried to stir up revolt in India, and to advance the cause of German domination in every other country of the world. Propaganda work is necessary to overcome the efforts of Germany in disseminating lies and thus misleading the people of every civilized land.

It will require varied and active work to combat the lies which Germany circulates wherever possible. It is most amazing to find how complete and perfect is her propaganda system all over the world.

The government must conduct this propaganda to be effective; but we notice a tendency on the part of a great many civilian or semi-military bodies to engage in this work to an extent that is clogging the mails.

Notice the heavy loads the letter carriers have to take out on their routes every morning. In former years their heaviest loads were around the Christmas time; but the greatest glut of past years was not a circumstance to what is carried in the mail nowadays. The parcel post, of course, has increased the number of packages, but the main increase comes from the propaganda output, not from the government so much as from the scores of other bodies engaged in war activities of one kind or another and all using the mails to connect with newspapers, public bodies and even individuals. It would be well in our opinion if some of the independent bodies would curtail their output as non-essential. Not more than one-fourth of what reaches newspaper offices is of any earthly use and we are appraised by a gentleman who knows that a very large part of the war work publications addressed to individuals, reaches the waste basket without being read.

As in transportation by rail or water non-essential freight is being omitted, so in this propaganda work, all that is useless, cumbersome and unreadable should be eliminated, so that there will be more opportunity to handle what remains, in a proper manner.

DRIVE OUT BOOTLEGGERS

The bootleggers who in spite of all protests persist in attempting to sell liquor to soldiers must be driven out. Six of them were caught here Saturday and Sunday and turned over to the federal authorities for trial and punishment.

It is very strange that men are so degraded as to set at defiance the

since been developed as the most barbarous form of piracy ever attempted anywhere.

The Lusitania was a British ship, but many of the Americans who were passengers lost their lives. Even that act of slaughter did not bring the American people to a state of mind in which they would approve a declaration of war.

The man who set the world afire is dead. Gavrilo Princip killed the heir to the Austrian throne. Archduke Franz Ferdinand and wife, and the event was seized by Germany as a cause of war, that in reality did not concern her. Germany had been looking for a pretext to launch a bloody war and this event gave her the opportunity she wanted. She would like to get out of it now if she got away with the spoils, but she can't. The war will go on until Germany is subdued.

Last year the British loaned the Allies \$2,525,000,000 and the United States loaned them \$4,750,000,000. The British chancellor says England is no poorer because of what she loaned, as she got an equal amount from the United States and is therefore self-supporting.

SEEN AND HEARD

Storm windows are like winter hannels sometimes, as there are folks who are very careful not to take them off too early.

Among the most futile things in world—the conductor's request to the crowd in a street car to move up forward.

Once in a while we run across a person who says he is planning a trip if it doesn't rain, or will have a birthday if he lives, not taking anything for granted.

Occasionally one sees an old-fashioned couple taking a stroll, with the woman tucking her arm inside that of her escort, but the sight is becoming such a rarity that it causes comment.

Nobody Wants Them

Maybe the English language doesn't afford any other method of expressing it, but it does look rather odd to read a sign in a cemetery, "Desirable Lots for Sale," when everybody knows that the best of them are far from desirable.

Somehow They Manage

The children, all grown up and like

most of the present generation inclined to constitute themselves advisers to their old-fashioned parents, scoffed and made fun when they heard about it. But pa and ma, who are simple folks, don't know what camouflage means. They were going to a church concert and the old gentleman was slowly struggling in a tight, stiff white collar. Exertions attendant upon normal breathing had broken the collar button. So when he stepped into a store to buy another he advised his wife to go alone, pick out a seat and wait. This she did, but took no chances, and so explained to the usher why she wanted a rear seat, telling him all about the broken collar button. When pa arrived the usher asked if he was the man who had made repairs to his neckgear, was given an affirmative answer and escorted to his wife's seat. That all this explanation of personal affairs wasn't necessary was the contention of the children, but pa and ma insisted that so long as it was the truth and brought results it was the best thing to do.

Oh, Very Well—

He came in while we were trying to think of something to write in this space, and he said, "Say go! Why is a slacker like Custer?" "I can ask you!" "Give up! Yes, yes, Go on!" says he. And he yodled. "Because it's yellow all through and hasn't any crust to go over the top!" So, we're very much obliged, Jim Cleary, we'll just use that for a stunt today. Why not?

Reckless Auto Drivers

It would be a good idea if the police department showed some signs of activity in ridding the community of reckless automobile drivers who have an utter disregard for the safety of pedestrians, who also "burn" up the road at a rate of speed that endangers other motorists as well as pedestrians. This scorching is not confined to the roads in the suburbs, but also in the thickly populated sections of the city. Several years ago, traps were laid by the department and scores of violators of the law were brought into court and fined. The imposing of a few fines on guilty ones at the present time would do much good. The Pawtucket boulevard, Princeton boulevard, Rogers street and Andover street are fast becoming regular speedways, while Main street, which is used by nearly all the motorists going to and from Camp Devens, is fast developing into a speedway. Even through the streets in the centre of the city, some machines are operated at a rate of speed much beyond the limit set by law. Another violation which is pre-

valent is that of automobile drivers passing within eight feet of electric cars when the latter are stopped to take on or leave passengers.

The Sky's the Limit

Oh, Jacky on the salty seas and Sammy at the front. It's yours to do the heavy work, you have the heavy job to do, you've got to bear the brunt. And we've no other choice except to let you do it. But if your troubles trouble you, consider now and then (And maybe it will help you not to mind 'em). There are always one more billion bones and one more million men, and always just as many more behind 'em.

We don't want to waste a billion, or much less, to waste a man. But we're with you to the utmost of our little. For to help out human freedom we'll do anything we can. And compared to that you're up to the neck in it. So, tell Giovanni, Tommy, Jacques and all the gang again. Until they grin like little Jacky Horner. There are always one more billion bones and one more million men, and they're on the way and just around the corner.

Your Uncle Sam's in earnest and his earnest means a heap.

And he usually finds away to show it. He's slow to show his wrath, and some folks say he's been asleep. But when he wakes he's wide awake, you know! It's hard for us to realize from picture and from pen; The things you see so well, they almost blind you. But always one more billion bones and one more million men. Are coming, coming, coming right behind you.

EDMUND VANCE COOKE.

Mayflower's Message

Flowers have always been more or less associated with romance and many an inspired poet or writer has delicately entwined the two in a delightful song or interesting story. But usually, the little romance was but a product of the writer's mind, a thing of beauty, but not of stability. However, war, pregnant with romance and stability, has uncovered a story founded on real fact in which a Lowell soldier plays the leading role.

Sergeant John Bradlee, a former kitchen steward boy, but now serving with a Canadian ambulance detail at the St. James street military hospital, at St. John, N. B., has found even in the horrors of a military hospital in the greatest of wars, the real power of a little bunch of mayflowers.

A lady—who didn't get her first name—was riding in a street car in St. John recently, and it happened that the Lowell soldier was also among those present. The soldier was evidently attracted to the bunch of mayflowers which the lady was carrying and the latter, noticing the interest of the boy in olive drab, offered him a small bunch of the flowers. The sergeant was delighted with them and on his way back to the hospital indulged in their fresh fragrance and there came a flood of awakened memories of woods down on Clark road, where spring flowers may be found.

Returning to the hospital and making his usual rounds of the wards, he carried the mayflowers with him and there came a happy look on the faces of the wounded men who, a few weeks or months before, had been in the midst of an earthly hell.

"Hey, sergeant, let's look at the blossoms; they're just like the ones we have on our farms," cried one poor chap who was suffering from a terrible shrapnel wound in his back.

"Say, sergeant, can I have a smell?" And so it went on from bed to bed. The fragrant and delicate flowers awakened a smile, aroused a laugh or brought forth a flood of memories as the Lowell sergeant strode through the wards.

Finally he came to the pneumonia ward where very sick patients are kept. Here the bunch of wildflowers found a place beside the bed of a country boy who was bravely fighting for strength. There came a faint smile and the faint whisper: "Home flowers, sergeant? I picked mayflowers like these when I was at home."

The sergeant's heart was strangely stirred as he bent down to the sick boy and said: "Would you like me to write to your mother?"

"Would it?" came the faint whisper. "It would be just the best thing that ever happened." A little note was started in Nova Scotia, a weary, old, heart-burdened mother on a farm where mayflowers bloom. And some of the blossoms with it, too, and the ending: "Not yet."

And as the Lowell sergeant wrote home recently to his friends: "Thank God for a little bunch of mayflowers!"

WOMEN'S CLUB HOLDS ANNUAL MEETING

The Middlesex Women's club held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon and the usual routine matter was taken up. The following officers for 1918-19 were elected, all of them being re-elections with the exception of the three directors:

President, Mrs. Flora M. Boardman; vice presidents, Mrs. Louise NeSmith, Mrs. Grace C. Perkins, Mrs. Amelia Sherman; recording secretary, Miss Mary A. Shattuck; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Gertrude H. Martin; treasurer, Mrs. Annie B. Robertson; chairman of finance, Mrs. Emma F. Thompson; directors, Mrs. Gertrude K. Butler, Miss Helen P. Hill, Mrs. Grace L. Humphrey.

The reports of the following officers and committee chairmen were read and listened to with great interest. Recording secretary, Miss Mary A. Shattuck; the treasurer, Mrs. Robertson; the corresponding secretary, Mrs. Martin; chairman of committee on war work, Mrs. Harry Prescott Graves; also report of committee on Consumers' league bakery investigation, by Mrs. Graves; secretary of garden club, Miss Helen NeSmith; program committee, Miss Maud Lancaster; and the president, Mrs. Boardman.

Delegates to the annual meeting of the State Federation, to be held in Boston early in June were chosen as follows: Mrs. G. Forrest Martin, Mrs. C. F. Hobson, Mrs. E. G. Dumas, Mrs. W. B. Jackson, Mrs. E. M. Sherman, Mrs. C. F. Harris. The president, who is herself a delegate, was given power to appoint alternates as needed.

From the report of the treasurer it was found that the club has a working balance of over \$1000, besides cash assets in the bank to the amount of over \$4000.

The secretary reported that there were now 647 names on the waiting list. The club voted its approval of the purchase of a third Liberty loan bond of \$800.

Following the business meeting, the retiring directors were given a reception in Middlesex hall. These re-

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-lives"

ST. MARTIN'S
"For two years, I suffered tortures from Severe Dyspepsia. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth. I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-lives' (or Fruit Liver Tablets) I began to improve and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed."

MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURY, N. Y.

Writing were: Mrs. E. B. Carney, Mrs. A. K. Chadwick and Miss Susie L. D. Watson; also two chairmen of departments, Mrs. Carl D. Burtt, education, and Miss Mabel Nickerson, art.

Mrs. J. Harry Boardman, the president, gave the following report of the year's activities:

The President's Report

One year ago when assuming the office of president, this great nation had shortly before declared war. The question arose in the minds of many, should we continue to have a club program for the year? Certainly it has justified itself in bringing the Lowell public such speakers as Maj. Ian Hay, Dr. Isaac Macrosson, S. K. Ratcliff and Miss Helen NeSmith.

In combining the educational and civics committees for a committee on war work we were thus able to make their year's work more effective.

Our special contribution to our local chapter of the American Red Cross amounted to \$358.73; to the state federation endorsement fund for its work during the year, \$152.75; the general federation victory fund fund, \$236.90. Our club has bought two Liberty bonds of \$500 each, one of the second issue and one of the third. While this is an investment for ourselves, we are being patriotic. The war work committee has contributed 95 good cheer bags to the Army and Navy league relief headquarters in Boston. We have co-operated with the local branch of the Council of National Defense in giving the use of our halls for one lecture and three demonstrations of food conservation. Our home economics committee arranged one demonstration lecture on war-time cooking by Miss Alice Bradley. Rentals have been given to the extent of \$73, thus making our income that much less. The question of income should not be considered when it is for our own enlightenment and an aid to the government. I merely quote these figures in passing that one may not say that this club has not done something as its share of war work. The sum total of our gift in moneys this year amounts to \$1033.88.

Our routine work has not been neglected, such as the yearly giving of Christmas boxes to some of the inmates of the City hospital, relief to the blind through the sub-committee of the adult blind, assisting in inspection work with the Consumers league and the sale of Red Cross seals.

To the school gardens the sum of \$37.75 has been contributed and expended in co-operation with the city beautiful committee. The fresh air is the gainer to the extent of \$100 in equipment furnished by the education committee. The Garden club under the chairmanship of Miss Edna Cutter has flourished for a year and is to continue for another. Who can say that its seeds have not borne fruit when one hears the splendid report of its work? Our membership in the Massachusetts Forestry association and the Consumers league continues for the year. The hospitality committee reports three receptions and one tea for the year. Of visitors' tickets there have been seven complimentary and 135 tickets sold for lectures and concerts. An honor roll has been given with the name of Mrs. Laura C. Wiggin as our member doing work in France.

The changing from heatless Monday



STRAW HATS

Ready, when you're ready

The smartest styles from the best American manufacturers—and very stunning English and Italian straws.

Soft Collar season is on and the new things in soft collars await you in our furnishing goods department.

Batwing Bow Ties to go with soft collars—plain colors—small figured effects, Oriental patterns in a wonderfully broad variety. It is going to be a great "batwing" season, and what you want is here, 50c.

Putnam & Son Co.
166 Central Street.

"UREKA" IT MAKES DENTISTRY PAINLESS

The Only Place in Lowell, Ask Your Friends.

Moderate Charges For High Grade Work.

PAINLESS PARRA

Dr. Johan R. de la Parra, Dentist
219 Central Street.

to Tuesday meant the rearrangement of the latter half of our program, no doubt an inconvenience to many members as well as our program committee; also the upsetting of our sub-rentals. These all had to be considered as well as curtailed. How many of you stop to think of these questions beyond the club program? The sub-rentals this past year are larger than ever before in the history of the club. The coming year finds us with our largest sub-rental gone, for the Christian Science people have moved into their own building. Too much credit cannot be given to the committee on sub-rentals, to the efficient and businesslike way in which the work of this committee is carried on, all of which makes for the success of the club and its program.

Three directors are retiring today after most efficient work as members of the council. The nominating committee has chosen successors, who I am sure will try to fill their places. In closing, I thank you for your courtesy and patience during all the changes that have had to be made during the year.

Both Ends Against The Middle

(Producer and Consumer)

(The Packer.)

The consumer wants to pay a low price for meat.

The farmer wants to get a high price for cattle.

The packer stands between these conflicting demands, and finds it impossible to completely satisfy both.

The packer has no control over the prices of live stock or meat, and the most that can be expected of him is that he keep the difference between the two as low as possible. He does this successfully by converting animals into meat and distributing the meat at a minimum of expense, and at a profit too small to be noticeable in the farmer's returns for live stock or in the meat bill of the consumer.

Swift & Company's 1917 transactions in Cattle were as follows:

	Average Per Head
Sold meat to Retailer for	\$68.97
Sold By-products for	24.09
Total Receipts	\$93.06
Paid to Cattle Raiser	84.45
Balance (not paid to Cattle Raiser)	\$ 8.61
Paid for labor and expenses at Packing House, Freight on Meat, and Cost of operating Branch distributing houses	7.32
Remaining in Packers' hands as returns on investment	\$ 1.29

The net profit was \$1.29 per head, or about one-fourth of a cent per pound of beef.

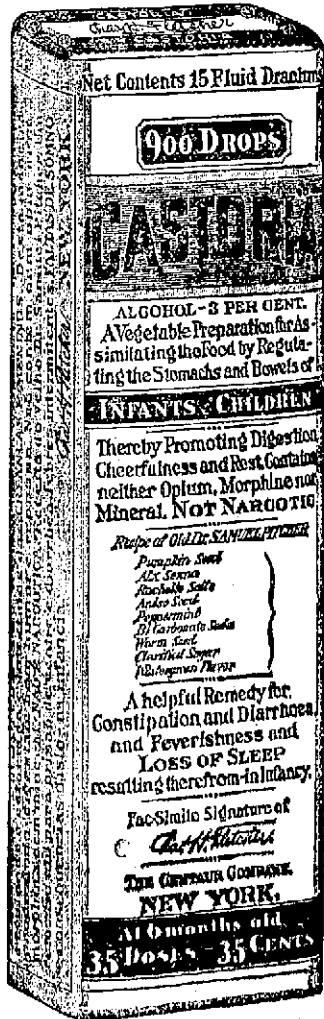
By what other method can the difference between cattle prices and beef prices be made smaller, and how can the conflicting demands of producer and consumer be better satisfied?



1918 Year Book of Interesting and instructive facts sent on request. Address Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch, 572 Dutton St., Lowell, Mass.



CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

of

Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THREAT TO RUIN RUMANIA

LONDON, May 7.—Court Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, secretly visited Jassy in the latter part of February and delivered in person a verbal ultimatum of the most drastic sort from the Central powers to King Ferdinand of Rumania. It has become known with the arrival here of the American Red Cross mission to Rumania.

Count Czernin's visit was known of only in the highest official circles and the fact that it was paid is revealed now for the first time through the correspondent of the Associated Press, who accompanied the mission.

The reason for the visit was that the Germans and Austrians had determined to bring to a speedy conclusion the negotiations with Rumania and had decided that a threat delivered in person by the head of the Austro-Hungarian foreign office would be more effective than reams of documents.

Count Czernin arrived in Jassy about Feb. 25 and went straight to the king. His message was stern, unbending, ruthless. He told the king bluntly that Rumania must conclude peace on Germany's terms and do it immediately. "There must be no further delays and unless Rumania consented to this program the Central powers proposed issuing a ukase deposing the Rumanian royal house and dividing the entire country between Austria and Bulgaria."

The Rumanian king saw no way out and a week later the formal peace negotiations were begun. The court and cabinet was in a state of dejection from the date of Count Czernin's sensational secret mission.

Queen Marie fought bitterly against any of all peace talk from the beginning and she had the support of the crown prince and a considerable body

ENORMOUS FUND TO FIGHT CONSCRIPTION

LONDON, May 7.—An enormous "national defense fund" is being collected by the church in Ireland, ostensibly to fight conscription, according to the Dublin correspondent of the Daily Mail. He adds that the church apparently does not care to accept responsibility for the manner in which the money is spent, and control of the fund has passed into the hands of the Sinn Féin. The lists of names of men who signed the anti-conscription pledge under the direction of the priests, is said to be in the hands of Sinn Féin as a basis for a registration system.

"Conditions appear daily to be growing worse as nationalism is being spread further along on the Sinn Féin flood," continues the despatch. "Moderate men of the Irish convention have faded out of public recognition and it is quite obvious that whatever are the government's home rule proposals, they will be rejected contemptuously by the bulk of the country and denounced more passionately than was conscription."

YESTERDAY THE HOTTEST MAY 6 ON RECORD

BOSTON, May 7.—One death by lightning, one drowning and one prostration yesterday marked the end of the hottest May 6 on the records of the weather bureau.

The mercury jumped 35 degrees in eight hours and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon touched 85.

Coming so suddenly, all New England sweltered, while the soda fountains and parks did rushing business.

Mrs. Hannibal Howie of Freeport, Me., was killed by lightning at she sat by a window in her home. She was 70 years old and married recently. Patrick J. Martin, 41 years old, of 88 Adams street, Dorchester, was the other victim, and was drowned while swimming in South Bay, Boston.

The first prostration of the year was that of Earl Davis of 98 Waltham street a fireman on the New Haven railroad, who was overcome by the heat as he left his engine in the Dover street round house.

TO REDUCE THE PRICE OF MILK

BOSTON, May 7.—Indications are that the retail price of milk will be reduced

BACKACHE KILLS!

Don't make the fatal mistake of neglecting what may seem to be a "simple little backache." There isn't any such thing. It may be the first warning that your kidneys are not working properly, and throwing off the poisons as they should. If this is the case, go after the cause of that backache and do it quickly, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

GOLD MEDAL Maallem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney and bladder troubles, which may be the unsuspected cause of general ill health. GOLD MEDAL Maallem Oil Capsules are imported direct from the laboratories in Holland. They are prepared in correct quantity and convenient form to take, and are positively guaranteed to give prompt relief, or your money will be refunded. Get them at any drug store, but be sure to insist on the GOLD MEDAL brand and take no other. In boxes, three sizes.

FOR CONVENIENCE

Ride a Bike

We Carry the Best

DAYTON PIERCE COLUMBIA EMBLEM
NEW ENGLAND FLYING MERKEL

Lowell Cycle Shop
98 Gorham Street Tel. 508

with it, determined on a motor trip that will continue for several weeks and places to be visited will include his old home in Glengary county, Ontario.

SUPERIOR COURT

The case of Antonio Pallatto against Daniel H. and Peter W. Holland, an action of contract, was resumed before Judge Morton and jury at the civil session of the superior court this morning. According to the testimony offered by the plaintiff, he purchased a second hand automobile from the defendants on July 1, 1917, for \$200 and paid \$100 on account. Pallatto kept the machine for a couple of weeks during which time he made improvements at an outlay of about \$50. He later agreed with the defendants to purchase a new machine for \$500 and was to be allowed \$250 for the old machine. The plaintiff claims that the defendants offered him a second hand car instead of a new one and he refused to take it.

The case was given to the jury shortly after noon. The next case taken up was that of Helen Walsh against the Columbia Fuel Co., an action of contract in which the ad damnum is \$300. The plaintiff in her declaration says she entered into a verbal contract with the defendant company on Nov. 5, 1915, whereby she was to receive soft coal for the winter of 1915 and 1916, to wit: 100 tons at \$4.75 per ton if hauled by the teams of the plaintiff and \$5.25 per ton if delivered by the teams of the defendant. The plaintiff says that after 15 tons and 545 pounds had been delivered the defendant refused to make any further deliveries of coal under the agreement unless the plaintiff was willing to pay an increase of \$2.75 per ton.

NEW YORK'S LIBERTY LOAN SUBSCRIPTIONS TOTAL \$893,700,000

NEW YORK, May 7.—Liberty loan subscriptions for the New York district, tabulated at 11 a. m. today, totalled \$893,700,000, an increase of \$15,300,000 over last night's close. The minimum quota was \$900,000,000.

MACDOO HAS TONSILLITIS

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Secretary Macdoo developed a case of tonsillitis today, and was compelled to do his work at home.

THE NEW FISHWAY

\$10,000 For Construction of Fishways In the Merrimack River

Governor Presents Quills to Former Senator Fisher and Mr. Simon B. Harris

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, May 7.—Included in the \$2,520,000 appropriation bill reported by the ways and means committee yesterday is an item of \$10,000 for the construction of fishways in the Merrimack river, in order to carry into effect the provisions of the resolve recently passed by the general court and signed last week by Gov. McCall.

In signing the resolve, the governor used two quills, one of which he has presented to former Senator Edward Fisher of Westford, in recognition of

his efforts in securing the passage of the legislation, while the other is given to Simon B. Harris of Lowell, president of the Lowell Fish and Game association.

The resolve in its final form, as approved by the committee on bills in third reading, reads as follows:

Section 1. The board of commissioners on fisheries and game acting under the powers now vested in them by law in relation to fishways are hereby directed, during the current year, to provide, re-establish or construct suitable and sufficient fishways on the Merrimack river at Lawrence and Lowell.

Section 2. The damage and expense incurred hereunder shall, in accordance with the provisions of law and of this act, be borne by the owners of the dams located at said points on said river; but the said commissioners are hereby authorized to enter into an agreement with the owners of said dams whereby such portion, if any, of the said damage or expense as the commissioners may deem equitable, shall be assumed and paid by the commonwealth.

Section 3. Said commissioners are hereby authorized to expend from the treasury of the commonwealth, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, a sum not exceeding \$10,000, in addition to any sum that may be contributed for said purpose by any individual, association or municipality. All receipts and expenditures made hereunder shall be set forth in the succeeding annual report of said commissioners.

Section 4. Nothing contained in this act and no action of the commission-

ers hereunder shall be construed as a waiver or release on the part of the commonwealth of its right to compel the owners of said dams to construct and maintain said fishways, nor shall anything in this act, nor any action of the commissioners hereunder, be so construed as to impair the legal rights or remedies of any person or corporation.

Section 5. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

ROYT.

ANOTHER WARM DAY

Today proved to be another hot one, but proved to be more bearable than yesterday. At noon, the official thermometer at the Locks and Canals registered 73 degrees, while Page's thermometer showed the mercury five points higher. The showers scheduled for last night failed to materialize in this vicinity, though there were showers within 25 miles of Lowell.

Riding on the suburban routes of the Bay State was heavy yesterday during the evening hours, many people taking short trips into the country in order to escape the heat in the city.

STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MEN MAKING SURVEY OF HALE'S BROOK

As a result of activities on the part of the Ward 4 Improvement association, men representing the state department of health, are busy making a survey of Hale's brook and the land through which it flows. This work is being done in an endeavor to remedy sanitary conditions along the course of the brook, for some time

ago the brook was declared to be a nuisance to residents in and about Gorham street.

As soon as the survey, which it is believed will cost about \$1000, is finished, the state department of health will report to the legislature and submit recommendations as to necessary work to be performed. Representative Thomas Corbett of wards 4 and 5 is deeply interested in the project and is really the man behind.

BRANDED BY GERMANS WITH IRON CROSS

BOSTON, May 7.—A story of the horrors of a German prison camp in East Africa, was told by John J. Mitchell, 25, a Zulu, at a hearing before the board of special inquiry at the immigration station on Long Wharf yesterday afternoon. For six months the man was confined in a German East African prison camp where he was half starved, branded and otherwise maltreated. On his left forearm is tattooed a fac-simile of a German iron cross, about two inches square, with the numeral "2." The prisoner's number, alongside. The man suffered excruciating pain while his captors branded him with red hot electric needles. Mitchell was a coal passer on a former German steamer seized by the British and sunk off the Cape of Good Hope by a German raider. Three of the fireroom force were killed by the explosion of a shell. The crew were taken from the boats on board the raider and landed at a German East African port. The survivors were marched to the prison camp, where every one was branded. German officers and soldiers laughed at the sufferings of the seamen. Nearly six months they were so closely guarded that there was no chance to escape. A few prisoners who attempted to cross the dead-line were shot down by the guards. The white prisoners, according to Mitchell, were flogged and terribly abused. Gen. Smuts, in command of the British forces, attacked the town, and after six days of fighting the Germans were forced to capitulate. When a shell from British guns tore away part of the prison stockade, the prisoners hid in the bush until the fol-

low morning, when they sought the protection of the British flag.

They were treated by British doctors and cared for until they were able to leave. Mitchell shipped on a British steamer bound to Boston with a cargo of wool, and on reaching here deserted and secured employment as a dock laborer with two other Zulus.

In the recent roundup by federal officers of aliens Mitchell was arrested. He admitted he had paid no head tax and was, therefore, in the country illegally. He was turned over to the immigration authorities for deportation.

Mitchell may not be deported, however, as he is a British subject and has convinced the immigration officials that he is not liable to become a public charge. The man, with his two companions, will probably be released today upon the payment of the \$3.00 head tax.

In good English he told the inspectors that his father is a farmer on the banks of Mozambique channel, East Africa. He gave his Boston address as 22 Woodbury street, Roxbury.

Are You Still Young at Heart

Then Why Look Older Than You Feel?

Every woman is as young as she looks, so why let sentiment or prejudice prevent your keeping youthful as long as you wish?

Not long ago many women would not use face powder or cosmetics. Today, practically every woman knows their need and uses them. This is equally true of the hair color restorer. Thousands of women keep their hair dark and youthful with Q-ban Hair Color Restorer. It is not a dye, but a delightful toilet preparation which brings back the color and gloss as gradually and evenly as the natural renewing of the hair itself.

Q-ban will not stain the scalp, wash or rub off; and does not interfere with washing or waving the hair. Keeps it glossy and healthy. Guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded. Sold by all good druggists everywhere on Money-Back Guarantee. Price 75c.

Now as well as in the past the name of Bachelder is synonymous, locally at least, with the best in the bicycle mart. That's why you will find here

INDIAN, RACYCLE, CROWN, IVER-JOHNSON and HUDSON

Bicycles

Bicycle Tires, Accessories and Repairing

Bicycle repairing is an art that you will find us most competent in. No bicycle repairing job, however simple or intricate, corners our men. They know how to go about their work in the right way and they do it in a thorough, painstaking and economical way.

We vulcanize Bicycle and Motorcycle tires in an expert manner.

LOCAL INDIAN MOTOCYCLE HEADQUARTERS

GEO. H. BACHELDER ESTATE
Arthur H. Bachelder, Mgr. P. O. Avenue

PAY DAY

THE man on the bicycle is the man on the job.

He beats the other fellow to work and beats him home.

That merry twinkle in his eye denotes his good health.

The jingle in his pocket is carfare saved.

He may have to spend his days in a factory, but not his nights in a street car.

He doesn't have to race to dinner, at noon; he glides.

He doesn't get a scolding from his wife for being late.

He can give to his babies the time which he formerly gave to some railroad.

His appetite is good because he gets open-air exercise.

His work comes easy because he is all vigor.

His mental and physical alertness gives him greater earning capacity.

When Pay Day comes 'round he gets a fatter envelope. Every American workman should

Ride a Bicycle

For Convenience, Economy and Health

National Bicycle Week, May 4 to 11



AMERICAN RED CROSS MISSION FIRED UPON

LONDON, May 7.—In an eventful flight from Jassy, the Rumanian capital, the American Red Cross mission to Rumania, which now has arrived in Rumania, escaped from Odessa 36 hours before the Germans entered it, only to be fired upon by a German battery in the Ukraine 200 miles north of Odessa. The German shells did no damage to the Red Cross train, falling about a half mile from it during a five-minute bombardment.

Most of the passengers on the train were officers and privates of the French military mission to Rumania. The members of the Red Cross mission left on the third of six trains which carried the allied missions from Jassy. The first train left at noon on March 5 and the other trains followed at intervals of two or three hours.

Food for a Month
Each train was provided with food for a month. There was no dining car and the food was cooked in two military food kitchens abandoned by Russian troops and carried on a freight car at the end of the train. Three other freight cars loaded with rails, ties and other material were attached, so that the roadbed could be repaired quickly in case of accident or if the Germans had torn up the line.

American doctors and officers had a third class sleeping car, while the nurses had a second class sleeper. Both cars were of ancient Russian vintage and without water supply or heating facilities.

Privates were compelled to get along with ordinary freight cars of nondescript types.

The engine dated back to 1876 and only burned wood, which was picked up along the way. The engineer was an elderly Russian of Bolshevik opinion and had to be fed with rubles and cognac as frequently as the engine required wood. He carried his family along with him in a box car next to the engine and whenever meals or other domestic affairs required his attention, he stopped the train and went "home" to his box car.

Engineer on Strike

Just outside Odessa he became dissatisfied with the flow of rubles and cognac and went on strike. The French officers tried to reason with him, but he was obstinate and departed with the engine and the box car, leaving the remainder of the train standing on the main line. He had chosen rather a critical time, for reports were current that the Germans were likely to reach the railway at any moment. After some delay the French succeeded in finding another engineer and engine and the train proceeded.

As a matter of fact German battalions entered Odessa only 36 hours after the Americans passed through the city, and it is probable that some of their ad-

ACTIVE ARTILLERY FIRE

Germany's hordes are still held in check. Neither in Flanders nor in Picardy nor along the important Arras sector has the enemy renewed his attacks in force, and he has not reacted against the gain made north of the Somme by the Australians in which more than 200 prisoners were captured.

Intense Artillery Fire

On both battle fronts, however, the artillery fire has been most intense and the Germans' attack cannot much longer be delayed if they hope to take advantage of a shorter campaign. It has been done to the allied positions by heavy bombardments since the repulse north of Mont Kemmel more than a week ago. The greatest German artillery activity has been on the northern half of the Flanders front and south of the Somme to below the Avre in Picardy.

Gas Attacks on Americans

American troops in their positions south of the Somme have been subjected to intense artillery fire, the enemy using more than 15,000 shells, mostly gas, in a short period. There have been no signs of a German infantry attack, and the Americans confidently await the first signs of re-awakened activity.

Canadian Line Extended

A large part of the southern end of the important Arras sector has been taken over by Canadian troops, who also are being visited by a storm of German shells. French generals believe the Germans may attack simultaneously on the Flanders, Arras and Amiens fronts in an effort to push the allies back in one mighty blow. The hill positions, however, are held by the allies and their guns dominate the Germans all along the line.

Delay Blow Against Italy

The Austro-Hungarian blow against the Italian front has not developed. Rome reports only moderate artillery fire along most of the front from Switzerland to the Adriatic and no infantry activity. The Austrians, however, may be waiting for the most favorable moment, probably the renewal of the German drive in France.

British War Report

LONDON, May 7.—The British made a successful raid last night near Neuville-Vitaz, southwest of Arras, and captured a few prisoners and three machine guns, with slight casualties to our troops. A raid, attempted by the enemy near Boucyville was repulsed. There is nothing further to report.

French War Report

PARIS, May 7.—Active artillery

BERNE, Switzerland, May 7.—Labor and socialist organizations in Austria threaten revolt against the government action in suspending parliament. Swiss newspapers print a telegram from Vienna quoting the Social Demokratische Korrespondenz to the effect that a committee of the socialist party and a committee of the German Socialist Deputies' club have decided to issue a manifesto to the working class in regard to the government action in which the following declaration will be made: "If a biolulism is re-established out of regard for Pan-Germanism which is prolonging the war, the working classes will be forced to fight for their rights."

THE STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, May 7.—Further heavy buying of United States Steel at an extreme advance of a large fraction to 100% was the striking feature of the early dealings on the stock exchange today. Related issues, especially Crucible Steel, Republic Iron and Baldwin Locomotive, were less active as gains of 1 to 1 1/2. Sumatra Tobacco, common and preferred, broke into new high ground at 10 1/2 and 9 3/4, respectively. American Petroleum, U. S. Leather, Union Pacific and Reading were included among the other variable gains. Liberty bonds were steady. The buoyancy of United States Steel on its further advance to 102 eclipsed all other features of the active forenoon, although the market steadily broadened. Dealings in steel approximated 25 per cent of the morning's total operations, estimated at 100,000 shares. Other industrials held or increased their gains with motors, oils, coppers, rails and minor specialties, but reacted moderately at mid-day on realizing in tobacco. Liberty 3 1/2 sold at 98.88 and 98.95, first 4 1/2 at 98.81 to 98.91 and second 4 1/2 at 98.82 to 98.93.

Equipment and metals monopolized the dealings of the mid-session, U. S. Steel continuing its ascent with Bethlehem Steel, Nova Scotia Steel and International Harvester, the latter gaining 6 1/2 points. Improvement in coppers was limited to a point, despite a large turn-over.

U. S. Steel's maximum of 103 1/2 provoked some profit taking later, but other industrials as well as oils and investment rails pressed forward. The closing was strong. Liberty 3 1/2 sold at 98.88 to 99, first 4 1/2 at 98.84 to 99.

NEW YORK Clearings

NEW YORK, May 7.—Exchanges \$695,632,611; balances \$47,602,988.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, May 7.—Cotton futures opened steady. May 25.50; July 25.12; October 24.10; December 24.15; January 24.30.

Futures closed steady. May 25.55; July 25.30; October 24.12; December 24.15; January 24.30.

Money Market

NEW YORK, May 7.—Mercantile paper, four months, 6 1/2; six months, 6 1/2. Sterling, 60 day bills, 4 1/2; 4 1/2; commercial 60-day bills, 4 1/2; demand, 4 1/2 to 5; cables, 4 1/2 to 5. Francs, demand, 5 1/2; cables, 5 1/2. Guilders, demand, 48; cables, 48 1/2. Lire, demand, 9.00; cables, 8.98. Rubles, demand, 13 1/2; cables, 14, nominal. Bar silver, 99 1/2. Mexican dollars, 77. Government bonds, irregular. Railroad bonds, firm. Time loans, steady; 60 days, 5 1/2 to 6; 90 days, 5 1/2 to 6; six months, 6 bid.

Call money, strong; high, 6; low, 5 1/2; ruling rate, 6; closing bid, 5 1/2; offered at 6; last loan, 6.

NEW YORK MARKET

	High	Low	Close
Alit Chalmers	20 1/2	20 1/4	20 1/2
Am Can	48 1/4	48 1/4	48 1/4
Am Car & Fm	78 1/4	78 1/4	78 1/4
Am Col Oil	39 1/4	39 1/4	39 1/4
Am Lde & L p	61 1/4	61 1/4	61 1/4
Am Locom	65 1/4	65 1/4	65 1/4
Am Smelt & R	81 1/4	81 1/4	81 1/4
Am Sugar Rfn	107 1/4	107 1/4	107 1/4
Am Sumatra	108 1/4	108 1/4	108 1/4
Am Wool	64 1/4	64 1/4	64 1/4
Am Wool	65 1/4	65 1/4	65 1/4
Am Wool	66 1/4	66 1/4	66 1/4
Am Wool	67 1/4	67 1/4	67 1/4
Am Wool	68 1/4	68 1/4	68 1/4
Am Wool	69 1/4	69 1/4	69 1/4
Am Wool	70 1/4	70 1/4	70 1/4
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Am Wool	197 1/4	197 1/4	197 1/4
Am Wool	198 1/4	198 1/4	198 1/4
Am Wool	199 1/4	199 1/4	199 1/4
Am Wool	200 1/4	200 1/4	200 1/4

DESIGNS FOR WAR TIME CURRENCY FEDERAL RESERVE

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Designs for the nation's first war-time, currency Federal Reserve bank notes of one dollar and two dollar denominations today were approved by the treasury, and the new bills will make their appearance in general circulation about July 4.

ESPIONAGE BILL UP BEFORE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The espionage bill, proposed by the administration to punish disloyal acts and utterances and giving the postmaster general broad powers to determine what are disloyal publications, was before the house today for final legislative action.

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COBURN'S PAINTS AND FINISHES



After all, it is the paint that serves its purpose well, beautifully and longest that satisfies those who live in its presence from day to day.



Coburn's Interior Varnish, qt.....60c	Black Screen Paint, pt.....24c	Monarch Paint Remover, qt.....\$1.00
Coburn's Floor Varnish, qt.....68c	Lowell Silver Finish, can.....28c	Monocolor, in colors, qt.....\$1.10
No. 1 Furniture Varnish, qt.....68c	Stove Enamel, pt.....30c	U. S. N. Deck Paint, r. s. qt.....\$1.15
Cabinet Rubbing Varnish, qt.....74c	Lowell Gold Finish, can.....35c	Red Roof Paint, gal.....\$2.30
Ex. No. 1 Furniture Varnish, qt.....75c	Bath Tub Enamel, 1/2 pt.....42c	Antioxide, for iron, gal.....\$2.60
Coburn's White Damar, qt.....88c	Refrigerator Enamel, 1/2 pt.....42c	Wagon Paint, gal.....\$2.70
Elastic Floor Finish, qt.....94c	Harrison Oil Stains, qt.....60c	Old Colony Paint, r. s. gal.....\$2.85
Coburn's Preservative, qt.....97c	Floor and Deck Paint, qt.....80c	Rice's Mill White, qt.....\$2.95
One Coat Coach Varnish, qt.....\$1.09	Cumage Paint, reg. shades, qt.....90c	Sanitary Flat, gal.....\$3.00
Coburn's Spar Varnish, qt.....\$1.29	Japanese Enamel, qt.....\$1.00	T. & C. Paint, reg. shades, gal.....\$3.75

Go to Coburn's for Driers, Brushes, Paint Remover, Colors in Oil, Pure Turpentine, Matheson Lead, Co's Strictly Pure White Lead, Salem (Dutch Boy) Pure White Lead, as well as every other painting need.

FREE COLOR CARDS Free City Motor Delivery

C. B. COBURN CO.

63 MARKET STREET

RUMOR OF OVERTHROW OF BOLSHEVIKI UNFOUNDED

LONDON, May 7.—According to news received from Russia through independent Swedish and Dutch channels, as forwarded from Christiania in a despatch to the Times, rumors of the overthrow of the Bolshevik government which have been current recently, are unfounded. They probably are due to the fact that the soviet administration is now moving in the direction of greater moderation.

The council of national commissioners is now being compelled to fight the anarchists, says the despatch, just as Kerensky's government had to fight the Bolsheviks. Leon Trozky, minister of war and marine, is advocating compulsory labor, resulting in friction with the anarchists.

Next to the establishment of the new army, the despatch continues, the most reassuring feature is that officials of the Kerensky regime are resuming work. This has resulted in restoration of order to a remarkable degree, especially in the distribution of food-stuffs. Many things which no amount of speech-making could formerly induce the people to do, are now being done under the inspiration of steadily growing hatred on the part of the Russian nation for the German oppressors.

UKRAINIAN ULTIMATUM TO GERMANY

LONDON, May 7.—The Ukrainian government has sent a note to Berlin intimating that

